

Prince George's County Public Schools High Point High School

Feasibility Study Cost Update

May 3, 2019

High Point High School





Agenda

Background 2014 Feasibility Study 2019 Feasibility Study Cost Update Strategies for Cost Reduction

Background

PGCPS High School Educational Specifications

Background

<image/> <text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text>	
March 2014 1	

- 2450 students (incl. 50 Regional Spec. Ed)
- Smaller Learning Campuses / Career Academies

Academy of Engineering & Science Academy of Environmental Studies

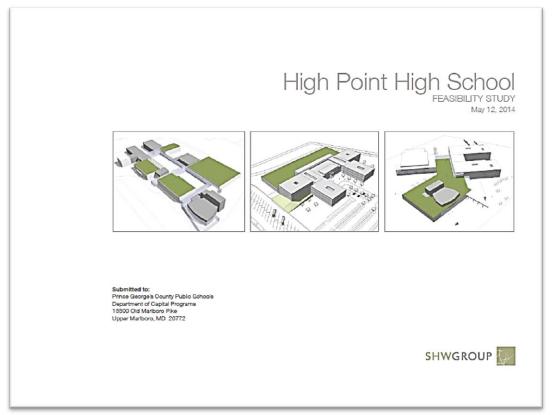
Academy of Homeland Security + Military Science

Academy of Hospitality + Tourism (Pro Start only)

- Safety + Security
- Flexibility / Transparency
- Community Connections
- Contemporary Learning Spaces
- Outdoor Learning
- Sustainable Design

2014 Feasibility Study

Scope of Feasibility Study

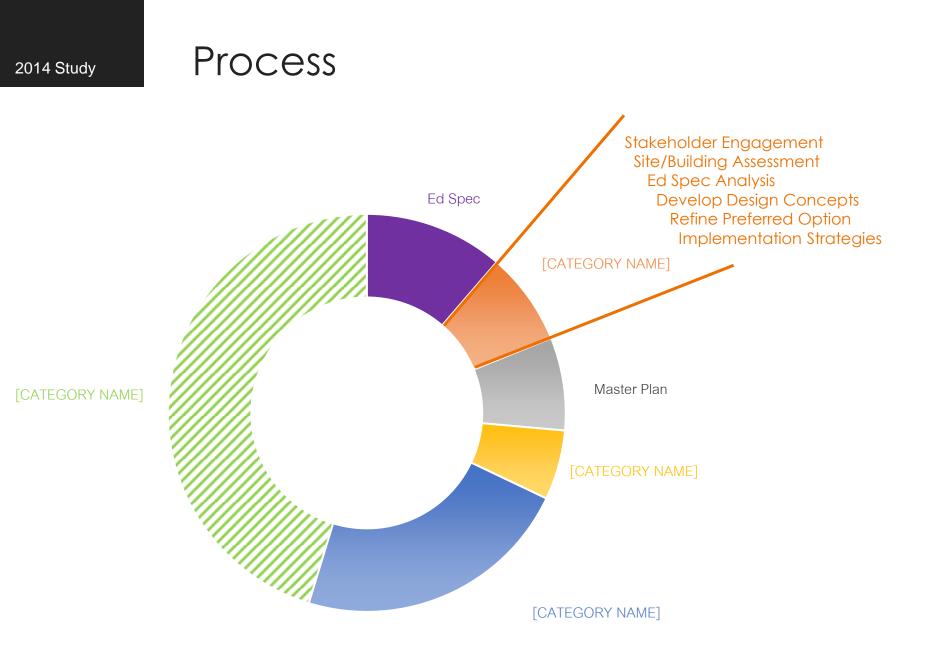


- Consider feasibility and options for implementation of academy model school per the educational specifications
- Perform a comprehensive facility assessment to document existing conditions
- Identify probable construction costs for preferred options

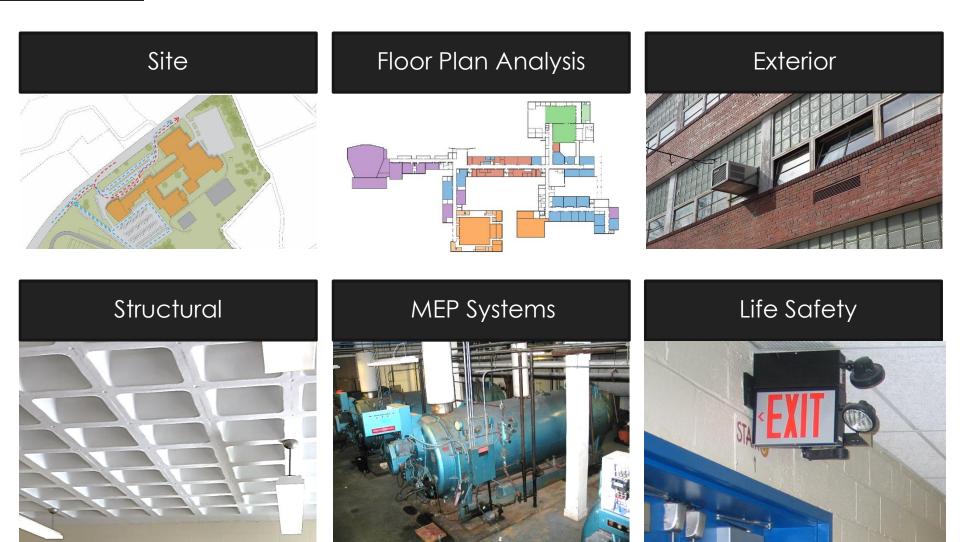
"Consider all options as appropriate to fairly assess the potential of the existing facility. These may include major to minor renovations, major to minor additions, major to minor demolition and new school construction."

Additional Scope





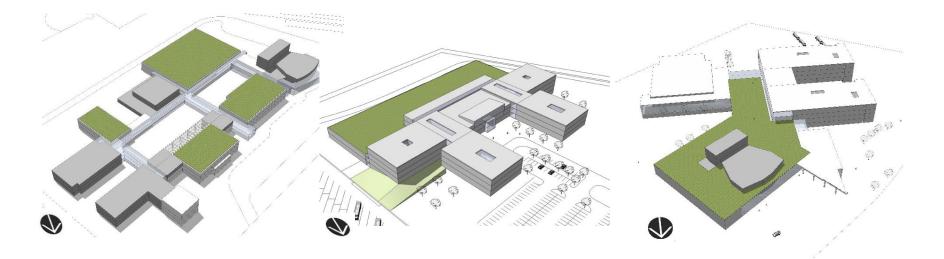
Facility Assessment Findings



Key Findings

Site	Floor Plan Analysis	Exterior
Combined pedestrian + vehicular paths	Double loaded corridors may not serve academy program	Uninsulated (single-pane) windows
Inefficient (sprawling) footprint	Accessibility is compromised in certain areas	Front façade lacks character (blank walls for 2/3 of façade)
Structural	MEP Systems	Life Safety
Fair condition (no sign of structural fatigue)	Mechanical and plumbing systems need replacement	No building-wide fire suppression system
Minor cracking and spalling in limited areas	Aging components may no longer be serviceable	Fire alarm system is obsolete

Options



(A) Max	Renovation	(B) Nev	w Construction	(C)	Partial Reuse
Area	402,871SF	Area	411,705 SF	Area	394,013 SF
Cost	\$115,270,000	Cost	\$116,935,122	Cost	\$113,035,602

Opportunities and Challenges

- Meets Ed Spec except Ball Field
- Long Construction 3.5 to 4 years
- Preserves 52% of existing building
- Adaptive Re-use very sustainable
- Preserves superior interior materials
- Preserves Existing Auditorium
- New Gym/Cafeteria/Media Center
- New Arts Wing
- New Building Exterior
- Accessible Throughout
- Regional Special Ed included

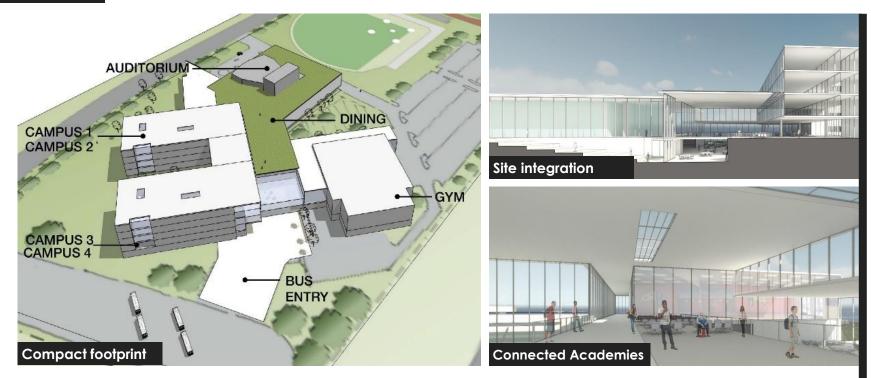
- Meets Ed Spec
- Short Construction 2 years
- New Auditorium
- Separates Bus/Pedestrian Drop-Off
- Parking Consolidated
- Entry Frontal to Powder Mill Road
- Academic Wings Separate from Entry
- Auditorium at "Heart" of School
- Regional Special Ed included

- Meets Ed Spec
- Short Construction 2.5 years
- Preserves Auditorium
- Separates Bus/Pedestrian Drop-Off
- Parking in middle of site
- Entry Frontal to Powder Mill Road
- Strong Site Lines to Rear of Site
- Academic Wings Separate from Entry
- Student Dining at "Heart" of School
- Optimal Solar Orientation for Classrooms
- Regional Special Ed at grade and close
- to bus drop off
- Athletic fields along Powder Mill Road

(A) Max	<pre> Renovation </pre>	(B) Nev	(B) New Construction		(C) Partial Reuse	
Area	402,871 SF	Area	411,705 SF		Area	394,013 SF
Cost	\$115,270,000	Cost	\$116,935,122		Cost	\$113,035,602

Recommendation: Option C





(A) Max Renovation		(B) New Construction	(C) F	Partial Reuse
402,871sf \$115,270,000		411,705 sf \$116,935,122	Area Cost	394,013 SF \$113,035,602

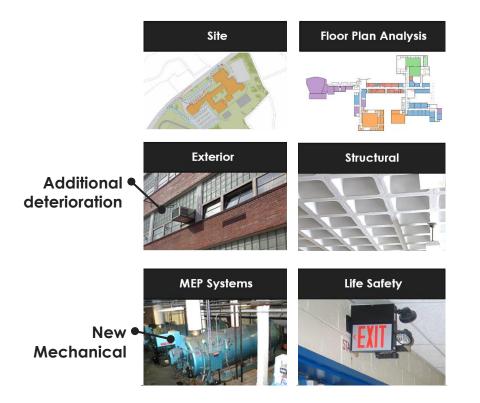


2019 Feasibility Study Cost Update

2019 Update

Cost Update Methodology

Review Current Building Conditions

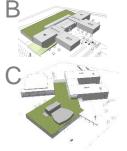




Educational Specifications remain unchanged

Assumptions

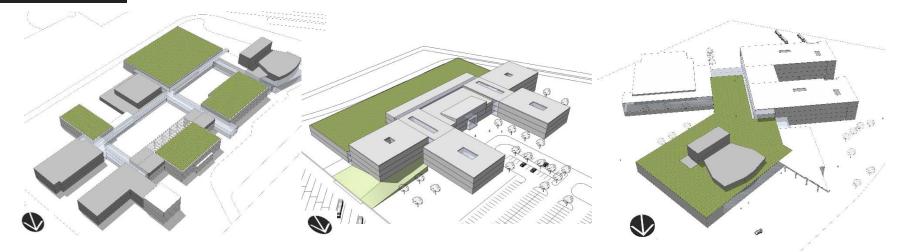




The concepts are the same

2019 Update

2014 2019 Cost Update







Why So Much?

Additional Scope

(Not identified in 2014 Cost Estimate)

Increased Costs and Contingencies



Hazardous materials abatement



Increased construction costs by trade



Temporary trailers



Updated design contingency (previously 5%)



Special foundations

% 7

Updated construction contingency (previously no contingency)



Updated escalation (to midpoint of construction @4.75 years)



Updated phasing premium for Option A (previously 3%)

Strategies for Cost Reduction

Strategies for Cost Reduction

Factors and Strategies

Time

Build sooner + faster

- Expedite start date
- Eliminate/reduce phasing (Option A)

Scope

Less building, less expensive systems

- Consider alternate mechanical systems
- Reduce square footage

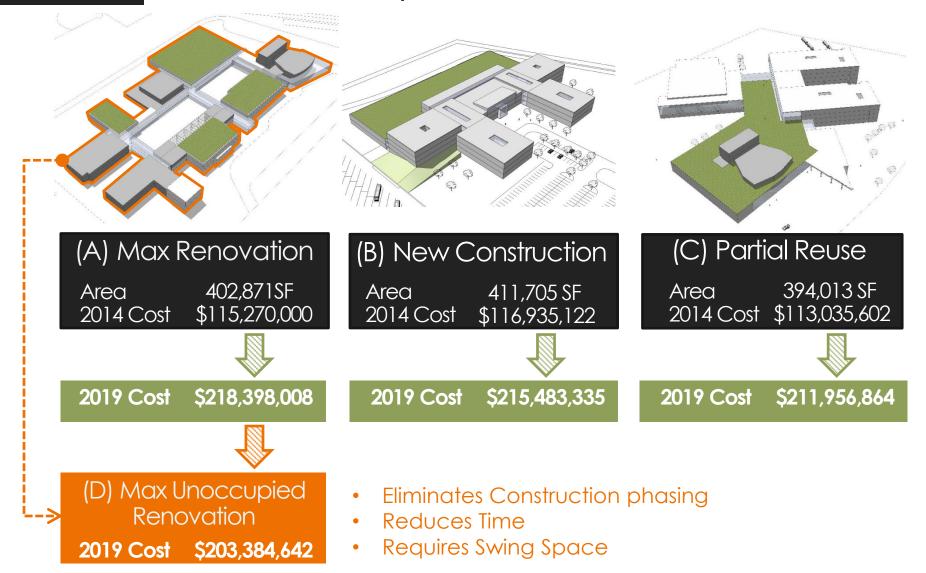
Innovative Practices

Non-traditional methods to reduce time and/or scope

- Prefabricated systems
- Increased utilization rates
- Alternate delivery methods

Strategies for Cost Reduction

A Fourth Option



THANK YOU

Final Considerations

- The Educational Specifications may need to be updated (capacity, program)
- Additional concepts could be explored (more than four stories)
- Confirm strategic alignment with other district initiatives.

ELECTRONICALLY TRANSMITTED

Board Action Summary

An Outline of the Chief Executive Officer's Recommendation to the Board of Education

New Program: Yes X No

Modified Program: Yes 🗆 No X

Subject: Approval of High Point High School Feasibility Study

Abstract and Highlights:

That the Board of Education accept the recommendation of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and accept the findings in the High Point High School Feasibility Study, prepared by SHW Group. Further, the CEO recommends acceptance of the staff recommendation to replace the entire school with consideration for re-using and renovating the auditorium (Scheme C). The content and format are as requested by the rules, regulations, and procedures of the State of Maryland Interagency Committee on School Construction (IAC)/Public School Construction Program (PSCP), Section 203- Feasibility Studies. A High Point High School Stakeholder Committee participated in the development of three options: (1) major renovation of at least 50% of the school (Scheme A); (2) complete replacement of the school (Scheme B); and, (3) partial re-use of the school (Scheme C). The Committee has reviewed the report and recommends the partial re-use of the building, Scheme C, which includes re-using and renovating the existing auditorium. PGCPS staff concurs with the Committee's recommendation for Scheme C, which will best deliver the educational program defined by the approved educational specifications within the constraints of the budget, timeline, and existing conditions. Acceptance of this recommendation does not constitute a commitment to advance this project ahead of other high schools that are deemed, by having a higher Facility Condition Index (FCI), to have greater need. Rather, the study provides guidance on how to implement a future modernization at High Point High School.

Explanation:

High Point High School was built in 1954 and is located on Powder Mill Road in Beltsville, MD. The existing campus is comprised of two (2) parcels situated on 37.73 acres. There were major and minor additions to the facility in 1957, 1964, 1967, and 1977, for a combined total facility size of 318,376 square feet. The current State Rated Capacity (SRC) for the facility is 2,253. There were science renovations to the building in 1997, 2005, and 2009 as well as several capital improvements and technology upgrades. Capital improvements include new wiring, chiller replacement and some new plumbing fixtures.

In alignment with the State of Maryland IAC/PSCP guidelines, a feasibility study must be carried out whenever replacement of an existing facility is contemplated, as is the case with the existing High Point High School facility. The Feasibility Study has been completed and is submitted for acceptance. Following acceptance, the study will be submitted to the IAC for review and approval of the appropriate modernization strategy.

The Feasibility Study analyzed the existing conditions of the overall facility and building components to determine deficiencies and to provide recommendations for corrective actions including the following options:

- Replacement of the existing facility on the existing site;
- Modernization and addition; and,
- A combination of selective demolition, replacement, and renovation.

All options are delineated in the attached report.

After reviewing the options presented in the Feasibility Study, the High Point High School Feasibility Study Advisory Committee selected Scheme C, partial re-use of the building specifically including the re-use and renovation of the existing auditorium, as the preferred option. PGCPS staff concurs with this recommendation.

The building will be designed for an SRC of 2,450 students including 50 special education regional students. As specified in the proposed educational specifications summary (Appendix I of the Study), the proposed program will include general education courses as well as the three (3) programmed academies and two (2) programs: Academy of Engineering & Science, of Environmental Studies, and of Homeland Security and Military Science as well as the ProStart culinary and Child Development programs. Athletic and other programs will meet PGCPS guidelines and standards.

The CEO recommends that High Point High School be slated for comprehensive modernization as delineated in Option C, in the order in which it is ranked relative to the other comprehensive high schools.

Budget Implications: None at present. Possible implications in a future	CIP	١.
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Staffing Implications: None

School(s) Affected:	High I	Point	High	School
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Preparation Date: <u>May 21, 2013</u>	Endorsed:	
		Chief of Supporting Services
Person Preparing: <u>Sarah Woodhead</u>	Endorsed:	
	Enuorseu:	Chief Operating Officer
Board Agenda Introduction Date (1 st Reader): June 12, 2014	Endorsed:	
		Acting, Chief Financial Officer
Board Action Date: (2 nd Reader)_ June 26, 2014	Approved:	
		Chief Executive Officer

High Point High School Feasibility Study

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PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Upper Marlboro, Maryland 20772

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, The Fiscal Year (FY) 2014 Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) included direction to conduct a Feasibility Study for High Point High School in FY14. PGCPS conducted a feasibility study that included 3 concepts: (1) major renovation of at least 50% of the school (Scheme A); (2) complete replacement of the school (Scheme B); and, (3) partial re-use of the school (Scheme C) and;

WHEREAS, A Feasibility Study is required prior to State funding by the State of Maryland whenever a Local Education Agency (LEA) considers replacement or abandonment of an existing school rather than renovate 50% or more of the building and/or add to it as per Section 203 of the Interagency Committee on School Construction (IAC) Public School Construction Program (PSCP) Administrative Procedures Guide, and;

WHEREAS, On October 8, 2013, staff conducted a Visioning Session for the future renovation or replacement of High Point High School with over 100 members of the community and staff; and

WHEREAS, The High Point High School Feasibility Advisory Committee met from December 2013 through May 2014 and completed the Educational Specifications (Ed Specs) and Feasibility Study; and

WHEREAS, PGCPS has contracted with SHW Group to undertake a detailed analysis of the existing facility and the development of alternative design concepts; and

WHEREAS, At the May 8, 2013 meeting, the High Point High School Feasibility Advisory Committee selected Scheme C, partial re-use of the building specifically including a renovation of the existing auditorium, as the preferred option; and

WHEREAS, Recommended Scheme C, with consideration for re-use of the auditorium, will:

- a. Result in a High Point High School that will support the planned Educational Programs for decades to come, in a facility that is energy efficient, sustainable, flexible, and conducive to the proposed STEAM program.
- b. Be less disruptive to school operations during the projected 2.5 year construction phase than Scheme A, a major renovation to the building that is projected to take 3.5 to 4 years to construct due to the need to phase renovations while the students occupy the school; and
- c. Allow for the consideration of re-using and modernizing the existing large auditorium at High Point High School; and

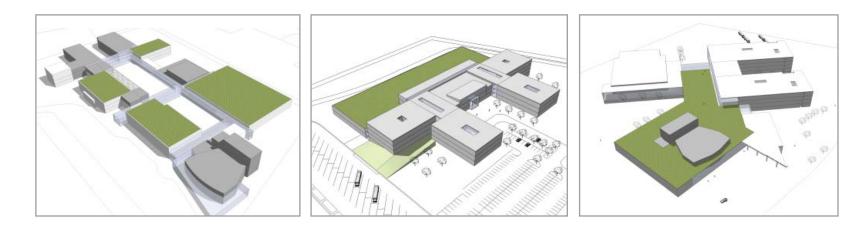
WHEREAS, The CEO reviewed the study and carefully considered the input from the High Point High School Feasibility Advisory Committee and concurs with Staff's recommendation; and

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that Scheme C, replacement of the building, with consideration for re-use and renovation of the auditorium, is selected for the future modernization of High Point High School, pending future approval of funding by the Prince George's County Council for planning, design and construction funds in a future Capital Improvements Program.

Submitted by:	Ms. Sarah Woodhead	
Agenda Date:	June 12, 2014	
Discussion:		
First Reader:	June 12, 2014	
Second Reader	June 26, 2014	
Emergency:		
Amended:		
Deferred:		
Tabled:		
Approved:		

High Point High School FEASIBILITY STUDY

May 12, 2014



Submitted to:

Prince George's County Public Schools Department of Capital Programs 13300 Old Marlboro Pike Upper Marlboro, MD 20772



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Prince George's County Public Schools Board of Education Members

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Adtek engineers, Civil Engineering
ReStl Designers, Inc., Structural Engineering
Global Engineering Solutions LLP, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering
KES Engineering, Inc., Plumbing and Fire Protection Engineering
Nyikos Associates, Inc., Food Service Design
DMS Construction Consulting Services, Inc., Cost Estimating



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Executive Summary

Project Background Methodology Overview Of Design Schemes Summary of Educational Specifications Proposed Educational Program Requirements Actual and Projected Enrollment Proposed School Organization Proposed Space Summary Proposed Budget and Project Schedule

Existing Conditions

Externing containente	10
Existing Conditions of the Site Components	14
Facility Inventory Data	23
Current Enrollment and Use	23
Existing Area and Capacity	23
Previous State Funded Projects	23
Previous State Funded Projects In Progress	23
Previous Locally Funded Projects	23
Existing Conditions of the Building Components	29
Building Envelope	29
Building Structure	32
Mechanical Systems	35
Electrical Systems	40
Plumbing and Fire Protection Systems	42
Food Service	44
Other Planning and Design Considerations	47

Other Planning and Design Considerations

Energy Use, Including Embedded Energy and Sustainability Factors
Technology for 21st Century Learning Environments
Local Comprehensive Land Use Planning

48 63 63

1	Site I	Design Critera	65
	Site a	and Landscape Design	66
5			
6	Preli	minary Design	73
6	Introc	duction	74
8	Maxir	mum Renovation Scheme	75
8	New	Construction Scheme	86
8	Hybri	d - Renovation and New Construction - Scheme	94
9			
10	Reco	107	
10	Major	r and Minor Educational Program Advantages	
		and Deficiencies	108
13	Reco	mmendations	109
14			
23	Appe	endices	
23	i	Educational Specifications Summary	117
23	ii	Codes and Regulations	127
23	iii	Forty-Year Life Cycle Cost Comparisons	131
23	iv	Cost Estimates	141



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Executive Summary



High Point High School has much in common with many schools across our country today. As a symbol of public investment in an educated citizenry, High Point High School remains the place in which the highest expectations for the children of a diverse and vibrant community are reflected daily. High Point High School represents a proud legacy of service, an

ever-present and familiar backdrop to the growth and development that has occurred within its walls and beyond for the past 50 years.

Yet, like similar school facilities elsewhere in the U.S., High Point High School is an aging structure that suffers from energy inefficiency; deterioration of building systems; an institutional interior environment; and the overall inability to adapt to evolving instructional programs and pedagogies. The original structure has been expanded numerous times over the past decades such that the current plan is characterized by an extended and disorienting system of corridors and stairs, most of which are devoid of natural light. Consequently, the school is difficult to supervise as many interior spaces are remote and isolated from the balance. Though an elevator does exist, it does not serve all levels, rendering portions of the school entirely inaccessible.

To ensure its long-term viability and to enhance its role in serving the needs of education today and in the years to come, High Point High School is in need of significant capital improvement. This study was undertaken by SHW Group to develop ideas-based, data-driven options that offer a range of scenarios for this campus, and that capture the tremendous opportunities of facility modernization. For each of the development options considered and presented herein, cost and implementation strategies are included.

This report is intended to provide the Board of Education and district representatives with the information needed to determine with confidence the most appropriate course of action at High Point High School. It is meant to offer sufficient evidence that future development and progress in this community will be mirrored by overall excellence at High Point High School.

Educational Specification

Fundamental to the work of this feasibility study is the development of alternative schemes that reflect both the physical requirements and the underlying spirit of the High Point High School Educational Specification (March 2014). Prepared by Deanne Newman (an educational consultant to Prince George's County Public Schools) in collaboration with members of the Planning Committee, the Educational Specification provides both a quantitative and qualitative framework for re-imagining High Point High School as a STEAM (Science-Technology-Engineering-Arts-Mathematics) –focused school.

The Educational Specification also translates the district's vision for a "career academy" model into a comprehensive listing and description of spaces in which settings for real-world work experiences complement core academic classrooms and programs. Career Academy requirements at High Point High School are part of a district-wide initiative to involve the school community at-large, especially key business partners, in the educational process and to ensure students are prepared to meet the challenges of successful citizenship in the 21st century.

The Educational Specification also provides for the instructional and operational benefits associated with creating a large school comprised of "Smaller Learning Communities" (SLC). At High Point High School, SLCs are accomplished through a school organizational concept of multiple "campuses," each of which provides space for general instructional space and Career Technology Education (CTE) labs. The spaces within each campus are planned to accommodate fluctuations in the student population and courses offered.

The Educational Specification outlines four campuses, intended to serve the following areas of career-focus:

- Academy of Engineering and Science
- Academy of Environmental Studies
- Academy of Homeland Security and Military Science
- Hospitality and Tourism (Culinary Arts Program)

A tabular summary of the specific type, size and quantity of spaces that comprise the complete Educational Specification is included in other sections of this study.

The Educational Specification provides for a State Rated Capacity (SRC) of 2,450 students. It is envisioned this total population will be served by

the four campuses discussed above, each designed to accommodate approximately 600 students.

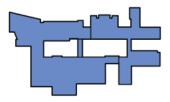
In addition, the Educational Specification includes approximately 15,000 square feet of instructional and support space to serve 50 special needs students. These special needs facilities at High Point High School are part of a district-wide plan to close several specialized schools for severe and profound and/or multi-disabled students, and create smaller clusters at neighborhood schools.

Schemes Considered

For High Point High School to successfully address the requirements of the Educational Specification, the existing facility must undergo a significant transformation. The current structure was built to reflect the past emphasis on a teacher-directed approach to learning. Today--and resulting from the disruption of traditional teaching methods created by a number of forces--the learning process is more fluid, engaging and student-centered. Therefore, a variety of spaces are required to serve individual learning styles and contemporary teaching methods while still accommodating the facility requirements of the instructional program. This is especially true of the STEAM-focused, Career Academy vision for High Point High School outlined in the Educational Specification.

Three schemes described here were developed to honor and further the expectations and requirements of the Educational Specification. Each scheme serves the same 2,450 pupil population, provides four (4) discrete campuses, and incorporates well-established school planning principles, including sustainable design features. Because two of the schemes involve the reuse of existing spaces, some deviation from the Educational Specification is inherent, and differences are noted where they occur. All schemes presented include comparative cost analyses.

Maximum Reuse of the Existing School

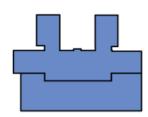


The Maximum Reuse concept builds on the principal of adaptive reuse of the two main existing academic wings in the creation of four new learning campus environments. In each campus

a gut renovation and a complete re-envisioning of the building interior layout allow for an open, collaboration inspiring space at its center.

The resulting academic space is comprised of four uniquely designed campuses each responding to the specificity of the existing building configuration. Further this scheme takes full advantage of re-use of the existing Auditorium and new support spaces are encorporated into its volume. New construction then provides contemporary support spaces that best satisfy the Educational Specifications needs for Food Service, Media Center and Physical Education.

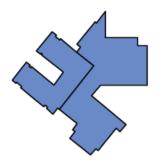
Replacement School of the Existing School



The New Construction scheme provides a new building on the existing site. The new building would be built in the area that is largely occupied currently by the football field. After the completion of construction the new school building would be occupied, the original school structure razed and the site developed including the new track and field.

The concept for this approach focuses on the creation of the four fully independent campuses .Two academic wings with two three-story campuses in each flank a central support space zone comprised of a new Auditorium, new arts spaces, new Cafeteria and new PE space in the form of a U shaped building that faces Powder Mill Road. A central recessed entry provides a protected arrival zone at the buildings main entrance for pedestrians and vehicular traffic.

Partial Reuse of Existing School



A hybrid combination of new construction and renovation, partial reuse offers the best of the other two schemes in that the existing Auditorium is preserved and incorporated into a building that is otherwise entirely new. All other aspects of the Educational Specifications are met

by the new construction – Cafeteria, Media Center, PE spaces, etc.

Although also a U-shaped building in the new construction scheme campuses are distributed in two towers in which one campus is stacked over another. The stacking of campuses provides flexibility for campus expansion and contraction in the future. Campuses can be easily altered to become three story over one story if needed. Unlike the new construction scheme, the benefit of locating the academic spaces within one wing is that academic spaces are concentrated together and are easily served by central shared academic core spaces.

Recommendations

The three schemes developed for this study represent only a portion of the concepts explored. Those included here were found to best meet project criteria: programmatic needs of the Ed Spec, solving the problems of the current site layout, providing a site and building of appropriate configuration/ character and, last, offer the highest/best use of existing resources.

The max renovation scheme utilizes the best of the existing school while supplementing with new construction to create an inviting, inspiring 21st century learning environment. Parts of the school that remain, academic wings in particular, are transformed with walls removed and a new media center at the heart of the main east-west wing. The resulting academic campuses offer an interesting array of varied spaces with no two campus layouts sharing the same configuration. This variety is the strength of Scheme A. Conversely, although this scheme yields a rich, academic environment the inconvenience of a prolonged, phased construction period makes this scheme less appealing.

The new construction scheme offers the opposite of the construction experience implied with scheme A. The building is constructed from start to finish without interruption. The scheme condenses the building program into a footprint with a more efficient net to gross area ratio and a smaller building envelope. Campuses are separated each into its own tower and circulation is separate to each. Campus identity is strong and collaboration space in the form of a shared atrium between two towers provides common area. The disadvantage in the scheme is that campuses are divided around building's central entry facing Powder Mill Road. This division requires that a portion of shared academic core space be duplicated eliminating the distance between campus and core.

The partial re-use scheme is a hybrid solution in which only the existing auditorium is re-used. Through the course of this study SHW Group received clear feedback from school leadership that the existing auditorium is highly functional and should be retained, if practical. Although scheme C also fronts onto Powder Mill Road the academic configuration for this building is that of a single academic wing containing twin academic towers. This density bring efficiency to the footprint for shared core academic space. Additionally the hybrid scheme offers a dense use of the site, athletic facilities that meet the Ed Spec, a grand central space which offers a lively combination of spaces – media center, cafeteria, etc. and last, a shorter construction period of two years. These components work collectively to create a vibrant and flexible school and, as a result, the Planning Committee has endorsed this hybrid scheme as a highly successful approach for the modernization of High Point High School.

Project Background





The vision and mission of High Point High School is to assist the young people within its diverse community in acquiring the habits, skills, and knowledge that will enable them to become informed, productive members of society. The Feasibility Study team worked closely with Prince George's County Public School Capital Programs project team as well as the High Point High School Planning Committee in order to achieve the optimal results described herein.

Methodology

The work presented on the following pages is the culmination of six meetings with members of the High Point High School Planning Committee, as well as substantial data collection and analysis by the design team.

The committee was comprised of school staff, teachers and students; community representatives; elected officials; PGCPS and county staff; MSDE liaison; and the design team from SHW Group. All meetings were held at the school and were characterized by spirited debate and critical analysis of the information presented. Such rigor proved key to establishing common understanding by all members of the committee, and led directly to the refinement of the schemes presented.

The six meetings held with the Planning Committee occured between the early March and the middle of May 2014 as follows:

- Introduction & Assessment
- Security & Preliminary Concepts
- Tour Recap/Preliminary Concepts
- Refinement of Concepts
- Preferred Concept
- Final Recommendations

Thursday, 20 March 2014 Thursday, 3 April 2014 Thursday, 24 April 2014 Thursday, 1 May 2014 Thursday, 8 May 2014

Thursday, 6 March 2014

The planning process also included visits to three local high schools where much was learned from other school districts' work to create facilities that reflect the imperative of 21st Century Skills. The Committee provided vaulable feedback on the buildings tours. The schools visited were as follows: Yorktown High School APS, Arlington, Virginia; Northpoint High School, CCPS, Waldorf ,Maryland; St. Charles High School, CCPS, Waldorf ,Maryland.The learning environments visited reflected a variety of responses to concerns such as flexibility, technology, student collaboration, community use and school safety. Images, experiences and takeaways by those who attended the facility tours were shared with the entire committee, and preferences were discussed and incorporated into the work of this study. A portion of one committee meeting was led by representatives of the local police department, who shared their expertise on school safety. Principles of safe school planning are taken into account on each of the schemes presented.

In parallel, the study team conducted a comprehensive facility assessment to document existing conditions at High Point High School. Surveys and findings in the form of photographic and narrative illustrations specific to the building' infrastructure and systems, life safety and code compliance, educational adequacy (ability of the existing school to meet the new Educational Specification), site layout and traffic patterns, environmental conditions and other factors that influence future cost, capacity and/or future condition, are presented elsewhere in this report.

In all, this report is the result of the efforts by many people over several months. Its contents have been reviewed and endorsed by the Planning Committee, and reflects its members' overwhelming recommendation of a preferred approach. The Committee's recommendation can be found in the "Recommendation" section of this report.

Overview of Design Schemes

Three schemes are presented here for consideration. Each represents a fully code compliant, accessible design solution containing all new building systems and satisfying the full requirements of the Educational Specifications (with minor deviations as noted). They area identified and described as follows:

- Maximum Renovation (Limited Demolition, Renovation and Additions)
- New Replacement Construction
- Partial Reuse (Substantial Demolition, Renovation and Additions)



		EST. AREA OF DEMOLITION (SQ FT)	EST, AREA OF RENOVATION	EST. AREA OF NEW CONSTRUCTION	TOTAL AREA (GSF)	TOTAL LOT COVERAGE (SQ FT)	TOTAL LOT COVERAGE (%)	NUMBER OF STORIES	PROPOSED # OF PHASES	EST. DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION (MONTHS)	EST. SITE COST	EST. FACILITY COST	EST. TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION	UNIT COST OF CONSTRUCTION	EST. 40-YR. OPERATING COST	TOTAL ANNUAL O&M COST
MAXIMUM REUSE		110,300	203,031	199,840	402,871	607,983	34%	4	5	42	\$16,269,744	\$98,999,948	\$115,269,692	\$286.12/GSF	\$42,247,360	\$499,529
ALL NEW		313,331	0	411,705	411,705	680,005	38%	4	2	24	\$16,371,917	\$100,563,205	\$116,935,122	\$284.03/GSF	\$40,912,265	\$461,045
PARTIAL REUSE	*	290,648	22,683	371,330	394,013	598,726	33%	5	3	30	\$16,955,340	\$96,080,262	\$113,035,602	\$286.88/GSF	\$39,228,204	\$441,233

Maximum Renovation Scheme

The max renovation scheme encompasses a major reuse and radical renovation of the existing main academic wings - north and south, a renovation of the existing gym and auditorium, and additions for a new entrance, administration, media center, food service, and arts. This scheme requires a carefully planned multi-phased occupied construction method. Green roofs may be added in the scheme to the new gym and cafeteria volumes. All building systems will be replaced.

New Replacement Construction Scheme

The new construction scheme replaces the existing building with a new, three story building located at the western side of the site where the football field is presently located. The position of the new building on the site allows for construction to occur while the existing building is still occupied. The scheme provides a formal-U shaped entrance facing Powder Mill Road. A green roof is included over the larger spaces in the building which are all adjacent to one another - cafeteria, auditrium and PE spaces. Partial Reuse Scheme The partial reuse scheme encompasses a renovation of the auditorium only the remainder of the school is new construction. In this scheme the two academic wings are four stories tall with two campuses stacked in each wing. The new construction encompasses the existing auditorium and wraps it with adjacent arts and administration spaces. The media center lies at the heart of the building in a three story atrium space. The main entry level overlooks the dining area on the lower level which meets the grade at the bus drop-off at the southern edge of the site and also to the east side facing the fields where an ampitheater provides outdoor informal space. This strategy will require care but would allow the school to remain in operation during construction. Following occupation of the new school the auditorium would need renovation. It is also possible for the Auditorium to be renovated in tandem with the new construction but the renovation period does represent some time "off-line" for this space. Renovation of the auditorium after move in allows the existing school's gym to function as temporary assembly space while the auditorium is being renovated.

The table above shows a comparison of all three schemes.

Summary of Educational Specifications

Proposed Educational Program Requirements

The proposed educational program for High Point High School provides for a special curriculum for STEAM/CTE programs that will impact the design of the building. This will be achieved through the creation of academies.

The Technical Academy is a program that provides students with technical skills and knowledge. Benefits to students include: (1) gaining a foundation for a college major in a technical field, (2) having access to a technical career after high school if college is postponed, and (3) having access to a part-time technical job to help with college expenses.

The proposed capacity will be 2450 to serve the projected enrollment in 2022 of 2429. Prince George County Public Schools has recommended an optimal upper limit for high school size of 2600 students. This can be accomodated at High Point High School without any changes to boundaries. It is noted, however, that land for a new school in this area of the county is not available. Therefore, we note that the proposed schemes could be expanded if neccessary.

Actual and Projected Enrollment for High Point High School

School Year	Grade 9	Grade 10	Grade 11	Grade 12	Total
YEAR 2 Sept. 30, 2014	851	487	368	370	2076
YEAR 3 Sept. 30, 2015	824	529	363	323	2039
YEAR 4 Sept. 30, 2016	888	502	390	317	2097
YEAR 5 Sept. 30, 2017	850	570	380	348	2148
YEAR 6 Sept. 30, 2018	917	533	428	335	2213
YEAR 7 Sept. 30, 2019	938	576	396	377	2287
YEAR 10 Sept. 30, 2022	992	624	420	393	2429



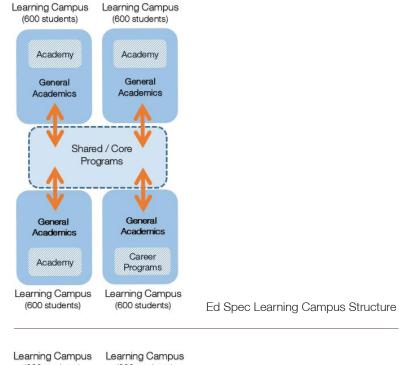
Proposed School Organization

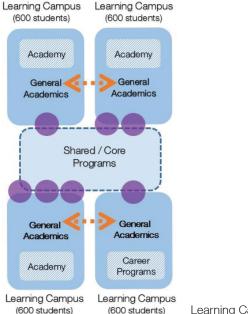
High Point High School is a traditional high school that serves grades 9-12. The new High Point High School will continue to house classrooms for students from 9th through 12th grade, but in smaller learning communities which will include 9th Grade Success, ESOL and Career and Technology Education (CTE) programs.

As part of a major reform effort, high schools in Prince George's County are being reorganized into 'Career Academies' to prepare students to meet challenging new standards for successful citizenship in the 21st century. The new organizational structure places the school system's focus on ensuring the well-being and academic achievement of students in a safe school environment, and involving families and the broader community in collaborative partnerships to support the educational process. Career academies are high school programs of study in which a group of students stay together with the same teachers for two or three years. The curriculum organizes instruction in academic subjects around an industry or occupational theme and enables students to fulfill requirements for college entrance in addition to acquiring work-related knowledge and skill. The academies offered within each school will provide a structure by which schools can organize guidance and instruction for students according to their interests and career goals. Each academy offered has been developed to ensure that all students:

- Master high levels of mathematics, science, English, and social studies that are required to meet graduation requirements and to enable them to articulate to any institution or higher education;
- Meet graduation requirements;
- Complete a sequence of elective courses during grades 11 and 12 reflective of the career pathway they have chosen;
- Define the connection between learning and real-world application, and
- Participate in a work-based learning experience consistent with their program of study

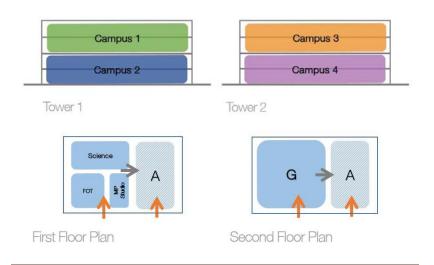
The district will insure that all academies are offered once in each of 5 regional clusters (4-5 high schools in each). However, not all schools will have all course offerings. The choice of offerings will be based on the school size



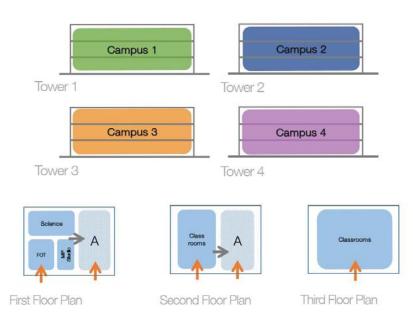




Learning Campus Configuration - 2 Towers w/ 2 Campuses in Each



Learning Campus Configuration - 4 Towers w/ 1 Campus in Each



and other programs already offered at that school. The school will also house a Regional Special Education program that serves a larger county area. At High Point High School the Academies are:

- Academy of Engineering & Science
- Academy of Hospitality & Tourism (ProStart only)
- Academy of Environmental Studies
- Academy of Homeland Security and Military Science

Proposed Space Summary

A proposed Educational Specification Space Summary has been provided for each of the schemes in Appendix i.

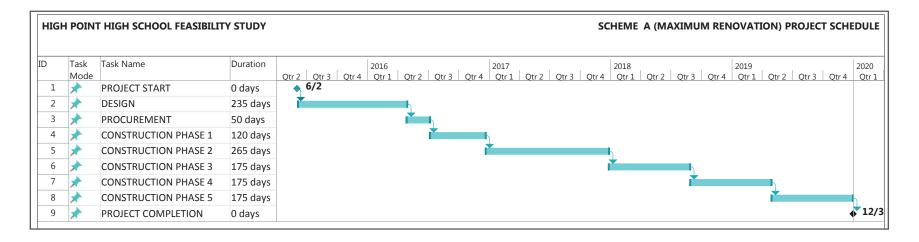
Proposed Budget and Project Schedule

The proposed budget for the renovation of High Point High school has not been established yet. New construction school projects bid in the previous two year period in the region have fallen within the range of \$250/sf to \$275/ sf. This number is inclusive of general conditions and site development costs but does not include soft costs associated with consultant fees, furnishings, etc. For this project SHW has commissioned DMS Construction Consulting Services to prepare Feasibility Study parametric costs estimates for each of the three schemes that have been developed. These estimates have averaged a cost per square foot number of \$285/sf. From this number an abstracted project budget may be developed by multiplying the area costs by the total gross area indicated by the Educational Specification.

This yields a budget of roughly 103 Million dollars assuming the following: \$285/sf x 395,000 gross square feet = \$112,575,000*

*Note - This number includes general conditions, site costs, design contingency of 5% and an escalation to a construction start of July 2016.

The project schedule is difficult to establish with absolute certainty as the project requires formal review, consideration and approval for capital expenditure. For the purposes of this study it has been assumed that construction will start at the close of the school year in July of 2016. Construction schedules for all three schemes provided here can be seen on the following page.



HIGH	I POIN	T HIGH SCHOOL FEASIBIL	ITY STUDY		SCHEME B (NEW REPLACEMENT) PROJECT SCHEDULE
ID	Task Mode	Task Name	Duration	Start	2015 2016 2017 2018 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr Qtr 4 Qtr 4	2019 Otr 2 Otr 3 Otr 4 Otr 1
1	*	PROJECT START	0 days	Mon 6/1/15	♦ 6/1	
2	*	DESIGN	235 days	Tue 6/2/15		
3	*	PROCUREMENT	50 days	Wed 4/27/16	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
4	*	CONSTRUCTION	530 days	Wed 7/6/16		
5	*	PROJECT COMPLETION	1 day	Tue 7/17/18		l [*]

HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL FEASIBILITY STUDY					SCHEME C (HYBRID) PROJECT SCHEDULE
ID	Task Mode	Task Name	Duration	Start	2016 2017 2018 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4 Qtr 1 Qtr 2 Qtr 3 Qtr 4
1	*	PROJECT START	0 days	Tue 6/2/15	♦ 6/2
2	*	DESIGN	235 days	Tue 6/2/15	
3	*	PROCUREMENT	50 days	Wed 4/27/16	
4	*	CONSTRUCT NEW BUILDING	265 days	Wed 7/6/16	
5	*	RENOVATE EXISTING AUDITORIUM	120 days	Tue 7/11/17	
6	*	DEMOLISH REMAINDER OF EXISTING BUILDING	175 days	Tue 7/11/17	
7	*	CONSTRUCT AUDITORIUM ENCLOSURE	100 days	Tue 3/13/18	
8	*	CONSTRUCT NEW STADIUM	60 days	Tue 7/31/18	
9	*	PROJECT COMPLETION	0 days	Sat 10/20/18	• 10

Existing Conditions





Existing Conditions of the Site Components

General

High Point High School is situated on a 38.8 acre property comprised of two parcels and located at 3601 Powder Mill Road Beltsville, Maryland within Election District 1. The property is found on ADC Map book grid 13-F4 and has tax account numbers 0005165 and 0005173. The site is zoned R-R, but as a school project it is not required to meet zoning restrictions. It is advisable to meet zoning requirements if possible. It is bounded to the north by the Powder Mill Road, to the east by Powder Mill Village Apartments and, to the west and south by single family homes. The existing school is non-compliant with the height above grade maximum.

R-R General Residence District Zoning Requirements						
Maximum Lot Coverage	60% of gross area					
Minimum Setbacks:						
Front Yard	25 feet					
Rear Yard	20 feet					
Side Yard	Total of Both/Min. of either yard 17/8 feet					
Maximum Building Height	35 feet					

Adjoining Streets, Pedestrian Access, and Vehicular Access

The site access is from Powder Mill Road, where there are four connections to the right-of-way. The southernmost access serves a small parking area and drive aisle that leads to the rear parking area along the stadium. This access is gated and it is unclear when the gate is closed. The second access point heading north on Powder Mill Road is signalized and serves the bus loop, student drop-off loop, and south parking area. The third access is an exit for bus loop. The northernmost access serves the north parking area and north loading area. It is recommended to that pedestrian access to the building from Powder Mill Road be added to be in conformance with current ADA regulations.



View from Powder Mill Rd.



View of Existing Entry and Bus Loop





Northwest Arial View of Site

Bus Loop

The bus-loop consists of four drive aisles separated by concrete medians which occupy the north area in front of the building's main entrance. Approximately 450 feet of queuing space is provided. It is unknown if the current configuration is sufficient for the number of buses that service the school. The current configuration appears confusing and it is unclear where buses are to stack. In terms of ADA accessibility, there is one curb ramp located on the sidewalk along the bus-loop near the school's main entrance. It is recommended that a designated passenger loading area be added to be in conformance with current ADA regulations. Currently the number of buses present during arrival and dismissal is 47: 4 CRI buses (21 students/bus) and 43 regular buses - 1 ortho, 1 homeless, 41 regular – (50 students/bus)

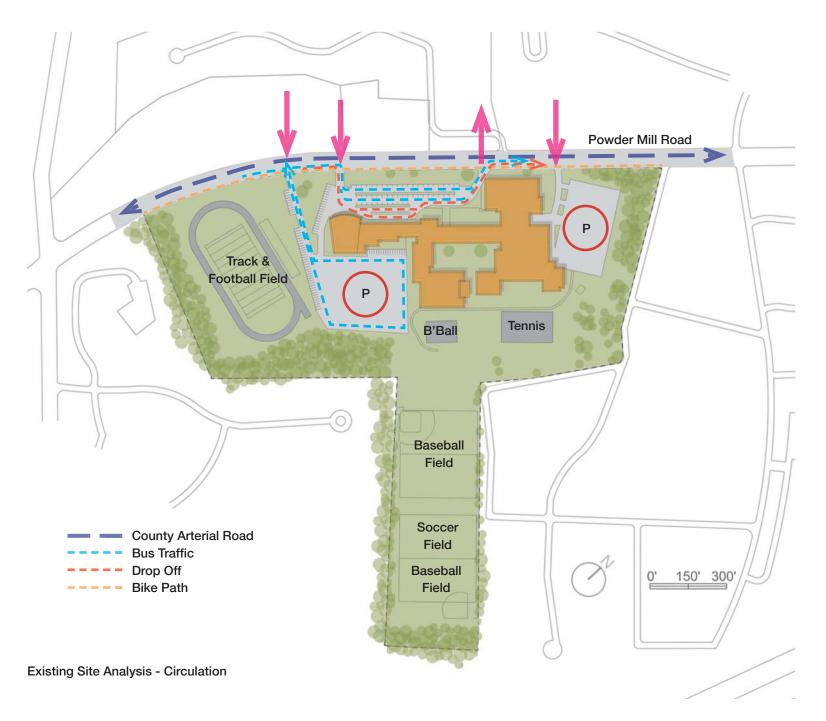
The current student population is 2162 students and the school is being designed to a maximum of 2450 students. This indicates a projected growth of 288 students, 50 of which are anticipated to be CRI students. This means there will be 238 new students riding regular sized buses at a rate of 50



Visitor Parking









Currently, parking is provided within three parking areas that occupy the east, south, and west portions of the site. The east and south parking areas provide a majority of the site's parking. There are currently 450 spaces, of which 4 are designated as handicap spaces. The quantity of parking spaces provided appears to adequately support the current student and staff needs based on field observation. The west parking area serves as a visitor parking area. This parking area is over 200 feet from the building's main entrance. The visitor paring signs are hard to read and as such, visitors park along the medians along the bus loop during school hours. Current ADA parking areas need to be updated to meet current ADA regulations. Spaces should be dispersed according to the number of parking spaces in each parking area. The surface, curb and gutter of the parking areas is in poor condition.

On-Site Loading

Loading areas are located on the south and east sides of the existing building. The south loading area serves the school's auditorium. The auditorium loading area appears to be inaccessible during the school day as staff parking blocks access and is generally visibly screened from traffic along Powder Mill Road. The east loading area serves the cafeteria. The current configuration appears to be inadequate for backing a truck up to offload and is visible to residents along Powder Mill Road.

Sidewalks

The existing site provides sidewalks from the main building entrance to Powder Mill Road. The existing sidewalk along the Powder Mill Road right-of-way exceeds the maximum cross slope of two percent. New ADA compliant curb ramps have been installed at all site entrances. There are no ADA accessible routes to the portables classrooms. It is recommended that ADA access be provided to at least two thirds of the building entrances and exits and ADA

access be proved to the portables classrooms. The onsite sidewalks appear to be in poor shape and not in compliance with current ADA requirements. Access to the athletic field should be provided to accommodate accessibility required by ADA.



View of Northeast Parking Lot as Approaching School From Eastside



Northeast Parking Lot



Southwest Parking Lot - Staff/Student & Event Parking







Fire Access

The existing site layout appears to meet County and State requirements for fire access. All fire exits from the building should provide accessible egress to the public way. A meeting with County Fire and Rescue personnel is suggested in order to determine what fire access improvements will need to occur for any proposed building and site improvements.

Site Topography

The site is relatively flat and appears to drain from the north to the south. The hill that leads from the school to the lower athletic fields has washed out. The athletic fields drain from north to south. A drainage ditch at the bottom of the hill diverts stormwater around the baseball field.

Vegetation

There is a significant number of mature trees along the east and southwest property lines. A Natural Resources Inventory should be prepared in order to determine tree sizes, species, and health. This will also provide a better understanding to how proposed improvements will impact the site trees. Vegetation has overgrown much of the site fencing.

Athletic Fields

The general layout of the athletic fields appears to be functional, although access for staff and spectators is poor. There are no developed access ways or paths to the athletic fields. The basketball courts are in very poor condition. The backboard and asphalt surface should be replaced. The tennis courts are in acceptable condition. The surface and fencing appear to be recently installed.

Stadium

The stadium appears to be in disrepair. The buildings that support the stadium are run down and one has fallen over. The fencing is old and in disrepair. The bleachers are in poor condition. Areas of decking were observed to be sagging and falling away underfoot. The bleachers should be inspected and all safety concerns be addressed. In terms of ADA accessibility, there are no accessible routes to the bleachers or an alternative ADA seating area. The track appears to be in good condition. The football uprights appear old and in disrepair.



Existing Basketball Courts



South Fields



Water and Sewer

The existing building is served by the 12-inch water main that runs along the Powder Mill Road right-of-way. However, no fire flow tests were conducted to determine if sufficient flows and pressures will be provided for the existing building and any improvements. It is recommended that a fire flow test be conducted to determine the pressure on-site. It appears that a WSSC water meter vault was recently installed per WSSC's current standard.

According to WSSC, the site is in a 495A pressure zone with a High Hydraulic Gradient of approximately 525 and a Low Hydraulic Gradient of approximately 428. On that basis, per WSSC prescribed calculations, the water pressure at the existing connection to the water main in Powder Mill Road is approximated to be between 55 p.s.i. and 106 p.s.i. The exact pressures and flows should be confirmed via field testing at the time of design.

Sanitary sewer service exits the building and flows via an unknown size sewer line to the 8" sewer main in Powder Mill Road. Without a more detailed analysis, it is unclear whether or not the proposed building construction can be served by the existing sewer line.

Gas, Electric and Telephone

It appears that all utility service connections run from the Powder Mill Road right-of-way to the building. The existing conditions of these are unknown. Any proposed upgrades to the existing building will require the consultation of a mechanical engineer and electrical engineer.

Storm Drainage and Stormwater Management

There are no existing stormwater management facilities located on the site. It can be anticipated that any site improvements will be required to include Environmental Site Design (ESD) to the maximum extent practicable in order to treat all areas inside the limits of disturbance. If ESD efforts are exhausted and the site has still not been able to reach a hydrologic state of "woods in good condition," then structural practices may be permitted as determined by Prince George's County.

Potential ESD stormwater management practices for the site include both microscale practices and alternative surfaces. Micro-scale facilities could include the



Existing Football Field/ Track and Non-Accessible Stands



Existing Tennis Courts



utilization of bio-swales and micro-bioretention facilities where available open space can be found, such as parking lot islands and around the athletic fields. Permeable pavements and infiltration practices are not suitable for hydrologic soil group 'D', however, an alternative surface such as vegetative roofing is a consideration to help achieve ESD.

Flood Plains, Stream Valley Buffers and Non-Tidal Wetlands

Initial investigations reveal that the site is located outside of the mapped floodplain in Zone "C" as shown on FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map number 2452080015D, furthermore, according to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Mapping services there are no nationally recognized wetlands located on or around the site.

Geotechnical

The Prince George's County soils map showed that the existing High Point High School site is underlain by Chillum Silt Loam (CbB, CbC and CbE) with Sandy and Clayey Land soils (ScB and ScD) in the southeast portion. Chillum deposits generally consist of well drained soils on uplands of the Coastal Plains. These soils developed in thin silty sandy soil at the surface which is underlain by older deposit of dense sandy and gravelly soils. These types of soils are generally considered to be "good" for foundations.

Our site visit reveals that the building is structurally in "fair" condition without signs of excessive settlement. Existing fill is expected to be present in the athletic field, tennis court and parking lot. However, majority of the building is expected to be founded on Chillum soils. Four soil borings drilled in 1966 for the auditorium addition were available and were used for our study. The borings showed the presence of natural silty sand (SM) with some gravel and clay extending to approximately El 270. N values of 8 to 56 were recorded for the on-site soils, which indicate firm to compact density. The groundwater table was rerecorded at depths of 9 to 11 ft below grade or at El 275 to El 278. Bedrock was not encountered within 20 ft below the surface. The finding of the soil borings generally match with the soils map.

Considering a typical three level school structure, spread footings are generally considered feasible. A soil bearing pressure of 3000 to 5000 psf may be

considered for the preliminary design. The relatively high groundwater table may be a problem if a basement is planned.

On-site soils are generally considered "fair to good" for infiltration practice as well as pervious pavement.



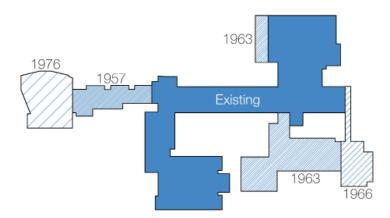
Facility Inventory Data

Current Enrollment and Use

Current enrollment at High Point High School is approximately 2162 students. The school is the most ethnically diverse high school in the state of Maryland and has the largest English Language Learner program of any school in Prince George's County. High Point offers a range of academic programs including a comprehensive program, an Advanced Placement program, an ESOL program and a number of Special Education programs.

Existing Area and Capacity

The High Point High School serves grade 9-12. The building is comprised of various height volumes that have been constructed over the years as student enrollment has grown and academic models have changed. Originally built in 1954 and added onto in 1957, 1964, 1967 and 1977, the area of the building is currently at 318,376 gross square feet. Existing physical State Rated Capacity as established by the IAC is that of 2253 students.



Existing Lower Level Floor Plan

Previous State Funded Projects:

1996 - Construction - Science Renovations	\$713,900
2002 - Construction - TIMS	\$396,466
2002 - Construction - Science Renovations	\$261,000
2003 - Replace 3200 sq ft of stage floor	\$ 26,753
2005 - Chiller Replacement	\$ 98,920
2007 - FY06 Code upgrade- Walk-in Fridge/Freezer	\$ 76,400
2007 - Construction - Science Renovations	\$755,398
2008 - ASP Replace plumbing fixtures	\$ 50,070

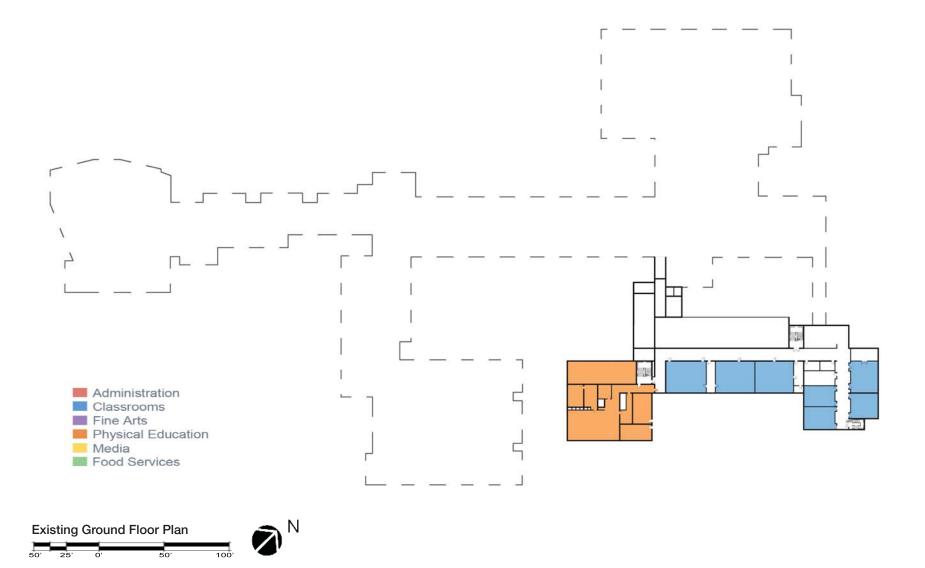
State Funded Projects in Progress:

2012 - Systemic Renovation – Unit Ventilators (UV)	\$924,000
2013 - Systemic Renovation – Boiler	\$489,000
2013 - Systemic Renovation – Fire Safety	\$139,000

Previous Locally Funded Projects:

2007 - Roof Renovation	
------------------------	--

\$ unknown



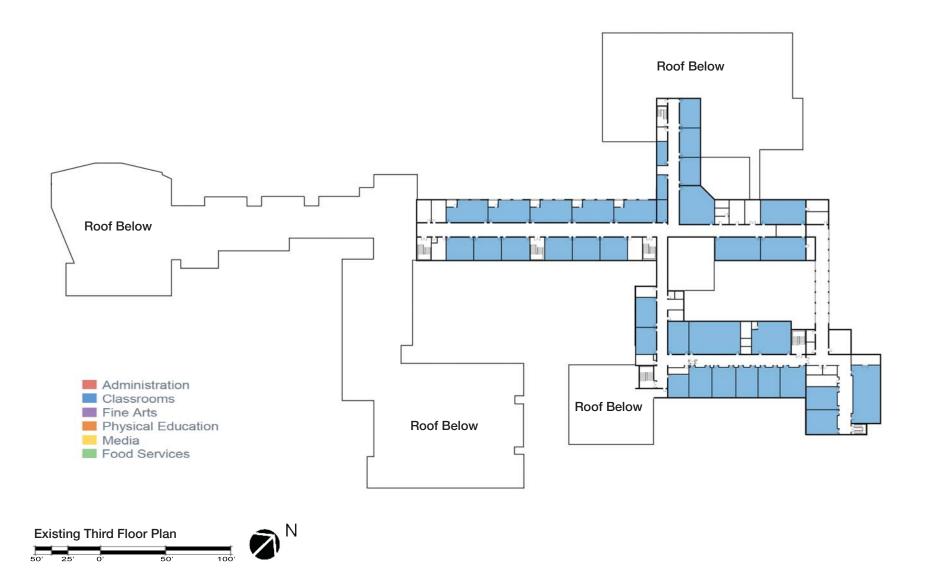


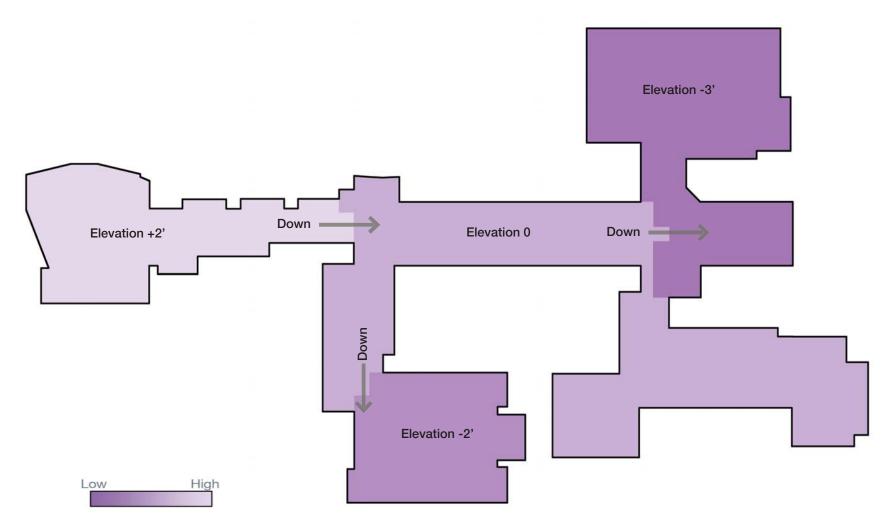






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Existing Ground Floor Elevation Changes

Existing Conditions of the Building Components

Building Envelope

The building typically rests on slab-on-grade and concrete footings and foundation walls. The building has a walk-out lower level of cast-in-place concrete construction. The superstructure is concrete frame in some locations and protected steel in others (see Building Structure section below for breakdown). Floor construction is slab on grade and metal pan with lightweight concrete fill. Roof construction is metal pan with lightweight concrete fill. Roof construction is metal pan with lightweight concrete fill. Roof construction is metal pan with lightweight concrete fill. Roof construction is metal pan with lightweight concrete fill. The exterior enclosure is comprised of uninsulated walls of brick veneer and stucco over CMU. Exterior windows are steel sash with operable single-pane glazing and are well beyond their useful life. Exterior doors are hollow metal steel. Roofing is typically pitched or low-slope with built-up roof and was found to have been recently replaced and fair condition. Due to the age of the existing exterior wall, its poor insulating value and rapidly deteriorating condition it is best to assume that a full replacement of the exterior envelope would be required in order to improve the building's energy performance.



Existing windows exhibit significant deterioration



Existing masonry and glass block exterior wall





2nd Story East Side Corrdior Connection - 1963 Addition Auditorium Entrance





Center Courtyard



Drop-Off Area



Entrance at Gym



Entrance from Southwest Parking Lot

High Point High School Feasibility Study Page 30











Southeast Entrance Lobby



Entrance at Child Care Area

Roof



Service Entrance

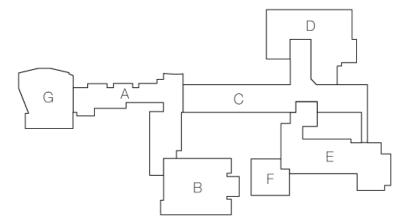
High Point High School Feasibility Study Page 31

Building Structure

High Point High School is a three-story, 318,376 square foot facility located on a 38.8-acre site close to I-95 in Beltsville, MD The original building was constructed in 1957,1964, 1967, 1977 with science Renovation (12,785S.F.) performed in 1997, FY02 science CR renovation (1,278 S.F.) performed in 2005. Major System Renovation performed in 2006, FY06 CF steam traps performed in 2006, FY 06 CF – Roof Replacement performed in 2006, and FY07 Science Renovation performed in 2007. The school has four portable /temporary classroom structures. Based on walk-thru observations of the existing facility it is our engineer's opinion that the building's structure is in good condition and is generally sound.

Building A is the original one story building. At the time of survey, all ceiling panels are intact. At the southern part of Building A at the exterior wall with windows, steel posts are exposed. Therefore, we believe the structural system is a steel roof deck supported on steel joist and beam framing structure.

Building B, located south east of Building A, is a gymnasium. It has steel roof deck on steel truss framing in both directions at the center of the building. It also has a one story concrete waffle slab roof at the perimeter of the gymnasium. The entry foyer appears to be steel roof deck over steel framing.



Structural Keyplan

Building C is located to the east side of Building A and is a three story concrete waffle slab structure with concrete beams and columns. Building D is located to the north of Building C. The structure there is a one story steel deck roof over steel joist and beam frame over the kitchen, dining area and media center in the lower perimeter space and a two story high concrete girder and column framing the portion of the cafeteria with the higher roof.

Building E is located to the south of Building C and is a three story building with a basement. It is believed to be steel framing with concrete slab structure.

Building F is located at the south–west corner of Building E and is a girl's gym. It has a steel deck over long span steel girders with purlin for supporting the roof deck.



Waffle Slab



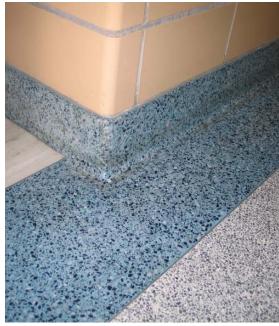


Interior Window, Lobby



Administrative Wing Corridor





Interior Wall and Floor

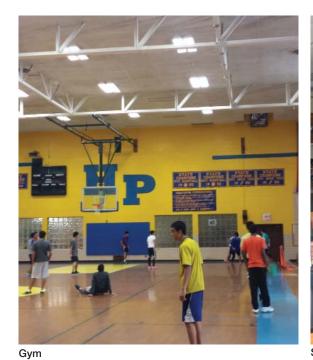


Fire Stair



Auditorium

High Point High School Feasibility Study Page 33







Cafeteria



Original Vocational Center



Classroom



Media Center



Mechanical Systems

Overall, the mechanical systems as a whole, with a few exceptions noted below, are dated and in much need of replacement. The majority of the mechanical equipment is well beyond its life expectancy and some of the equipment is corroded and rusted to the point of inoperability.

The base building system piping is aged and much of the piping insulation contains asbestos though further study by a hazmat expert is required. The majority of the piping is corroded and rusted. The chilled water piping contains a lot of leaks and efforts to repair the problematic sections of the piping system have resulted in more leaks due to the age and condition of the piping. The existing piping cannot be repaired or reused as disturbing the already aged piping will result in additional system failures and leaks.

There are code concerns with the existing mechanical systems. In parts of the building, the corridor is utilized as a return air/relief air path which is no longer compliant with today's codes.

The building relies on infiltration and operable windows as well as unit ventilators and air handling units to provide ventilation to the individual spaces. It is acceptable per current code to provide ventilation air through mechanical means such as the unit ventilators or air handlers. It is also acceptable per current code to provide natural ventilation to the spaces by utilizing operable windows. However, some of the operable windows do not meet the code requirements in order to act as a means of natural ventilation due to not being easily accessible, and infiltration is not an acceptable means of providing ventilation.

The main boiler room houses three (3) Cleaver-Brooks dual-fuel steam boilers. The original boilers were replaced in 1988 and are now 26 years old. The piping and flue within the boiler room appear to have been replaced at the same time that the boilers were replaced. The steam boilers are fed both by natural gas as well as fuel oil. An 8,000 gallon underground storage tank is located within the courtyard adjacent to the boiler room. The fuel oil pump and piping appears to be original.

The three steam boilers provide steam to unit ventilators and steam radiators within the original building (1954) and first addition (1957). The steam boilers



also provide steam to a steam-to-hot water converter located in the second Boilers #2 and #3 with piping and flue mechanical room which was built with the 1964 addition.



Water-Cooled Chiller #1 Mechanical Room

SHWGROUP

The boilers are controlled via pneumatic controls, and the air compressor appears to have been replaced within the last 10 years. The building does not have a central control system.

The Mechanical Room

The mechanical room is located at the basement level close to the girls' locker room and below the auxiliary gymnasium. The mechanical room was constructed in 1964. The mechanical room contains a water cooled chiller that appears to have been replaced after the original installation of the chiller, but the exact date is not available. However, by observation, it appears to be in poor condition and has lacked maintenance over the years. The water-cooled chiller is served by cooling tower #1 on an adjacent roof.

The mechanical room also houses a steam-to-hot water converter. The converter appears to be original as does the condensate pump, expansion tank, and appurtenances. The converter and all piping and valves are completely corroded and rusted. The entire assembly is in very poor condition.

The dual temperature pumps serve the two-pipe system throughout the school. The pumps appear to be original and are in poor condition.

Penthouse

The penthouse was constructed with the 1967 addition. It houses a second water-cooled chiller and pumps. The water-cooled chiller is served by cooling tower #2 on an adjacent roof. All of the equipment within the penthouse appears to be original and is in very poor condition. Some of the pumps are so corroded that it's unsure if they operate. The piping is insulated with insulation containing asbestos, and all controls are pneumatic.

The Auditorium Mechanical Room

The auditorium mechanical room contains stand-alone systems that serve the auditorium which was built in 1977. A hot water boiler provides hot water to the air handler within the mechanical room. Air-cooled condensers on the roof adjacent to the auditorium provide cooling to the air handler. The pumps have begun to rust and become corroded, and the boiler and air handlers are also in poor condition and beyond their life expectancy as they are original



Steam-to-Hot Water Converter - Corroded Piping and Valves



Dual Temperature Pumps



to the 1977 construction (37 years old). The air-cooled condensing units appear to have been replaced within the last 10 years. The insulation both on the piping and the air handler contain asbestos and some of the insulation is damaged and pulling away from the piping. All of the controls are pneumatic and stand alone. The air compressor supporting the controls is original to the construction though it appears that parts have been replaced as needed. The auditorium mechanical room also houses a small life safety generator. A large louver supplies the required combustion air, and the exhaust is ducted directly to the outdoors.

Cooling Towers

There are two cooling towers each located on a different roof. Cooling tower #1 provides condenser water for water-cooled chiller #1 which is located in the mechanical room beneath the auxiliary gymnasium. Originally the cooling tower was installed in 1964, but the cooling tower was apparently replaced during the summer of 2013 with a cooling tower removed from Indian Queen Elementary School during that school's renovation. It is therefore unclear as to the age of the cooling tower, though maintenance personnel indicate that the current state of the cooling tower, though fair, is better than the previous tower that was replaced last summer. However, the piping to the relocated cooling tower appears to have been replaced during the relocation last summer. Cooling tower #2 serves water-cooled chiller #2. It is located on the southeast corner of the building and was installed in 1967. It appears as though the cooling tower is original, and if not original, in poor condition and past its life expectancy.

Mechanical Systems

Typical Classroom – Original Building and 1957 Addition

Heat is provided to the typical classroom in the original building and the 1957 addition by either a steam radiator which provides only heating or a steam unit ventilator which provides outdoor air in addition to heat. Cooling is provided by window air conditioning units. The radiators and ventilators are well beyond their life expectancy and are in poor condition as most of the units are original to the building construction. The window AC units are in varying conditions with the large majority of the units beyond their life expectancy.



Water-Cooled Chiller #2 - Penthouse



Corroded Base- Mounted Pump



Typical Classroom - Post 1964

Heating and cooling is provided to the typical post-1964 classroom by heating and cooling unit ventilators. The ventilators are a two-pipe ventilator which provides hot water in the winter for heating and chilled water in the summer for cooling. Outside air is also provided through the unit ventilators. Motors and shafts have been repaired as needed to keep the units functional, but the ventilators are well beyond their life expectancy and are in poor condition as most of the units are original to the building construction.

Science Classrooms

The science classrooms throughout the building have undergone renovations over the years with the major renovation occurring in 1997. The science classrooms that were previously not provided with cooling have been outfitted with split systems to provide cooling. The outdoor condensing units are located on the roof and the indoor air handlers above the ceiling of each science classroom. The steam unit ventilators still provide heat. Many of the post-1964 science classrooms were originally provided with fan coil units that provide both heating and cooling, and the systems remain original. The science classrooms have also been provided with exhaust for the exhaust hoods within each room. The age of the fans varies as the science classroom upgrades and renovations occurred in phases.

Rooms, Auxiliary Spaces

Heating and cooling is provided to the support spaces in multiple fashions. There are four (4) main configurations and each space has one of the following configurations:

- Heat: Steam Radiator, Cooling: Window AC, Ventilation: Infiltration/ Operable Windows
- Heat and Ventilation: Steam Unit Ventilator, Cooling: Window AC
- Heating, Cooling, and Ventilation: Two-pipe unit ventilators provided with hot water in the winter and chilled water in the summer
- Heating and Cooling: Two-Pipe Fan Coil Units provided with hot water in the winter and chilled water in the summer, Ventilation: Some rooms rely on infiltration and operable windows for ventilation while others have



Air Handler – Serving the Auditorium



Air-Cooled Condensing Units on Roof Near Auditorium



ducted ventilation connecting to louvers on the exterior façade

Corridors

The corridors are primarily provided with steam ventilators or two-pipe hot water/chilled water ventilators. The ages of the ventilators range due to the numerous building renovations that occurred but most of the ventilators are original, aged and in poor condition as many of the motors and shafts are not in operation. Ventilation, if provided, is provided to the corridors through infiltration or operable windows. Some of the operable windows do not meet the current natural ventilation code requirements as the windows are too high to be easily accessible. Many of the corridors act as return air/relief air paths. This was at one time a common practice, but this approach is no longer code compliant.

Gymnasium

The gymnasium was part of the original building. Heat is provided via steam radiators and cooling via window air conditioning units.

Cafeteria

The main cafeteria was recently provided with a new Trane rooftop unit and new ductwork. The Trane rooftop unit is a stand-alone system that provides heating, DX-cooling, and ventilation. The systems appear to be in good condition and are less than 10 years old.

Auditorium

The auditorium is conditioned by the boiler, air-cooled condensers, and air handlers that are located in the dedicated auditorium mechanical room. These systems are dedicated to serve the auditorium. Ductwork distributes conditioned air to the auditorium from the air handler.

Media Center

The media center is conditioned by a stand-alone rooftop unit that provides heating, DX-cooling and ventilation. It is unclear as to the age of the unit



Life Safety Generator with Louver and Exhaust



Typical Classroom in Post-1964 Buildings – Heating and Cooling Unit Ventilators via hot and chilled water coils

but it appears to be more than 20 years old. The ductwork is run along the roof and serves large drum diffusers within the media center. The exterior ductwork is beginning to deteriorate. The overall system in fair condition and is nearing the end of its life expectancy.

Miscellaneous Roof Equipment

Exhaust throughout the building is provided by numerous exhaust fans interspersed on the roof to serve the various bathrooms as well as provide relief air. The exhaust fans are various ages as some appear to have been replaced over the years and some appear to be original. Some are abandoned in place.

Electrical Systems

Original Electric Service

The original school electric service circa 1953 had 208Y/120 volt service from an underground utility vault located outside, close to the main electrical room. In its 61 years of existence there were several significant changes made to the electric service and distribution to support the school additions/ renovations undertaken along the years. These changes to the electrical distributions as a whole have resulted in many different makes of distribution equipment as well as different means of overcurrent protections from various types of fuses to circuit breakers. Except for GE and Siemens equipment, the rest of the distribution equipment is of unknown manufacturers long gone.

Electrical Upgrade

The last visible upgrade to the electric service was made about 10 years ago. The underground transformer in the underground vault was replaced with a pad mounted utility transformer located a couple of feet from the vault. The upgraded service is at 480Y/277 volt feeding a 2500A main circuit breaker type switchboard which in turn feeds directly major HVAC equipment- chillers and several air conditioning units, sub distribution panel 1 and a 750kVA transformer . The switchboard is housed in a new main electrical room created from what was a storage room, beside the original main electrical



Original 208Y120 volt switchboard

room by the exterior wall. C.

Distribution

The sub distribution panel 1 supplies several panelboards including those in Lab 1 and Lab 2. These panelboards in general are supplying lighting branch circuits. Most of these panelboards, although new, unfortunately are not labeled as to its name and the load it serves , contributing to a number of unknowns about the existing building electrical distribution, among other things. Window type AC units which were added around the time the new upgraded service was installed are fed from 480Y/277 volt panels via small step down 208/120 volt transformers.

The 750kVA transformer was part of the electric service upgrade, also. It is located very close to the building on the outside wall of the new main electrical room. The transformer feeds the original 208Y/120 volt fusible type switchboard. The switchboard feeds the rest of the building HVAC

equipment, other than those on the 480/277 volt distribution system. Boilers and associated equipment, sub distribution panel 2, smaller panelboards serving convenience outlets and other 208/120 volts loads except the window type AC units as mentioned above. There is a hand written instruction on the switchboard on how to operate the switchboard as it does not close automatically anymore and shall be manually reset. This condition poses a safety concern. This equipment has passed its service age, if still partly functional, must be being used as a pull box only for most of the feeders in it. Most of the labels on the switchboard and panelboards downstream are not readable and exact loads it feeds are unknown. It will take detailed inspections by qualified electricians to determine the loads connected to it. Replacement switches for this switchboard and those of panels and panelboards no longer exist; therefore, any failed switch cannot be replaced at all so the option will be to re-feed affected feeder from the newer 480Y/277 volt system. In addition, since this was installed way back, the short circuit capacity of the switchboard should have downgraded by time and use over the years and therefore is questionable. When a short



Older panelboard, typically unlabeled



Existing 480Y/277 volt switchboard



Generator in Auditorium for local life safety



Plumbing and Fire Protection Systems

The existing plumbing system generally appears to be in poor condition and does not meet current code requirements or energy performance standards. The sanitary drainage piping is failing and frequently backs up into the building due to blockage in the main lines.

The building does not have a full fire suppression system. Only parts or the administration building and a storage room at the main building are protected by a wet-pipe sprinkler system.

There appear to be two separate water supplies to the facility, based on the different construction phases. The main building has a 5" incoming domestic water service from Powder Mill Road with no water meter or backflow provision inside the building. This water service piping is in poor condition and the insulation appears to contain asbestos.

There appears to be a new connection made to the street main and a new meter vault built in 2013 (Civil to elaborate more on this since it falls in their area of responsibility).

There is also a 4" incoming water service at the administration building from which a 3" sprinkler line is connected and having no water meter or backflow provision inside the building. This water service piping is in good condition.



Incoming Water Service - Main Building



Sanitary Pipes



Domestic hot water is provided at the main building by a large storage type water heater with steam heating coils and a gas-fired water heater with hot water recirculation pump and piping. This heating system is in poor condition and the water storage tank insulation appears to contain asbestos.

Domestic hot water is provided at the administration building by a 50-gallon storage type electric water heater and a 40-gallon storage type electric water heater. Both heaters are in good condition.

Drain, waist and vent piping appears to be a combination of cast iron, galvanized steel, and copper piping. The domestic water piping is a combination of copper and galvanized steel. Roof drains and floor drains are in poor condition.

There is a 4" incoming gas service at the main building boiler room.



Incoming Water Service - Main Building



Gas Fired Domestic Water Heater



Incoming Gas Service



Food Service

High Point High School kitchen contains approximately 3,500 square feet and operates as a full-service prep/production facility equipped to produce and serve meals to 3,300 students and staff. The majority of the equipment is original to the late 1950's building. Much of the equipment, although wellmaintained, is old, outdated, inefficient, non-compliant with current codes and has seen its= useful life.

Receiving

A single 3'-0" door with screens. Door is not wide enough to accept palletized merchandise for deliveries.

Dry Storage

Product stored on dunnage racks surrounding perimeter of room. Walls are painted block. Floor is sealed concrete. Poor light level. Due to insufficient space in Janitor's Closet, cleaning supplies are stored alongside dry goods in violation of health codes. Need additional shelving in middle of room.

Walk-in Cooler and Freezer Storage

Located on end of receiving area. Recently replaced in 2006. In good condition with good light levels. Product stored on mobile shelving.

Kitchen

Area is poorly ventilated and extremely hot during warmer months, cold during winter months, adding to worker stress and fatigue. Some items of cooking equipment are not used due to obsolescence or constant breakdowns and lack of parts. Additional cooking equipment needed to properly prepare current menu items. (1) hand washing sink to cover entire kitchen space in violation of health code. Light level well below current code standards of (50) foot candles per square foot. Gas, water and drains lines around cooking area rusting, unsanitary, difficult to properly keep area clean. The original hood is stainless steel with baffle-type filters. Exhaust air-volumes do not conform to current mechanical code. Size of hood not in compliance



Existing Serving Line



Existing Serving Line



with current NFPA 96 standards. Fire Protection System. Does not meet current NFPA UL300 standards.

Serving

Serving area consists of two L-shaped and two straight-line counters. Institutional looking cafeteria counters with provisions for hot and cold items, each with a dedicated cashier. Area is uninviting and extremely plain resulting in an unpleasant dining experience. Hand washing sinks poorly located to meet health code. Area lacks necessary quantity of pass-thru hot and cold cabinets to support serving operation. BCPS uses all-disposable dinnerware. Former dishwashing area has been converted to (2) serving stations offering pre-wrapped hot, cold and snacks.



Cafeteria at Area of Lower Ceiling - Serving Line Cue Visible at Far Side



Existing Steam Side of the Cooking Line-Up



Existing banks of Doubel Stacked Convection Ovens

Other Planning and Design Considerations



High Point High School Feasibility Study Page 47



Other Planning and Design Considerations

Energy use, including embedded energy and sustainability factors

It can be argued that schools are the ultimate sustainable building type – they house precious cargo; they have a long service life; they are de facto community centers; they perform their primary function during the day when there is free and available light and energy; and they are powerful symbols of our society. In addition, school systems face increasingly stringent budgets and the cost of facilities operations and maintenance often competes for funding with instructional programs, staff salaries, and other needs. Therefore, any major investment in educational facilities requires a careful look at the long-term impacts of the project. A safe, healthy, and high-performing facility will improve academic performance and minimize operations costs. Further, a thoughtful design will function as a teaching tool and help prepare students for a more sustainable future.

In accordance with State and County requirements this project will be required to achieve the United States Green Building Council (USGBC) Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED®) Gold Certification. Further, the State of Maryland is pioneering a program in pursuit of net-zero energy schools and every effort should be made to meet the goals of this program. Following are descriptions of sustainable design strategies beginning with general strategies that apply to all schemes, then focusing on strategies or issues associated with each proposed scheme for Highpoint High School.

Site Design Strategies

The existing site offers many opportunities to illustrate environmental stewardship in ways that maximize the best attributes of the property while improving overall function and aesthetic appeal through:

- Working with existing topography and balancing any required cut and fill.
- Minimizing site disruption and attendant soil erosion and air pollution associated with construction activities.
- Declaring the site a chemical free zone. Eliminate the use of pesticides, herbicides, etc. in order to promote protection of regional watersheds.
- Energy efficient site lighting utilized to maximize security while

minimizing wasted light.

- Protecting against prevailing winter winds and undesirable solar gain by landscaping for energy conservation.
- Providing landscaping that promotes wildlife, songbirds, etc.
- Letting portions of the site revert back to its native state. Balance the need of carefully manicured lawn areas with less labor, energy and material intensive natural areas, especially around the boundary of the property.

Integrating Water Efficiency



Frisco High School, Frisco, Texas - Strong Integration of Daylight Into Design



Due to the large roof area of the existing building or a new building (in excess of 200,000 sf) there is the opportunity for the building to be 75%-100% water self-sufficient. This would be a major accomplishment and an equally significant resource benefit over the life cycle of the building. A number of water harvesting and water conservation strategies should be considered. This involves the following:

- Harvest rainwater for non-potable water uses to reduce the reliance on municipally supplied water and the carbon cost of treating that water.
- Maximize water conservation. This is something that has great educational value, and can be made visible to the student body and community:
- Employ low impact development (LID) strategies to manage and conserve storm water on site.
- Consider installing a low profile vegetative roof to reduce the amount and rate of storm water coming from the building roof.
- Use retention and detention facilities as educational tools and illustration of the role of natural ecology in development.

Minimizing Energy Use and Creating Healthful Environments

This building should be designed to be a very energy efficient facility. This will be based on the fundamentals of good solar orientation, building circulation and layout, and optimum building design based on computer analysis of integrated building systems. Sustainable design calls for the building enclosure to be well suited to microclimate and building site, with primary reliance on natural systems. Some strategies to achieve this goal include:

- Computer modeling used to inform the design process and optimize building systems. Annual energy savings and yearly operating cost reduction goal should be a minimum of 30% over an American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) Standard 90.1-2004 compliant building.
- The building should be zoned and controlled in a way specific to occupancy and use profiles. These systems will recognize the mass and building characteristics of the building as well as control logic designed to maximize the return on investing in these systems.
- All building system components selected will be free of chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) and hydro chlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs).

- Daylighting should be a major design driver, along with intelligent controls of electric lighting that recognize the amount of useful daylight present in each space.
- Natural ventilation should be used where possible.
- Mechanical ventilation should be decoupled from space conditioning to ensure fresh air and energy recovery independent of space conditioning requirements.
- Certain spaces such as the cafeteria and auditorium will be analyzed and scrutinized for energy and building system application specific to their occupancy and use.
- The project should incorporate full enhanced building system commissioning to insure that the design intent will be met.



College Satation High School, College Station, Texas - South Facade Sunshades

Conserving Materials and Resources



The presence of the existing building and associated vehicular and pedestrian circulation ways present both challenges and opportunities to compose a design which is energy, material and resource efficient. A potential solution that would tend to maximize resource efficiency and building performance would be to combine the partial deconstruction of select areas of the existing facility, with the reuse of existing portions

of the remaining school facility and new construction. The sustainable design and development issues to consider include:

- Recycling as much of the deconstructed building as possible. The intent is to keep construction debris out of landfills by using it on site or routing salvaged materials to other projects in the area.
- Reuse as much of the existing building as practical. The portion of the existing building selected to be reused should be brought up to the highest standards of sustainable design possible given existing conditions.
- Provide space for the collection, storage and redistribution of recycled materials. This effort will be aided by an increased awareness of the waste stream of the school and how a larger part of the waste stream can be salvaged.
- Using materials and labor available in the region (< 250 miles), and with a high recycled or post-consumer material content.

Indoor Environmental Quality (IEQ)

Sustainable design places a premium on the health, comfort and safety of building occupants. This is particularly critical with respect to school children and others who do not have the choice or ability to modify or change their daily environment. Interior Environmental Quality issues incorporated in the design and construction of this building should include:

- A smoke free school zone.
- Using caution during construction to safeguard building occupants. The goal is to not subject anyone to the potentially harmful effects of construction debris, pollution and activities.
- Selecting materials that do not off-gas harmful vapors or otherwise

contribute to interior air pollution.

- Adopting an allergy free, non-toxic cleaning and maintenance regimen using only environmentally friendly products and practices.
- Recognizing the importance of adequate fresh air, natural ventilation and the ability to conveniently use outdoor spaces as effective instruction areas.
- Incorporating walk off mats, entrance grates and other design features that limit the amount of contaminants tracked in from outdoors.
- Carbon dioxide (CO2) monitors that inform the building controls to insure adequate amounts of ventilation where and when needed.
- Effective use of natural light complimented by well-designed electric lighting.
- Using color, texture and pattern to create effective learning environments.
- A mold free environment.
- Sustainable design places a premium on the health, comfort and safetof building occupants. This is particularly critical with respect to school children and others who do not have the choice or ability to modify or change their daily environment. Interior Environmental Quality issues i

The School as a Teaching Tool

The school building itself must be designed as an extension of the curriculum. The design must provide ways to make various building systems and design features promote and enhance the learning of how building occupants, the natural world, and the built environment interact.

The following pages include LEED scorecards for each of the schemes that have been studied and developed. Each represents multiple sustainable site and building strategies.



LEED Scorecard - Maximum Renovation

	LEED 2009 for Schools Project Scorecard			SHWGROUP
roject Name:	Highpoint High School - Maximum Renovation			SITTIGROOT
roject Address:	3601 Powder Mill Rd, Beltsville, MD 20705			
Yes ? ? No				
9 1 9 <mark>5</mark> SUSTA	INABLE SITES	24 Points	Team	Remarks
Y Prereg 1	Construction Activity Pollution Prevention	Required	civil	E&S plan, descibe local regulations
Prereg 2	Environmental Site Assessment	Required	owner	
Credit 1	Site Selection	1	civil	
4 Credit 2	Development Density and Community Connectivity	4	civil	
1 Credit 3	Brownfield Redevelopment	1	civil	
4 Credit 4.1		4	civil	
1 Credit 4.2	Alternative Transportation - Bicycle Storage and Changing Rooms	1	architect	
2 Credit 4.3	Alternative Transportation - Low-Emitting and Fuel-Efficient Vehicles	2	civil	
2 Credit 4.4	Alternative Transportation - Parking Capacity	2	civil	
1 Credit 5.1	Site Development - Protect or Restore Habitat	1	civil	
1 Credit 5.2	2 Site Development - Maximize Open Space	1	civil	
1 Credit 6.1	Stormwater Design - Quantity Control	1	civil	
1 Credit 6.2	2 Stormwater Design - Quality Control	1	civil	
1 Credit 7.1	Heat Island Effect - Nonroof	1	civil	
Credit 7.2	P Heat Island Effect - Roof	1	architect	
1 Credit 8	Light Pollution Reduction	1	MEP	
1 Credit 9	Site Master Plan	1	architect	
1 Credit 10	Joint Use Facilities	1	owner	
es ? ? No 4 6 1 0 WATER	REFFICIENCY	11 Points	Team	Remarks
V Down 1	Water Use Reduction	Required	MED	
Prereq 1 Credit 1	Water Ose Reduction Water Efficient Landscaping	2 to 4	MEP architect	variates in a set has easted reinvestor
	Reduce by 50%	2 to 4	architect	xeriscaping or harvested rainwater
	No Potable Water Use or Irrigation	4		
2 Credit 2	Innovative Wastewater Technologies	4 2	architect	requires waterless urinals or RWH
2 2 Credit 2 Credit 3	Water Use Reduction	2 to 4	MEP	tough without credit 2
	Reduce by 30%	2 10 4	IVIL F	tough without theuit 2
	Reduce by 35%	2		
	Reduce by 33%	4		
	Process Water Use Reduction	Ŧ		



Yes ? ? No				
	Y & ATMOSPHERE	33 Points	Team	Remarks
Y Prereq 1	Fundamental Commissioning of Building Energy Systems	Required	owner	
Y Prereq 2	Minimum Energy Performance	Required	MEP	
Y Prereq 3	Fundamental Refrigerant Management	Required	MEP	
12 3 4 Credit 1	Optimize Energy Performance	1 to 19	MEP	
	Improve by 12% for New Buildings or 8% for Existing Building Renovations	1		
	Improve by 14% for New Buildings or 10% for Existing Building Renovations	2		
	Improve by 16% for New Buildings or 12% for Existing Building Renovations	3		
	Improve by 18% for New Buildings or 14% for Existing Building Renovations	4		
	Improve by 20% for New Buildings or 16% for Existing Building Renovations	5		
	Improve by 22% for New Buildings or 18% for Existing Building Renovations	6		
	Improve by 24% for New Buildings or 20% for Existing Building Renovations	7		
	Improve by 26% for New Buildings or 22% for Existing Building Renovations	8		
	Improve by 28% for New Buildings or 24% for Existing Building Renovations	9		
	Improve by 30% for New Buildings or 26% for Existing Building Renovations	10		
	Improve by 32% for New Buildings or 28% for Existing Building Renovations	11		
	Improve by 34% for New Buildings or 30% for Existing Building Renovations	12		
	Improve by 36% for New Buildings or 32% for Existing Building Renovations	13		
	Improve by 38% for New Buildings or 34% for Existing Building Renovations	14		
	15 Improve by 40% for New Buildings or 36% for Existing Building Renovations	15		
	Improve by 42% for New Buildings or 38% for Existing Building Renovations	16		
	Improve by 44% for New Buildings or 40% for Existing Building Renovations	17		
	Improve by 46% for New Buildings or 42% for Existing Building Renovations	18		
	Improve by 48% + for New Buildings or 44% + for Existing Building Renovations	19		
1 2 4 Credit 2	On-Site Renewable Energy	1 to 7	MEP	
	1 1% Renewable Energy	1		
	3% Renewable Energy	2		
	5% Renewable Energy	3		
	7% Renewable Energy	4		
	9% Renewable Energy	5		
	11% Renewable Energy	6		
	13% Renewable Energy	7		
2 Credit 3	Enhanced Commissioning	2	owner	
1 Credit 4	Enhanced Refrigerant Management	1	MEP	
2 Credit 5	Measurement and Verification	2	MEP	
2 Credit 6	Green Power	2	owner	



	LEED 2009 for Schools Project Scorecard				
Project Name: Project Address:	Highpoint High School - Maximum Renovation 3601 Powder Mill Rd, Beltsville, MD 20705				SHWGROUP
Yes ? ? No	ALS & RESOURCES	13 Points	s Team	Remarks	
		15 1 01113		Remains	
Y Prereg 1	Storage and Collection of Recyclables	Required	architect		
2 Credit 1.1	Building Reuse - Maintain Existing Walls, Floors and Roof	1 to 2	architect		
<u> </u>	Reuse 75%	1			
	Reuse 95%	2			
1 Credit 1.2	Building Reuse - Maintain Interior Nonstructural Elements	1	architect		
2 Credit 2	Construction Waste Management	1 to 2	contractor		
<u> </u>	50% Recycled or Salvaged	1			
	2 75% Recycled or Salvaged	2			
1 1 Credit 3	Materials Reuse	1 to 2	architect		
	Reuse 5%	1			
	Reuse 10%	2			
2 Credit 4	Recycled Content	1 to 2	architect		
	10% of Content	1			
	2 20% of Content	2			
2 Credit 5	Regional Materials	1 to 2	architect		
	10% of Materials	1			
	2 20% of Materials	2			
1 Credit 6	Rapidly Renewable Materials	1	architect		
1 Credit 7	Certified Wood	1	architect		



Yes ? ? No				
7 7 2 3 INDOOR I	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY	19 Points	Team	Remarks
<u> </u>				
Y Prereq 1	Minimum Indoor Air Quality Performance	Required	MEP	
Y Prereq 2	Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control	Required	owner	
Y Prereq 3	Minimum Acoustic Performance	Required	architect	
1 Credit 1	Outdoor Air Delivery Monitoring	1	MEP	
1 Credit 2	Increased Ventilation	1	MEP	
1 Credit 3.1	Construction Indoor Air Quality Management Plan - During Construction	1	MEP	
1 Credit 3.2	Construction Indoor Air Quality Management Plan - Before Occupancy	1	MEP	
1 Credit 4.1	Low-Emitting Materials - Adhesives and Sealants	1 *	architect	
1 Credit 4.2	Low-Emitting Materials - Paints and Coatings	1 *	architect	
1 Credit 4.3	Low-Emitting Materials - Flooring Systems	1 *	architect	
1 Credit 4.4	Low-Emitting Materials - Composite Wood and Agrifiber Products	1 *	architect	
Credit 4.5	Low-Emitting Materials - Furniture and Furnishings	1 *	architect	
Credit 4.6	Low-Emitting Materials - Ceiling and Wall Systems	1 *	architect	
1 Credit 5	Indoor Chemical and Pollutant Source Control	1	architect	
1 Credit 6.1	Controllability of Systems - Lighting	1	MEP	
1 Credit 6.2	Controllability of Systems - Thermal Comfort	1	MEP	
1 Credit 7.1	Thermal Comfort - Design	1	MEP	
1 Credit 7.1	•	1	owner	
3 Credit 8.1	Thermal Comfort - Verification	1 to 3	architect	
3 Cieult 6.1	Daylight and Views - Daylight	1	dicilitect	
	75% of Classroom Spaces			
	90% of Classroom Spaces	1		
	75% of other Regularly Occupied Spaces	1		
1 Credit 8.2	Daylight and Views - Views (90% of regularly occupied spaces)	1	architect	
1 Credit 9	Enhanced Acoustical Performance	1	architect	
1 Credit 10	Mold Prevention	1	architect	
Yes ? ? No 3 2 1 0 INNOVAT	ION IN DESIGN	6 Points	Team	Remarks
2 1 1 Credit 1	Innovation in Design	1 to 4		
	1 Innovation or Exemplary Performance - Green Cleaning	1	owner	
	1 Innovation or Exemplary Performance - Exemplary Performance (Construction Waste)	1	MEP	
	1 Innovation or Exemplary Performance - Exemplary Performance (Stormwater)	1	MEP	
	Innovation or Exemplary Performance - TBD	1	contractor	
1 Credit 2	LEED [®] Accredited Professional	1	architect	
1 Credit 3	The School as a Teaching Tool	1	architect	
Yes ? ? No			a. of incost	
	L PRIORITY	4 Points	Team	Remarks
3 1 Credit 1	Regional Priority	1 to 4		
	1 Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - EAc2 - On-site renewable Energy - 1% min.	1	MEP	
	1 Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - MRc2 - Construction Waste Management	1	contractor	
	1 Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - SSc6.1 - Stormwater Design Quantity	1	civil	
	Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - TBD	1	assign	
Yes ? ? No				
	TOTALS (Certification Estimates)	110 Points		
Certified: 4	0-49 points Silver: 50-59 points Gold: 60-79 points Platinum: 80+ points			



LEED Scorecard - New Construction

Project Name:	LEED 2009 for Schools Project Scorecard Highpoint High School - New Construction				SHWGROUP
Project Address:	3601 Powder Mill Rd, Beltsville, MD 20705				
Yes ? ? No					
9 3 7 5 SUSTAIN	ABLE SITES	24 Points	Team	Remarks	
Y Prereg 1	Construction Activity Pollution Prevention	Required	civil		
Y Prereg 2	Environmental Site Assessment	Required	owner		
1 Credit 1	Site Selection	1	civil		
4 Credit 2	Development Density and Community Connectivity	4	civil		
1 Credit 3	Brownfield Redevelopment	1	civil		
4 Credit 4.1	Alternative Transportation - Public Transportation Access	4	civil		
1 Credit 4.2	Alternative Transportation - Bicycle Storage and Changing Rooms	1	architect		
2 Credit 4.3	Alternative Transportation - Low-Emitting and Fuel-Efficient Vehicles	2	civil		
2 Credit 4.4	Alternative Transportation - Parking Capacity	2	civil		
1 Credit 5.1	Site Development - Protect or Restore Habitat	1	civil		
1 Credit 5.2	Site Development - Maximize Open Space	1	civil		
1 Credit 6.1	Stormwater Design - Quantity Control	1	civil		
1 Credit 6.2	Stormwater Design - Quality Control	1	civil		
1 Credit 7.1	Heat Island Effect - Nonroof	1	civil		
1 Credit 7.2	Heat Island Effect - Roof	1	architect		
1 Credit 8	Light Pollution Reduction	1	MEP		
1 Credit 9	Site Master Plan	1	architect		
1 Credit 10	Joint Use Facilities	1	owner		
	FFICIENCY	11 Points	Team	Remarks	
Y Prereq 1	Water Use Reduction	Required	MEP		
4 Credit 1	Water Efficient Landscaping	2 to 4	civil		
	Reduce by 50%	2			
	No Potable Water Use or Irrigation	4			
2 Credit 2	Innovative Wastewater Technologies	2	architect		
2 2 Credit 3	Water Use Reduction	2 to 4	MEP		
	Reduce by 30%	2			
	Reduce by 35% Reduce by 40%	3			



Yes ? ? No				
23 10 0 0 ENERG	Y & ATMOSPHERE	33 Points	Team	Remarks
Y Prereq 1 Y Prereq 2	Fundamental Commissioning of Building Energy Systems Minimum Energy Performance	Required Required	owner MEP	
Y Prereq 3	Fundamental Refrigerant Management	Required	MEP	
9 Credit 1	Optimize Energy Performance	1 to 19	MEP	
<u> </u>	Improve by 12% for New Buildings or 8% for Existing Building Renovations	1		
	Improve by 14% for New Buildings or 10% for Existing Building Renovations	2		
	Improve by 16% for New Buildings or 12% for Existing Building Renovations	3		
	Improve by 18% for New Buildings or 14% for Existing Building Renovations	4		
	Improve by 20% for New Buildings or 16% for Existing Building Renovations	5		
	Improve by 22% for New Buildings or 18% for Existing Building Renovations	6		
	Improve by 24% for New Buildings or 20% for Existing Building Renovations	7		
	Improve by 26% for New Buildings or 22% for Existing Building Renovations	8		
	Improve by 28% for New Buildings or 24% for Existing Building Renovations	9		
	Improve by 30% for New Buildings or 26% for Existing Building Renovations	10		
	Improve by 32% for New Buildings or 28% for Existing Building Renovations	11		
	Improve by 34% for New Buildings or 30% for Existing Building Renovations	12		
	Improve by 36% for New Buildings or 32% for Existing Building Renovations	13		
	Improve by 38% for New Buildings or 34% for Existing Building Renovations	14		
	15 Improve by 40% for New Buildings or 36% for Existing Building Renovations	15		
	Improve by 42% for New Buildings or 38% for Existing Building Renovations	16		
	Improve by 44% for New Buildings or 40% for Existing Building Renovations	17		
	Improve by 46% for New Buildings or 42% for Existing Building Renovations	18		
	Improve by 48% + for New Buildings or 44% + for Existing Building Renovations	19		
4 Credit 2	On-Site Renewable Energy	1 to 7	MEP	
	1% Renewable Energy	1		
	3% Renewable Energy	2		
	5% Renewable Energy	3		
	7% Renewable Energy	4		
	9% Renewable Energy	5		
	11% Renewable Energy	6		
	13% Renewable Energy	7		
2 Credit 3	Enhanced Commissioning	2	owner	
Credit 4	Enhanced Refrigerant Management	1	MEP	
2 Credit 5	Measurement and Verification	2	MEP	
2 Credit 6	Green Power	2	owner	



	LEED 2009 for Schools Project Scorecard				
Project Name: Project Address:	Highpoint High School - New Construction 3601 Powder Mill Rd, Beltsville, MD 20705				SHWGROUP
,					
Yes ? ? No					
6 1 1 5 MATER	ALS & RESOURCES	13 Points	Team	Remarks	
Y Prereg 1	Storage and Collection of Recyclables	Required	architect		
2 Credit 1.1	Building Reuse - Maintain Existing Walls, Floors and Roof	1 to 2	architect		
	Reuse 75%	1	architect		
	Reuse 95%	2			
1 Credit 1.2		- 1	architect		
2 Credit 2	Construction Waste Management	1 to 2	contractor		
2 Orodit 2	50% Recycled or Salvaged	1	Gonadotor		
	2 75% Recycled or Salvaged	2			
2 Credit 3	Materials Reuse	1 to 2	architect		
	Reuse 5%	1			
	Reuse 10%	2			
2 Credit 4	Recycled Content	1 to 2	architect		
	10% of Content	1			
	2 20% of Content	2			
2 Credit 5	Regional Materials	1 to 2	architect		
	10% of Materials	1			
	2 20% of Materials	2			
1 Credit 6	Rapidly Renewable Materials	1	architect		
1 Credit 7	Certified Wood	1	architect		

Yes ? ? No				
	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY	19 Points	Team	Remarks
		13 1 01113	rcam	Kentarka
Y Prereg 1	Minimum Indoor Air Quality Performance	Required	MEP	
Y Prereq 2	Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control	Required	owner	
Y Prereg 3	Minimum Acoustic Performance	Required	architect	
1 Credit 1	Outdoor Air Delivery Monitoring	1	MEP	
1 Credit 2	Increased Ventilation	1	MEP	
1 Credit 2	Construction Indoor Air Quality Management Plan - During Construction	1	MEP	
1 Credit 3.1		1	MEP	
	Construction Indoor Air Quality Management Plan - Before Occupancy	1*		
1 Credit 4.1	Low-Emitting Materials - Adhesives and Sealants	-	architect	
1 Credit 4.2	Low-Emitting Materials - Paints and Coatings	1 *	architect	
1 Credit 4.3	Low-Emitting Materials - Flooring Systems	1 *	architect	
1 Credit 4.4	Low-Emitting Materials - Composite Wood and Agrifiber Products	1 *	architect	
Credit 4.5	Low-Emitting Materials - Furniture and Furnishings	1 *	architect	
Credit 4.6	Low-Emitting Materials - Ceiling and Wall Systems	1 *	architect	
1 Credit 5	Indoor Chemical and Pollutant Source Control	1	architect	
1 Credit 6.1	Controllability of Systems - Lighting	1	MEP	
1 Credit 6.2	Controllability of Systems - Thermal Comfort	1	MEP	
1 Credit 7.1	Thermal Comfort - Design	1	MEP	
1 Credit 7.2	Thermal Comfort - Verification	1	owner	
2 1 Credit 8.1	Daylight and Views - Daylight	1 to 3	architect	
	75% of Classroom Spaces	1		
	90% of Classroom Spaces	1		
	75% of other Regularly Occupied Spaces	1		
1 Credit 8.2	Daylight and Views - Views (90% of regularly occupied spaces)	1	architect	
1 Credit 9	Enhanced Acoustical Performance	1	architect	
1 Credit 10	Mold Prevention	1	architect	
Yes ? ? No				
3 2 1 0 INNOVA	FION IN DESIGN	6 Points	Team	Remarks
2 1 1 Credit 1	Innovation in Design	1 to 4		
	Innovation or Exemplary Performance - Green Cleaning	1	owner	
	Innovation of Exemplary Performance - Green starting Innovation or Exemplary Performance - Exemplary Performance (Construction Waste)	1	contractor	
	Innovation or Exemplary Performance - Exemplary Performance (Stormwater)	1	civil	
	Innovation of Exemplary Performance - Exemplary Performance (Stormwater)	1	assign	
1 Credit 2	LEED® Accredited Professional	1	architect	
1 Credit 2	The School as a Teaching Tool	1	architect	
Yes ? ? No		1	architect	
	AL PRIORITY	4 Points	Team	Remarks
REGION		4 Points	ream	Remarks
·				
	Regional Priority	1 to 4		
3 1 Credit 1			MEP	
3 1 Credit 1	Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - EAc2 - On-site renewable Energy - 1% min.	1		
3 1 Credit 1	Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - EAc2 - On-site renewable Energy - 1% min. Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - MRc2 - Construction Waste Management	1	contractor	
3 1 Credit 1	1 Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - EAc2 - On-site renewable Energy - 1% min. 1 Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - MRc2 - Construction Waste Management 1 Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - SSc6.1 - Stormwater Design Quantity	1	contractor civil	
3 1 Credit 1	Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - EAc2 - On-site renewable Energy - 1% min. Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - MRc2 - Construction Waste Management	1	contractor	
Ves ? ? No	1 Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - EAc2 - On-site renewable Energy - 1% min. 1 Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - MRc2 - Construction Waste Management 1 Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - SSc6.1 - Stormwater Design Quantity Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - TBD	1 1 1	contractor civil	
Ves ? ? No 62 27 11 10 PROJEC	Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - EAc2 - On-site renewable Energy - 1% min. Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - MRc2 - Construction Waste Management Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - SSc6.1 - Stormwater Design Quantity Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - TBD TOTALS (Certification Estimates)	1	contractor civil	
Ves ? ? No 62 27 11 10 PROJEC	1 Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - EAc2 - On-site renewable Energy - 1% min. 1 Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - MRc2 - Construction Waste Management 1 Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - SSc6.1 - Stormwater Design Quantity Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - TBD	1 1 1	contractor civil	

LEED Scorecard - Partial Reuse

	ANNOT STATE	LEED 2009 for Schools Project Scorecard				SHWGROUP
oject Name: oject Address:		Highpoint High School - Hybrid				Shindkoor
oject Address:		3601 Powder Mill Rd, Beltsville, MD 20705				
es??	No					
3 7	5 SUSTAIN	ABLE SITES	24 Points	Team	Remarks	
(Prereq 1	Construction Activity Pollution Prevention	Required	civil		
1	Prereg 2	Environmental Site Assessment	Required	owner		
1	Credit 1	Site Selection	1	civil		
	4 Credit 2	Development Density and Community Connectivity	4	civil		
	1 Credit 3	Brownfield Redevelopment	1	civil		
4	Credit 4.1	Alternative Transportation - Public Transportation Access	4	civil		
1	Credit 4.2	Alternative Transportation - Bicycle Storage and Changing Rooms	1	architect		
2	Credit 4.3	Alternative Transportation - Low-Emitting and Fuel-Efficient Vehicles	2	civil		
2	Credit 4.4	Alternative Transportation - Parking Capacity	2	civil		
1	Credit 5.1	Site Development - Protect or Restore Habitat	1	civil		
1	Credit 5.2	Site Development - Maximize Open Space	1	civil		
1	Credit 6.1	Stormwater Design - Quantity Control	1	civil		
1	Credit 6.2	Stormwater Design - Quality Control	1	civil		
1	Credit 7.1	Heat Island Effect - Nonroof	1	civil		
1	Credit 7.2	Heat Island Effect - Roof	1	architect		
1	Credit 8	Light Pollution Reduction	1	MEP		
1	Credit 9	Site Master Plan	1	architect		
1	Credit 10	Joint Use Facilities	1	owner		
es ? ? 6 5 0	No ■ WATER E	EFFICIENCY	11 Points	Team	Remarks	
/	Prereq 1	Water Use Reduction	Required	MEP		
4	Credit 1	Water Efficient Landscaping	2 to 4	civil		
•	Credit 1	Reduce by 50%	2 10 4	CIVII		
		No Potable Water Use or Irrigation	4			
2	Credit 2	Innovative Wastewater Technologies	2	architect		
2	Credit 2	Water Use Reduction	2 to 4	MEP		
	Credit 5	Reduce by 30%	2104			
		Reduce by 35%	2			
		Reduce by 40%	4			
	Credit 4	Process Water Use Reduction	4	MEP		



3 10 0 0 ENERGY	& ATMOSPHERE	33 Points	Team	Remarks
Prereg 1	Fundamental Commissioning of Building Energy Systems	Required	owner	
Prereg 2	Minimum Energy Performance	Required	MEP	
Prereg 3	Fundamental Refrigerant Management	Required	MEP	
9 Credit 1	Optimize Energy Performance	1 to 19	MEP	
	Improve by 12% for New Buildings or 8% for Existing Building Renovations	1		
	Improve by 14% for New Buildings or 10% for Existing Building Renovations	2		
	Improve by 16% for New Buildings or 12% for Existing Building Renovations	3		
	Improve by 18% for New Buildings or 14% for Existing Building Renovations	4		
	Improve by 20% for New Buildings or 16% for Existing Building Renovations	5		
	Improve by 22% for New Buildings or 18% for Existing Building Renovations	6		
	Improve by 24% for New Buildings or 20% for Existing Building Renovations	7		
	Improve by 26% for New Buildings or 22% for Existing Building Renovations	8		
	Improve by 28% for New Buildings or 24% for Existing Building Renovations	9		
	Improve by 30% for New Buildings or 26% for Existing Building Renovations	10		
	Improve by 32% for New Buildings or 28% for Existing Building Renovations	11		
	Improve by 34% for New Buildings or 30% for Existing Building Renovations	12		
	Improve by 36% for New Buildings or 32% for Existing Building Renovations	13		
	Improve by 38% for New Buildings or 34% for Existing Building Renovations	14		
	15 Improve by 40% for New Buildings or 36% for Existing Building Renovations	15		
	Improve by 42% for New Buildings or 38% for Existing Building Renovations	16		
	Improve by 44% for New Buildings or 40% for Existing Building Renovations	17		
	Improve by 46% for New Buildings or 42% for Existing Building Renovations	18		
	Improve by 48% + for New Buildings or 44% + for Existing Building Renovations	19		
4 Credit 2	On-Site Renewable Energy	1 to 7	MEP	
	1% Renewable Energy	1		
	3% Renewable Energy	2		
	5% Renewable Energy	3		
	7% Renewable Energy	4		
	9% Renewable Energy	5		
	11% Renewable Energy	6		
	13% Renewable Energy	7		
2 Credit 3	Enhanced Commissioning	2	owner	
Credit 4	Enhanced Refrigerant Management	1	MEP	
2 Credit 5	Measurement and Verification	2	MEP	
2 Credit 6	Green Power	2	owner	
ghpoint HS LEED Scorecard	hybrid.xlsx 5/1/2014			1 of

Project Name: Project Address:	LEED 2009 for Schools Project Scorecard Highpoint High School - Hybrid 3601 Powder Mill Rd, Beltsville, MD 20705				SHWGROUP
Yes ? ? No 6 1 1 5 MATER	IALS & RESOURCES	13 Points	Team	Remarks	
		10 1 0////	roum	rteinarite	
Y Prereq 1	Storage and Collection of Recyclables	Required	architect		
2 Credit 1.1	Building Reuse - Maintain Existing Walls, Floors and Roof	1 to 2	architect		
	Reuse 75%	1			
	Reuse 95%	2			
1 Credit 1.2	Building Reuse - Maintain Interior Nonstructural Elements	1	architect		
2 Credit 2	Construction Waste Management	1 to 2	contractor		
	50% Recycled or Salvaged	1			
	2 75% Recycled or Salvaged	2			
2 Credit 3	Materials Reuse	1 to 2	architect		
	Reuse 5%	1			
	Reuse 10%	2			
2 Credit 4	Recycled Content	1 to 2	architect		
	10% of Content	1			
	2 20% of Content	2			
2 Credit 5	Regional Materials	1 to 2	architect		
	10% of Materials	1			
	2 20% of Materials	2			
1 Credit 6	Rapidly Renewable Materials	1	architect		
1 Credit 7	Certified Wood	1	architect		



6 1 0 INDOOR	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY	19 Points	Team	Remarks
Prereg 1	Minimum Indoor Air Quality Performance	Required	MEP	
Prereg 2	Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control	Required	owner	
Prereq 3	Minimum Acoustic Performance	Required	architect	
1 Credit 1	Outdoor Air Delivery Monitoring	1	MEP	
1 Credit 2	Increased Ventilation	1	MEP	
Credit 3.1	Construction Indoor Air Quality Management Plan - During Construction	1	MEP	
1 Credit 3.1	Construction Indoor Air Quality Management Plan - Before Occupancy	1	MEP	
Credit 4.1	Low-Emitting Materials - Adhesives and Sealants	1 *	architect	
Credit 4.1	Low-Emitting Materials - Paints and Coatings	1 *	architect	
Credit 4.2	Low-Emitting Materials - Flooring Systems	1 *	architect	
Credit 4.3		1 *	architect	
	Low-Emitting Materials - Composite Wood and Agrifiber Products	-		
Credit 4.5	Low-Emitting Materials - Furniture and Furnishings	1 *	architect	
Credit 4.6	Low-Emitting Materials - Ceiling and Wall Systems	1 *	architect	
1 Credit 5	Indoor Chemical and Pollutant Source Control	1	architect	
Credit 6.1	Controllability of Systems - Lighting	1	MEP	
1 Credit 6.2	Controllability of Systems - Thermal Comfort	1	MEP	
Credit 7.1	Thermal Comfort - Design	1	MEP	
1 Credit 7.2	Thermal Comfort - Verification	1	owner	
1 Credit 8.1	Daylight and Views - Daylight	1 to 3	architect	
	75% of Classroom Spaces	1		
	90% of Classroom Spaces	1		
	75% of other Regularly Occupied Spaces	1		
Credit 8.2	Daylight and Views - Views (90% of regularly occupied spaces)	1	architect	
Credit 9	Enhanced Acoustical Performance	1	architect	
Credit 10	Mold Prevention	1	architect	
? ? No				
2 1 0 INNOVA	TION IN DESIGN	6 Points	Team	Remarks
1 1 Credit 1	Innovation in Design	1 to 4		
Greater	Innovation in Design	1	owner	
	Innovation of Exemplary Performance - Green Greaning Innovation or Exemplary Performance - Exemplary Performance (Construction Waste)	1	contractor	
	Innovation of Exemplary Performance - Exemplary Performance (Construction Waster) Innovation or Exemplary Performance - Exemplary Performance (Stormwater)	1	civil	
	Innovation or Exemplary Performance - TBD	1		
Credit 2		1	assign architect	
1 Credit 3	LEED [®] Accredited Professional	1	architect	
? ? No	The School as a Teaching Tool	I	architect	
0 1 0 REGION	AL PRIORITY	4 Points	Team	Remarks
1 Credit 1	Regional Priority	1 to 4		
Credit	Regional Fronky Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - EAc2 - On-site renewable Energy - 1% min.	1	MEP	
	Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - MRc2 - Construction Waste Management	1	contractor	
	Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - SSc6.1 - Stormwater Design Quantity	1	civil	
	Regionally Defined Credit Achieved - TBD	1	assign	
? ? No	Regionary Berlieu Creuit Achieveu - TBD	1	นรรมนา	
	T TOTALS (Certification Estimates)	110 Points		
	40-49 points Silver: 50-59 points Gold: 60-79 points Platinum: 80+ points			
Certified:				
Certified:				
Certified: point HS LEED Scorecar	d hybrid.xlsx 5/1/2014			2 0



Technology for 21st Century Learning Environments

The learning environment of a new high school must incorporate the most progressive technology available to ensure that classrooms challenge students approriately and provide the tools they need to explore for as many years as possible. Technology must be planned to touch every type of learner - a challenge given the range of learning styles that exist. Ultimately the best technology is that which engages a students drive to explore and self-teach. The following is comprehensive a list of technology found in the very best of 21st Century learning environments today:

- Visual (Displays, Video Projectors)
- Hand On (Interactive/ Touch)
- Audio (Equal level sound in the spaces)
- Collaboration (Teaming/ Group Study)
- Dual Enrollment (Distance Learning)
- Wireless (Mobile/ Flexible Every Space a Learning Space)
- Visional Displays (Current Events and Announcements)
- Student response Systems (Instant Results/Feedback Clickers)
- Electronic Migration Test Results (Saving Instruction Time)
- Safety & Security
- Phones (External Communication Links E911)
- Bi-directional (Internal Communications)
- Card Access (Building Control / Lock Down)
- Surveillance (Mini-Dome Camera / External / Both Day Night Ability)

Local Comprehensive Land Use Planning

Every high school sits at the heart of the community it serves encompassed by its neighborhood, its town, by satellite towns each with their own planning goals, within a larger watershed area, a cultural and economic context, the county and ultimately the state. Development of any public project generates enormous community interest and a represents progress towards and reinforcement of community goals. As such it is critical to view the re-development of the High Point High School and its site in light of the local planning agenda in attempting to best serve the areas unique character and identity.

High Point High School is located in Beltsville, an area within Prince George's County, Maryland located within the District of Columbia metro area. Adjacent cities and towns are Laurel to the northeast, South Laurel to the northeast, Beltsville to the east, Calverton to the west, and Hillandale to the southwest. Nearby features are 495/Beltway to the south, 195 to the east, Galway Park, Paint Branch River, Cross Creek Golf Course, and commercial areas bracket each end of Powder Mill Road (PMR) around the site – PMR & New Hampshire and PMR & 195. Nearby historic places of interest are the Robert B. Morse Water Filtration Plant, the Polychrome Historic District, the North Corner District Boundary Stone, The Silver Spring, and the Historic Savage Mill. Local master plans of relevance and influence are as follows:

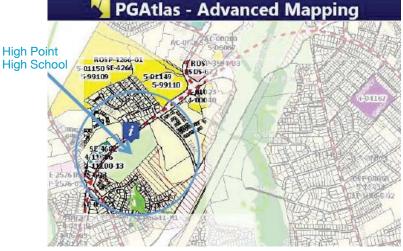
Sub-Region 1 Master Plan and Sectional Map Amendment

Montgomery County's White Oak Master Plan

Fairland Master Plan

City of Laurel Master Plan

The site is also falls within the evaluation area of the "Green Infrastructure Plan" and is identified as representing a ""Green Infrastructure Plan" network gap. The High Point High School has also been designated a "Priority Funding Area" by the state of Maryland. The site is zoned RR for residential but as a school is exempt from local zoning restrictions. The site lies within the Anacostia watershed, is exempt from the tree conservation plan and has no easements.



Prince George's County Planning Map

Site Design Criteria



High Point High School Feasibility Study Page 65



Site and Landscape Design

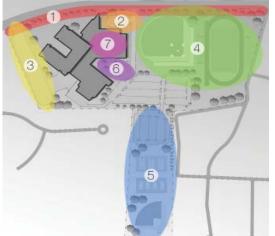
The High Point High School site can best be described by the various zones that work together to serve the school as well as the neighborhood that surrounds it. Each zone has its own unique function, use, character and as a result requires its own differentiated design approach. Suggested project goals for the development of the site are as follows:

- Provide a positive, inviting and identifiable image along Powder Mill Road
- Create a school campus feel and a strong sense of place
- Provide a pedestrian friendly and universally accessible environment
- Satisfy integrated, landscaped stormwater management features as required by state requirements
- Provide a visual and physical connection to all parts of the campus between building and site amenities
- Provide a sustainable landscape
- Safety & Security
- Phones (External Communication Links E911)
- Bi-directional (Internal Communications)
- Card Access (Building Control / Lock Down)



Zone 1 The Street Frontage

Zone 1 is the street frontage along Powder Mills Road. The treatment of this edge conveys the first impression of the school. Along the school side of Powder Mill Road, there are utility poles and overhead wires. This condition will prohibit the planting of major deciduous trees. Only minor deciduous/ flowering trees, minor evergreen trees, shrubs and other ground covers can be installed under and in the vicinity of the overhead wires. Two of the three site plan schemes recommend new parking lots along Powder Mill Road. It is important to provide landscaped buffer/screen along the north side of the parking lot so that the motorist on Powder Mill Road will not have direct view to parking lots on the school ground. In addition, planting islands with major deciduous trees are recommended for the parking lot so soften the harshness of the vast amount of asphalt paving. The Hybrid Scheme locates the fields adjacent to Powder Mill Road. Landscape buffers and screens will be needed adjacent to fencing provided for ball control.



- Street Frontage
 Tree-lined Entranceways
- 3. Bus Drop-off
- 4. Track and Baseball Field
- 5. Ball Courts and Buffers
- 6. Urban Garden
- 7. Green Roof



Example of vegetated screen at street edge

Site Zone Diagram



Zone 2 Tree-lined Entranceways and Drop-Off Courts

As shown on concept site plans, several vehicular and pedestrian entranceways are proposed. Major deciduous trees with flower trees in the vicinity as visual accents and seasonal interests are recommended to be placed on both sides of the entranceway, which not only delineate major accesses to the campus visually, but also provide shade and comfort for students, faculty and visitors. They are also the "green linkages" that knit the school campus together.

In the Max Renovation scheme, two landscaped courtyards are proposed. By using the interplay of hardscape and landscape to create spaces with human scale, Courtyards can be used for outdoor class room, a place for congregation or contemplation, an oasis, and a visual relief of building mass. If soil condition permits, this space can potentially be used as a landscape infiltration area for rainwater quality management and offers an education opportunity to the student.

In the All New and Partial Reuse Schemes, a well landscaped parking/dropoff "court" is proposed. The parking/drop-off court would be located at the main building entrance and will provide a courtyard feel that accommodates both pedestrian and vehicles comfortably and safely.



Tree lined walkways create safe, pedestrian friendly zones



Example of courtyard with landscape infusion



Example of landscaped drop-off court



Zone 3 Bus Drop-off

All three schemes recommend a separate bus access along with a bus loop road and parking. Well landscaped plaza/patio at the building entrance and abutting the bus parking area. Trees, decorative paving and site furniture are proposed. This will be the place where students can congregate while waiting for the school opening after being dropped off from school buses. In the Hybrid Scheme, the bus drop off also serves an auxilary parking during the day and potentially off hours access to one of the learning campuses for adult night classes and functions.

Zone 4 Track and Baseball Field

Track and field is an important facility in all high schools. A six to eight lane, 400 meter running track with center soccer/football field in accordance with NCAA standards is proposed. In addition, bleacher seating with storage under the seat for 400 people is proposed as well. Player's benches will be provided within track. The new field will support events such as high jump, long jump, discus, shot-put and pole vault. Chain linked fence with gate surrounding the track and field will be provided. For the Max Renovation Scheme the track and field will remain at its current location. The track and field will be totally renovated. For the All New and Partial Reuse schemes, a new location is proposed. The track and field will be located in the middle of the school ground. It is proposed that the track and field be graded in a bowl form so that the track and field will be situated at low grade so that there will be no direct view to the track and field from Powder Mill Road. This will provide a visual interest for this portion of the school ground and create stronger connection to the lower portion of the site.

The new baseball field located in the east of the track and field, as shown in the All New and Partial Reuse schemes, will have different challenges and opportunities. It is located mostly on the current parking lot site which has its advantage in terms of grade. The west of the proposed ball field is currently a slope and will require some fill to be leveled out. Chain linked fence with gate surrounding the ball field will need to be provided with a sufficient height to keep balls from interfering with parking areas or the road.



Bus parking at Edgewood High School, Hartford County, MD



Track and Field at Calvert Hall High School, Towson, MD

Zone 5 Ball Courts and Buffers

To the south of the main school ground, there is a 350' wide strip of land where basketball courts, tennis courts, a playing field will be provided. Alteration shall be made to render this portion of the site accessible as it is currently not. Bioretention berms will be integrated with the changes in topography to address current stormwater issues. Additionally, new chain linked fencing will be provided. A natural edge between the school ground and the surrounding neighborhood is strongly recommended. A mixture of major deciduous trees, flowering trees, evergreen trees would create buffer zones critical to being a good neighbor.

Zone 6 Urban Garden

An urban garden may be a likely addition to a greenhouse space. This would function as a "productive landscape" in the campus and could be colocated between dining and pro-start. Through the entire process of constructing the beds, seeding, propagating or planting, plants/vegetables, maintaining them during the growing season, and harvesting them, the student will gain the valuable knowledge of the practice of horticulture, nutrition and cooking "fresh".

Zone 7 Green Roof - Landscape on the Building

If budget permits and/or complying with the MDE ESD guidelines requires, a green roof may be recommended. Green roofs can vary from a less expensive "extensive" green roof with suitable green roof plants to a more costly "intensive" green roof with suitable green roof plants, patio, and other hardscape features. The extensive green roof will only be accessible to the maintenance personnel. The intensive green roof will be accessible to students, faculties, and possibly visitors for the enjoyment of the amenities provided by the green roof establishment. Both types of green roof can also provide the benefit of reducing rooftop heat island effect, rainwater harvesting and rainwater quality treatment. The inclusion of green roof will also help obtaining the required LEED credits for the state mandated LEED Gold certification.



A green roof offers superior insulating vaues while reducing storwater run-off



Flat bed gardens may function as teaching tool and food supply for Pro-start program

Forest Conservation

In accordance with the record in Prince George's County Environmental Planning Section (EPS) and a telephone conservation with MNCPPC staff, a letter of exemption (No. E-028-04) was approved in 2004 and has been expired. It is only valid for two years.

In accordance Prince George's County Zoning Code Section 25-119(b) (5) and Environmental Technical Manual Section 5.3, if the development disturbs less than 5,000 square foot of woodland, only an updated Letter of Exemption and a Natural Resource Inventory(NRI) Equivalency Letter will be required to submit. A simplified Forest Stand Delineation may be required to submit along with the Letter of Exemption, at the discretion of EPS staff. If the disturbance of existing woodland is greater than 5,000 SF, NRI, FSD and Tree Conservation Plan (TCP) will be required according to Zoning Code Section 25-119(e).

Due to insufficient woodland information in terms of size and location being available at this time, this study cannot determine if the submission of NRI, FSD and TCP is required. For the bare minimum, an updated Letter of Exemption and a Natural Resource Inventory(NRI) Equivalency Letter along with necessary forms and maps would be required to submit to ESP, if it is determined, based on the field run survey, that less than 5,000 square foot existing woodland would be disturbed.

On-Site Pedestrian/Vehicular Access and Parking

Vehicular access for the facility is obtained by ingress and egress from Powder Mill Road. The sight distance at the driveways should be clear, unobstructed and distanced apart as required by best practices. Pedestrian access to the building from the public way will be offered by on-site sidewalks which will lead to the public sidewalk that flanks Powder Mill Road. In each scheme the main entrance to the building is located on the northwest face of the building is looped by a driveway that provides adequate circulation as well as drop-off This arrangement requires that pedestrians from the building that are accessing the athletic fields cross this drive aisle which is less than ideal. A such carefully delination of pedestrian crossing zones and buffered walkways will be required. In all cases, a traffic/parking study is recommended to study optimum locations for ingress/egress and for parking capacity.

Prince George's County does not have a zoning requirement for public high schools with regard to the amount of parking provided, however current on-site parking of 450 spaces appears to be adequate for students, staff and visitors based on similar high schools in the County. In the hybrid scheme, it is anticipated that the lower parking area would serve for overflow parking as required. The separation of the parking lots on-site into staff, student, and visitor parking, and the separation of the bus and parent drop-off loops, should allow for very functional on-site traffic circulation.

On-Site Loading and Fire Access

Onsite loading areas should provide adequate screening from the public right-of-way and visitors to the site. Fire apparatus should have complete access to the perimeter of the entire building. When this is not possible the drive aisle leading to the loading area shall be designed accessible for fire trucks. Adequate spacing of fire hydrants to provide access for equipment will need to be provided.

Utilities

Water and sewer for the site will continue to be provided from Powder Mill Road. It is anticipated that the site water service will be required to be upgraded to the current WSSC metering standards. Water and sewer service will be provided for the accessory structures located at the athletic fields via on-site connection to the services for the school building.

Site Topography and Drainage

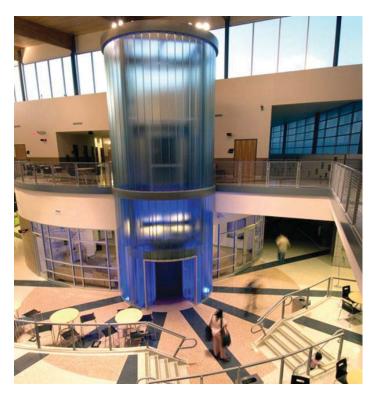
The site will drain similar to the existing condition (towards the southwest and the northeast). It is anticipated that overall storm water runoff will be reduced from the existing condition by the reduction in site impervious areas and by providing on-site stormwater management facilities as required by the State of Maryland and Prince George's County. In general this will be accomplished through the use of Environmental Site Design (ESD) techniques to the

maximum extent practicable, which may include small, localized facilities, such as microbioretention, and alternative surfaces. In order to appropriately compensate for the amount of hardscape, it is anticipated that underground storage will be required as well.

It is likely that retaining walls will be required to mitigate the change in elevation across the bus loop area. In addition grading improvements should be provided to correct current drainage problems and render the sports fields at the southern portion of the site accessible.



Preliminary Design







Panoramic view of current front elevation of school and bus drop-off zone

Introduction

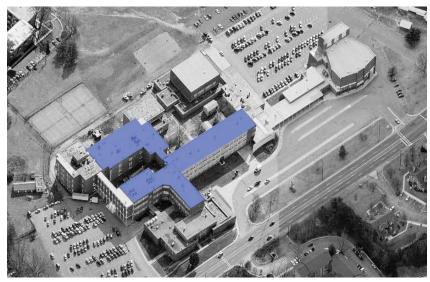
The following studies are the result of a significant effort undertaken by Prince George's County Public Schools to implement major academic reform as they move towards a "Career Academies" model. This reform brings substantial change to the educational structure and, subsequently, the physical school facilities that house that structure. Ultimately each 'campus' must support the ideology that drives today's academic model while offering the flexibility that is needed to transform with the inevitable ideological evolution that will occur over time. The new school design must satisfy all aspects of the Educational Specifications and leverage the highest and best use of the site it sits on. It must, more importantly, provide the visionary, inspiring environment that is needed to empower the students that will pass through its doors and into the world beyond.



Max Renovation Scheme

The Maximum Renovation approach utilizes a combination of new construction and rehabilitation of 52% of the existing building as part of a massive effort to transform the existing school into a 21st Century - Career focused learning environment.

Critical to the Renovation concept is a commitment to the re-use of existing academic space in the creation of the new learning campus environments. The focus of renovations, with the exception of the Auditorium, is almost exclusively on existing academic space. The existing building's academic space is provided in two separate but connected wings – the north (3 story) and south (four story) academic bar buildings. The wings are currently configured as double loaded classroom bar buildings which requires significant alteration to create the four distinct campuses with core space at the center of each required per the Educational Specifications. Existing structure will need to be exposed and partitions and ceilings removed to allow for the creation of entirely new environment within the existing footprint.



Northeast aerial view of school showing existing academic wings

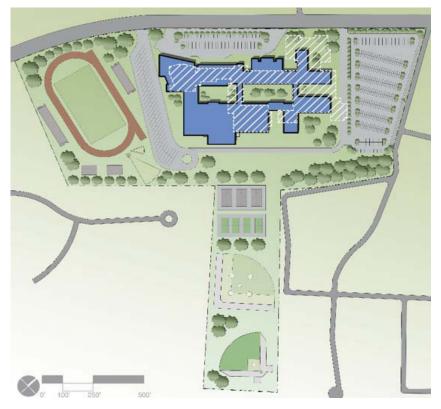
In addition to academic renovations, two new academic volumes are proposed: one at the front of the building to create the first campus and one at the south of the building off the four story academic building to create the fourth campus.



Northwest view of Auditorium

As the largest in the county the existing Auditorium serves as significant asset to the school and its neighboring communities. Although requiring some modification to provide both new and accessible seating, improvements to the interior finishes and upgrades to performance/audiovisual technology, the existing auditorium is well suited to adapting to the current Educational Specifications.

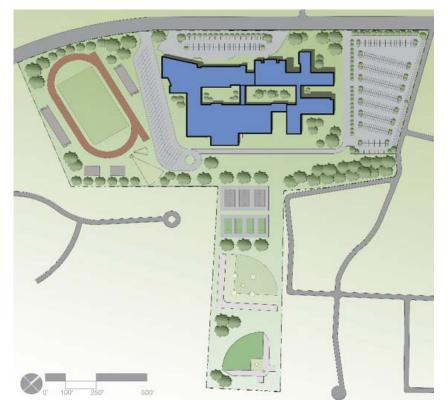
New construction is focused on the spaces which support the academic functions – media center, arts spaces, physical education spaces, and cafeteria/Foodservice. Demolition is largely focused on 1) cleaning up existing academic space that is not well suited to the use as a career focused educational environment, and 2) removing academic support spaces that must be modernized: the one story foodservice portion of the



Proposed Max Renovation site plan showing existing building footprint in white

building including the cafeteria & media center, the performing arts wing, the vocational spaces lining the north-south corridor leading to the existing gym, the auxiliary gym and the north-south bar at the eastern end of the four story academic building.

The configuration of the site in this scheme requires alteration to separate bus and pedestrian/student drop off traffic, renovate the field and track area, and create a larger parking lot at the east side of the site. A new bus loop takes buses to the rear of the building allowing students to enter and exit directly from the Cafeteria for arrival and dismissal. Unfortunately the southern portion of the "T" shaped site is too narrow to accommodate the



Proposed Max Renovation site plan

regulation baseball field required by the Educations Specifications. Further this scheme as a maximum renovation scheme does not clear any additional space in the northern portion of the site that might otherwise accommodate the large element. This scheme provides two softball fields in lieu of the softball and baseball fields called for.

Structurally the building is a combination of systems – concrete frame and waffle slab in the original building (three story main bar running east from entry) built in 1954 and a protected steel frame with composite slab system at the portion of the building that was added in 1967 to create the southern academic building four story tower. The structure in general is good condition



and suitable for re-use. The existing waffle slabs, in particular, offer an interesting exposed ceiling structure in certain classrooms proposed for reuse as campus 2 and 3. This physical characteristic is worth preserving as the configuration lends itself to the higher ceilings required by the academy program. By and large structural framing and load bearing walls will remain as is with only minor modifications in selected locations.

The poor insulation value and deteriorating condition of existing exterior walls is causing significant heat loss in winter and heat gain in summer. A new, retrofit, high-performance exterior wall cladding system over the entire existing building volume is proposed to assist in transforming the school into an energy-efficient building. Exterior masonry walls will be reconstructed as required by the new high performance envelope, the roofing will be replaced, and new exterior doors and windows will be installed at most locations. The existing school program will remain in operation during construction. This will require careful planning and sequencing of construction operations to ensure that delivery of the educational program is not negatively impacted and that students, faculty and administrators are safe. The goal will be to separate various sections of the existing building in sequence to allow major renovation work, including selective demolition, to occur in phases. Existing school program will be accommodated in swing space - in some cases within the building and in others in trailers. It is anticipated that the work would occur in five swing phases.

The Renovation scheme architectural scope of work items will include:

Existing building areas to remain (Main Academic Wing, partial Southern Academic Wing, auxiliary gym and auditorium):

- Most interior partitions, doors and frames, ceilings and floors will be new.
- Maintain and patch existing terrazzo floors in limited areas where retained.
- Replace roof system.
- Retrofit exterior walls of Main Academic Wing and Southern

Academic Wing with new, high-performance exterior wall cladding system.

- Existing floor areas of Main and South Academic Wing will be reconfigured with new walls, stairs and floor openings.
- Existing interior walls and trim to remain are to be repaired, prepared and painted.
- All tile and wall base will be replaced.
- All ceiling tile and metal grid will be replaced.
- Areas of the roof will be stripped to roof deck and replaced.
- Exterior doors and frames will be replaced.
- All exterior windows will be replaced and supplemented with new openings to meet light and ventilation requirements.
- Interior doors will be replaced with new ADA compliant hardware.
- Classroom and office casework will be redesigned to meet EdSpec.
- Science lab casework and equipment will be redesigned to meet EdSpec.
- The exterior masonry at Auxiliary gym and Auditorium requires repointing.
- Masonry expansion joints will be resealed.
- Replace all lockers to meet EdSpec.

New Addition building areas (Lobby, Administration, Music, Art, Media Center, Cafeteria/ Food Service and Main Gymnasium):

- New building that will meet all Educational Specifications requirements.
- New high-performance exterior wall cladding system
- Materials and equipment that will be designed to meet PGCPS Design Guidelines.
- All classrooms, offices, and common spaces that will have abundant daylight.
- Circulation that will be straightforward and well defined.
- New spaces that will comply with current code and accessibility requirements.
- A well-defined central entry will be provided.

• All new construction and renovation will satisfy Prince George's County Public School requirement to utilize LEED Gold certification requirements as a metric for design.

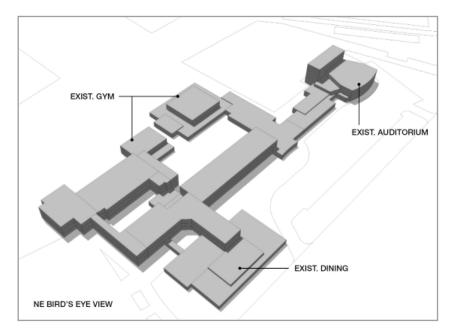
Sustainability Strategies

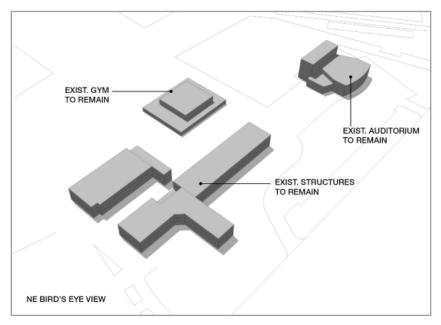
The Maximum Renovation scheme seeks to retain as much of the existing structure as practicable. Salvage and reuse of existing infrastructure is at the very heart of sustainability and is an effective way to reduce the overall embodied energy and site impact of the project. However, reuse and/or repurposing of the existing facility does present some limitations for the performance of the completed project. Following are some relevant examples:

- The orientation of the existing building is not ideal relative to daylight harvesting and solar heat gain.
- As an assemblage of long, thin, 2 3 story buildings separated by courtyards, the form of the building is not compact and has a high envelope to volume ratio. This generally increases the exposure to environmental factors that must be overcome with mechanical systems, thereby reducing energy efficiency. Although the operating and maintenance costs are relatively low for this scheme they would be even lower were it not for the extended floor plan and increased area of envelope.
- The existing building envelope will be improved to the extent possible within the limitations of the budget, but it is likely not practicable to match the performance characteristics of a new building envelope.
- The existing roof structure may not be able to support roof-top equipment and renewable energy systems. These systems will likely be limited to new roof areas.

It is possible to achieve the LEED Gold Certification in the Maximum Renovation scheme, though it will be more challenging than with new construction. See the LEED scorecard. provided in the "Other Planning and Design Considerations" section of this report.

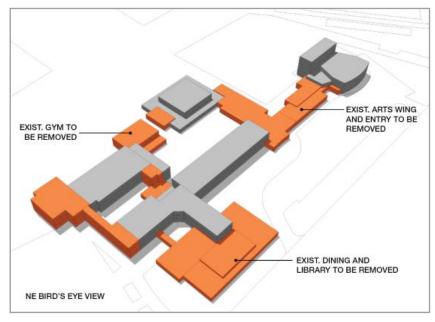




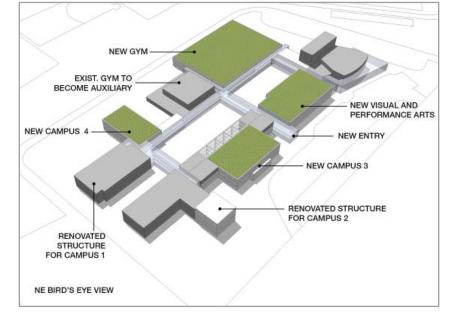


Northwest axonometric view of existing school

Axonometric view of existing school with demolition portions highlighted



Axonometric view of existing school of the components that remain



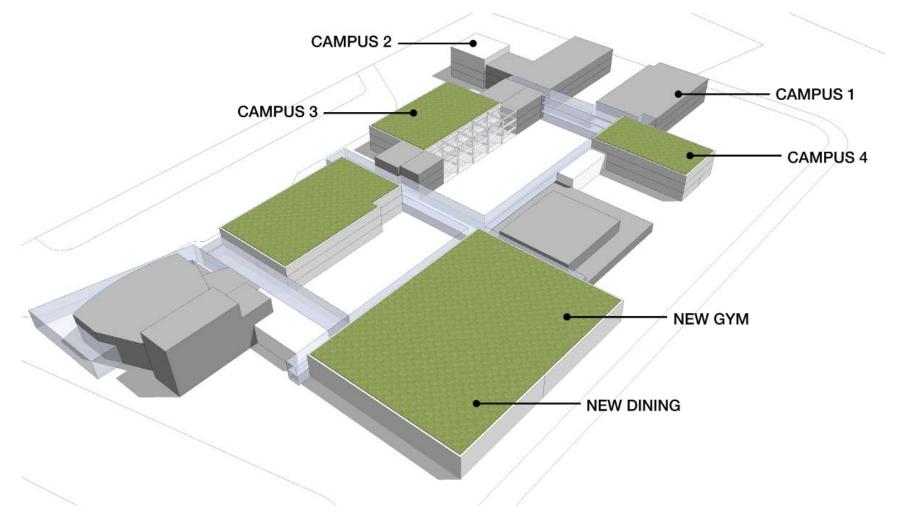
Axonometric view of renovated school with new additions/insertions

Proposed Phased Construction



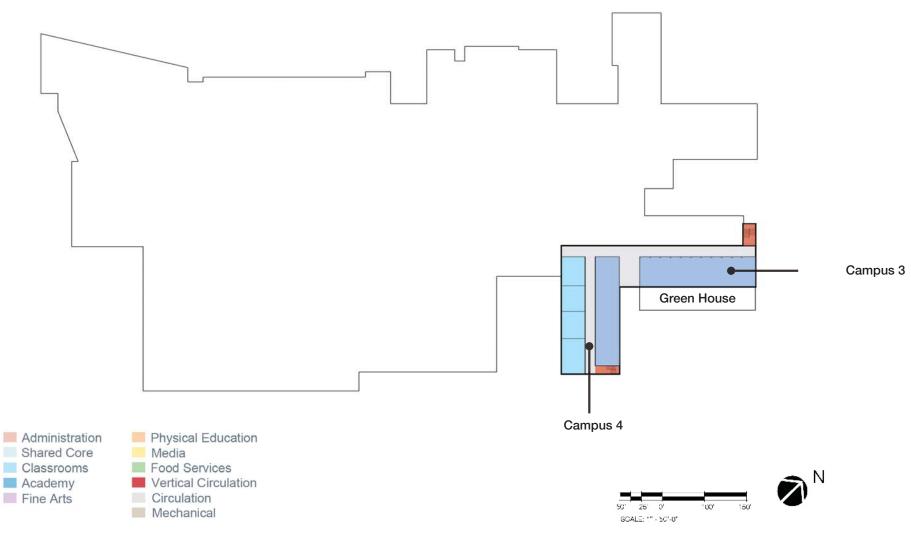
High Point High School Feasibility Study Page 80





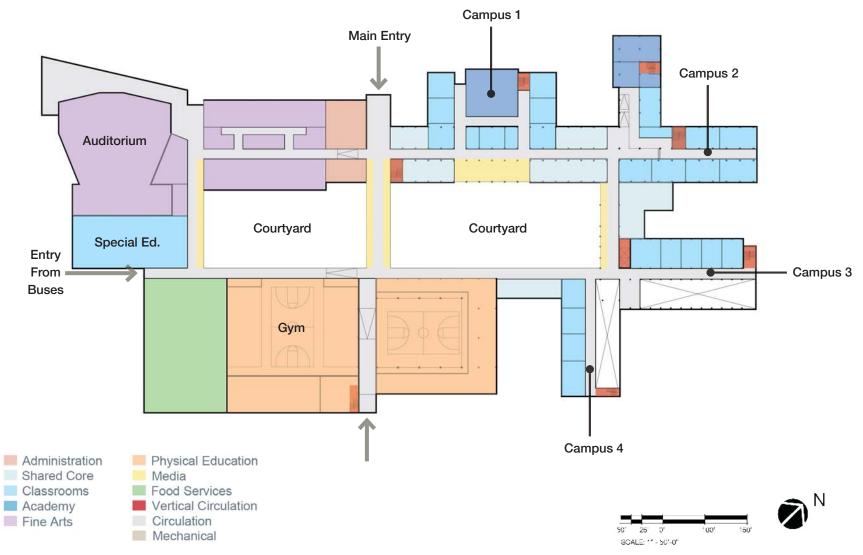
Southwest Axonometric View of renovated school with new additions/insertions





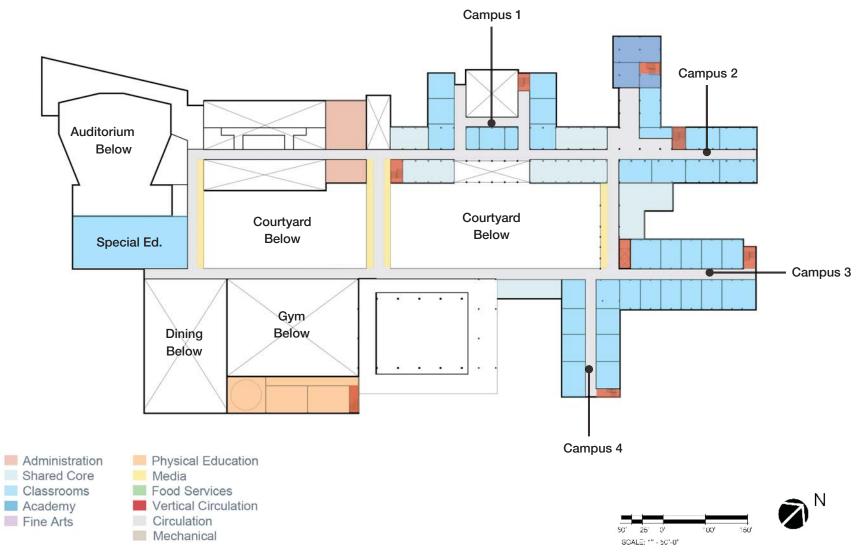
Renovation Scheme Lower Floor Plan

High Point High School Feasibility Study Page 82



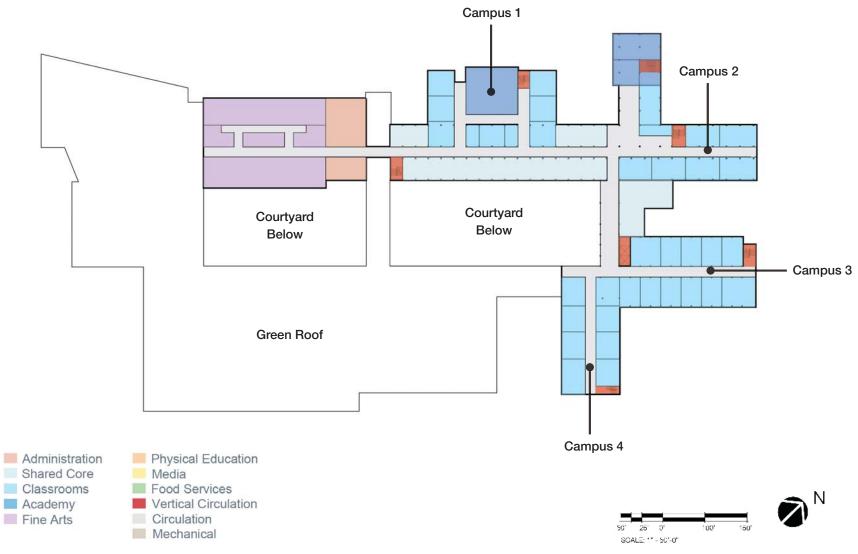
Renovation Scheme First Floor Plan





Renovation Scheme Second Floor Plan

High Point High School Feasibility Study Page 84



Renovation Scheme Third Floor Plan



New Construction Scheme

The New Construction scheme approach fulfills the requirements of the Educational Specifications by providing an entirely new building on the existing site. The new building would be built in the area that is largely occupied currently by the football field. After the completion of construction the new school building would be occupied, the original school structure razed and the site developed including the new track and field. While there will be the same site logistics with availability of fields and parking during the construction period, phasing will be greatly managed.

As with the Max Renovation scheme the concept for a new construction approach focuses on the creation of the four campuses while allowing for future expansion of the school should it become necessary in the future. Two academic wings with two three-story campuses in each flank a central support space zone comprised of a new Auditorium, new arts spaces, new Cafeteria and new PE space in the form of a U shaped building that faces Powder Mill Road. A central recessed entry provides a protected arrival zone at the buildings main entrance for pedestrians and vehicular traffic. A bus drop off wraps the building at the west side and fully separates this traffic from the main entrance to the building. Each campus wing has a three story atrium at its center providing not only circulation but generous collaboration space and room to offer an open free flowing lunch service utilizing of food carts. A new track and football field, baseball and softball and practice fields per the Educational Specs are all provided with this scheme as well. The New Construction scheme architectural scope of work items will include:

- New building that will meet all Educational Specifications requirements.
- New high-performance curtain wall system
- Materials and equipment that will be designed to meet PGCPS Design Guidelines.
- All classrooms, offices, and common spaces that will have abundant daylight.
- Circulation that will be straightforward and well defined.
- New spaces that will comply with current code and accessibility

requirements.

- A well-defined central entry will be provided
- All new construction and renovation will satisfy Prince George's County Public School requirement to utilize LEED Gold certification requirements as a metric for design.
- A well-defined central entry will be provided.
- All new construction and renovation will satisfy Prince George's County Public School requirement to utilize LEED Gold certification requirements as a metric for design.

Sustainability Strategies

As the name implies, the New Construction scheme builds a new independent facility and then demolishes the existing building. While this abandons the resources invested in the existing facility and requires the disposal of large amounts of construction waste, it creates the opportunity for a facility designed specifically to current instructional needs and community uses. Further, a new facility will be designed to current best practices, reducing operations costs and improving the quality of the learning environment.

The New Construction scheme organizes the program into two major components – a two story wing that houses public functions including the gymnasiums, auditorium, and cafeteria, and a collection of three story campuses connected by shared program.

The building orientation responds to the public street and is therefore not ideally oriented for solar orientation. Daylight and solar gain will be managed through the careful design of the building envelope and solar shading devices.

The large low slope roof over the two story volume offers a potential area for large scale renewable energy systems. Further, daylight harvesting devices can be integrated into this roof to top-light to the large volume spaces below. While the PV array could be quite significant, this area is not likely enough to offset the energy use of the high school. Additional generation would



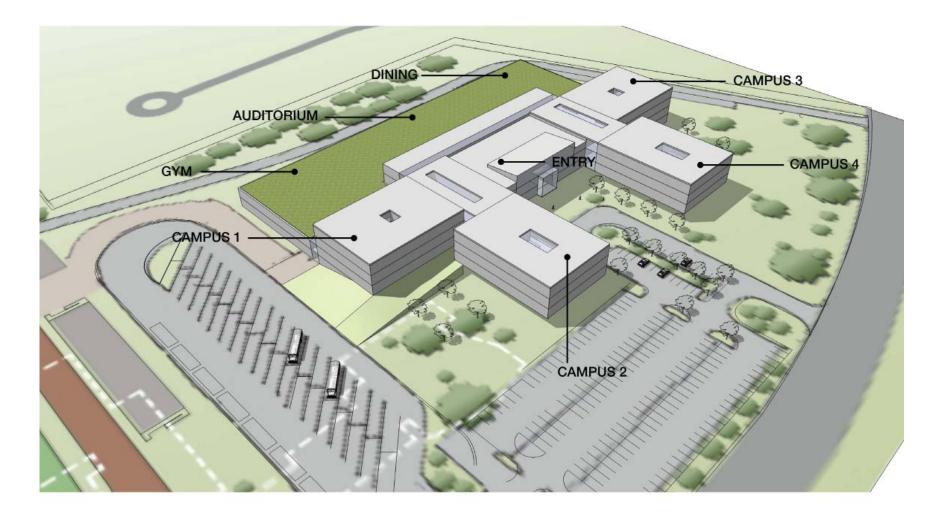
Proposed New Construction site plan showing existing building footprint in white

the learning environment, excellent ground level access and outdoor learning opportunities for each campus. However, this also increases the envelope to volume ratio, which, in turn, increases the exposure to environmental factors that must be overcome with mechanical systems, thereby reducing efficiency.

LEED Gold certification is achievable with the New Construction scheme. LEED Platinum certification is possible. See the LEED scorecard. provided in the "Other Planning and Design Considerations" section of this report.

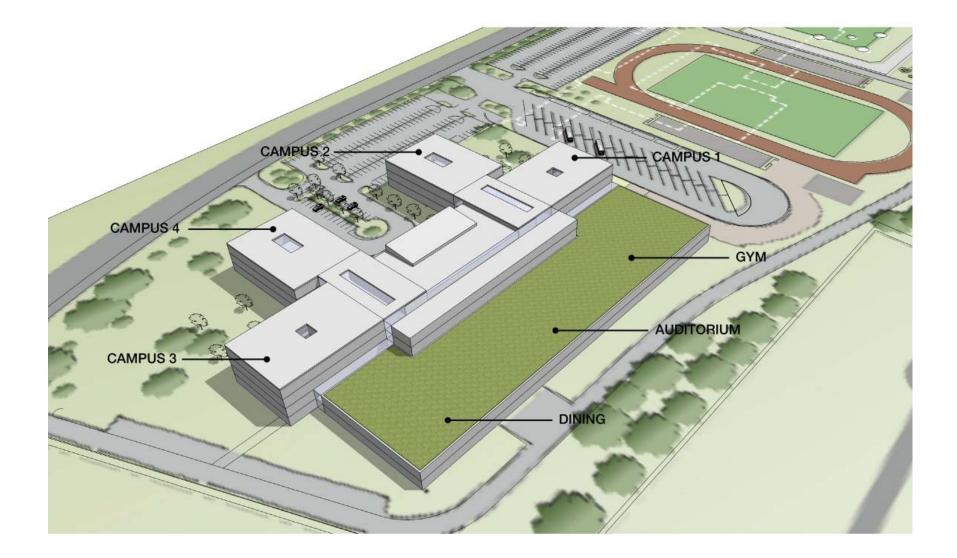


Proposed New Construction site plan

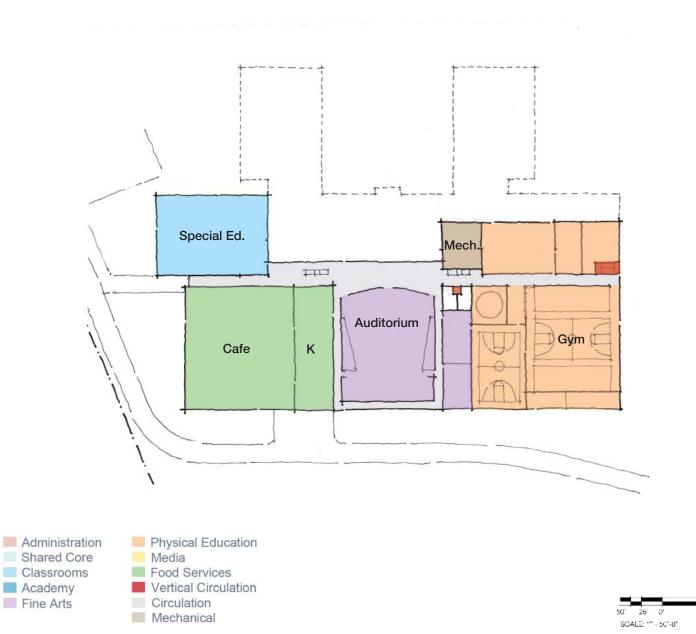


NE BIRD'S EYE VIEW





SW BIRD'S EYE VIEW

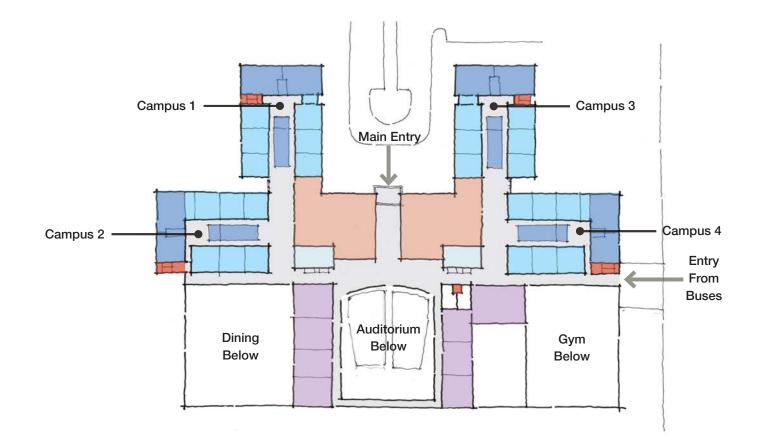


New Construction Scheme Lower Floor Plan

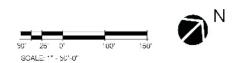
High Point High School Feasibility Study Page 90



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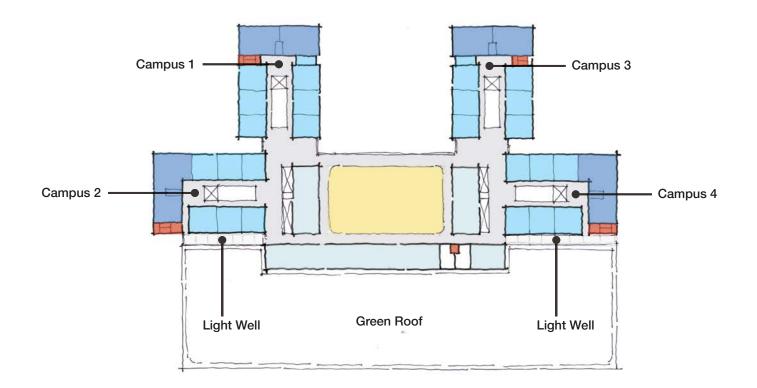


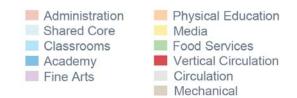


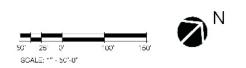


New Construction Scheme First Floor Plan





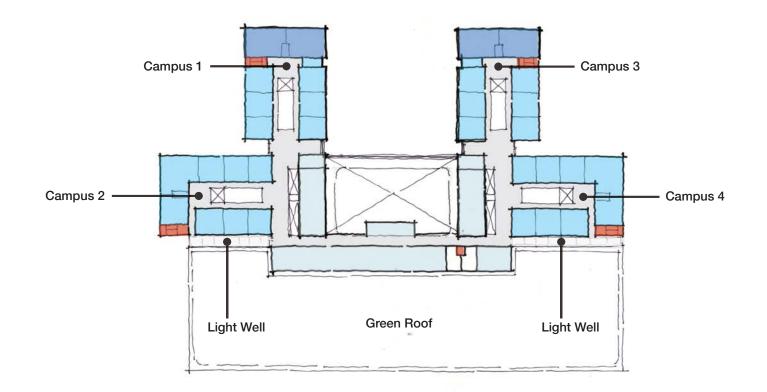




New Construction Scheme Second Floor Plan

High Point High School Feasibility Study Page 92









New Construction Scheme Third Floor Plan



Partial Reuse (Hybrid) Scheme

A hybrid of new construction and renovation balances the retention of existing features, i.e. the existing Auditorium, with providing a new building. All other aspects of the Educational Specifications are met by the new construction – Core Academics, Cafeteria, Media Center, PE spaces, etc. Although also a U-shaped building the new construction scheme campuses are provided in two towers of one campus stacked over another on one side of the wings that flanks the central portion of the building. The stacking of campuses provides the added benefit of flexibility for campus expansion and contraction in the future. Campuses can then be easily altered to become full floor campuses rather than two over two if needed. The benefit of locating the academic spaces within one wing is that academic spaces are concentrated together and are easily served by central shared academic core spaces. As a north facing U-shaped building siting is similar to the New Construction scheme and the site features and amenities are identical.

The Partial Reuse scheme architectural scope of work items will include: New Addition building areas (Lobby, Administration, Music, Art, Media Center, Cafeteria/ Food Service and Main Gymnasium):

- New building that will meet all Educational Specifications requirements.
- New high-performance exterior wall cladding system
- Materials and equipment that will be designed to meet BCPS Design Guidelines.
- All classrooms, offices, and common spaces that will have abundant daylight.
- Circulation that will be straightforward and well defined.
- New spaces that will comply with current code and accessibility requirements.
- A well-defined central entry will be provided.
- All new construction and renovation will satisfy Prince George's County Public School requirement to utilize LEED Gold certification requirements as a metric for design.

Sustainabilty Strategies

The Partial Reuse scheme may offer the best combination of sustainable design strategies – reuse of key facilities, compact building form, and improved solar orientation. The Partial Reuse scheme preserves and renovates the existing auditorium, a facility that is valued by the school community. The existing auditorium is absorbed into a new two-story arts and athletics wing that forms one side of the school. The four campuses form the other side of the school and are stacked in two 4-story towers oriented to optimize daylight harvesting and views. The "heart" of the school is a two-story volume containing the administration, media center, and cafeteria.

The large low slope roof over the two story arts and athletics wing offers a potential area for large scale renewable energy systems. Further, daylight harvesting devices can be integrated into this roof to top-light to the large volume spaces below.

Visible from the adjacent campus towers, the roof above the administration, media center, and cafeteria is an excellent location for a vegetated roof. This strategy has multiple benefits including aesthetics, extended roof life, improved acoustics, storm water management, habitat and opportunities for outdoor learning. Daylight harvesting devices can also be integrated into this roof to top-light to the large volume spaces below.

The compact four story campus towers have a low envelope to volume ratio and are oriented to take advantage of daylight harvesting and passive solar energy. This will improve efficiency and the quality of the learning environment. The roof and south-facing facades of these towers are additional opportunities for large scale renewable energy systems, increasing the possibility of achieving a net-zero energy facility.

LEED Gold certification is achievable with the Partial Reuse scheme. LEED Platinum certification is possible. See the LEED scorecard. provided in the "Other Planning and Design Considerations" section of this report.

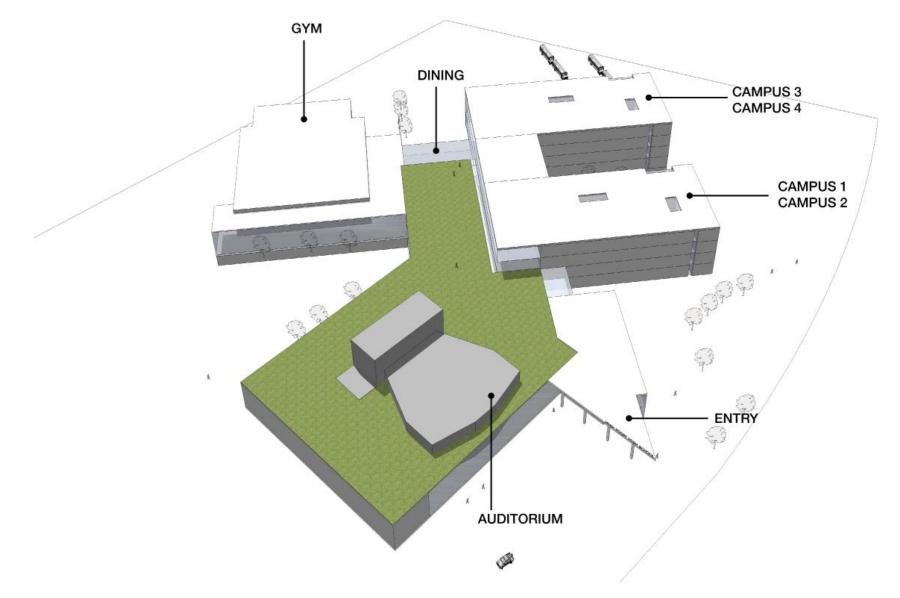


Proposed Partial Reuse site plan showing existing building footprint in white

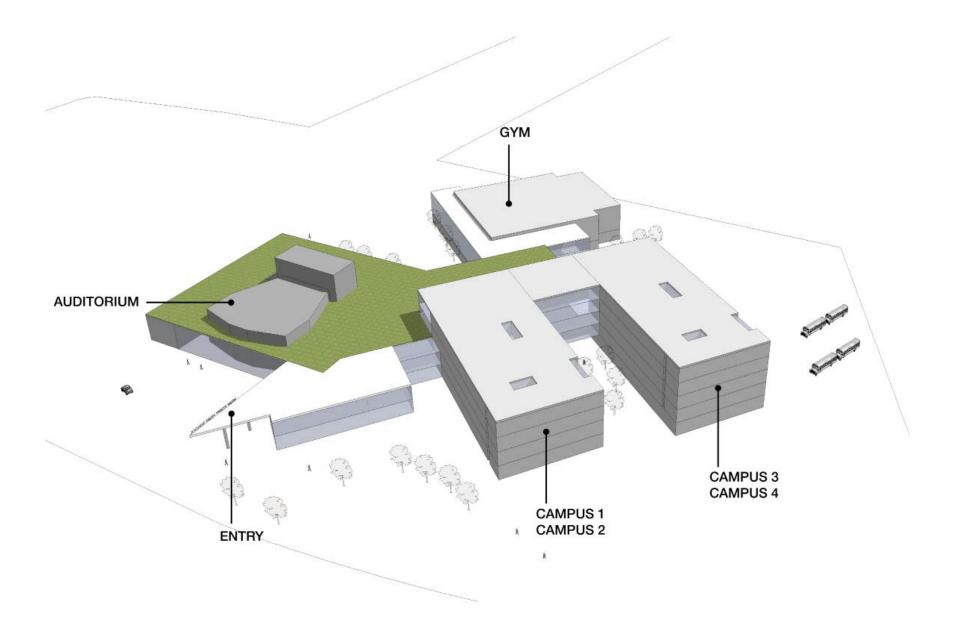


Proposed Partial Reuse site plan

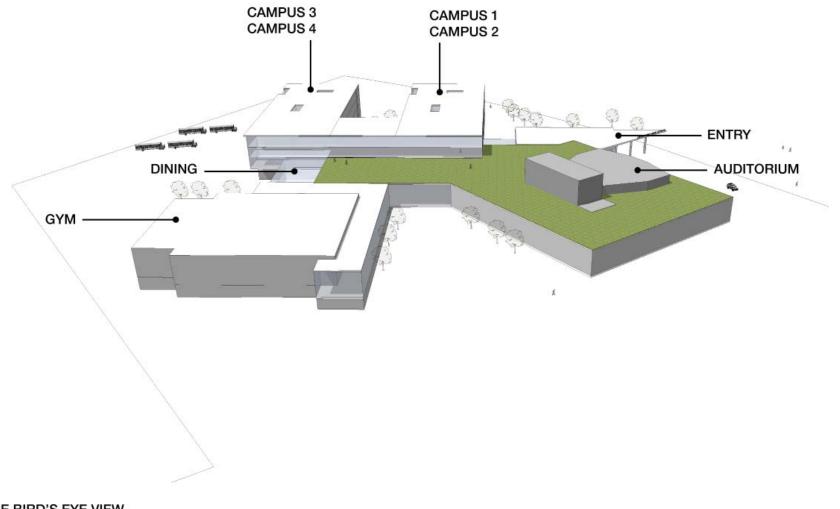




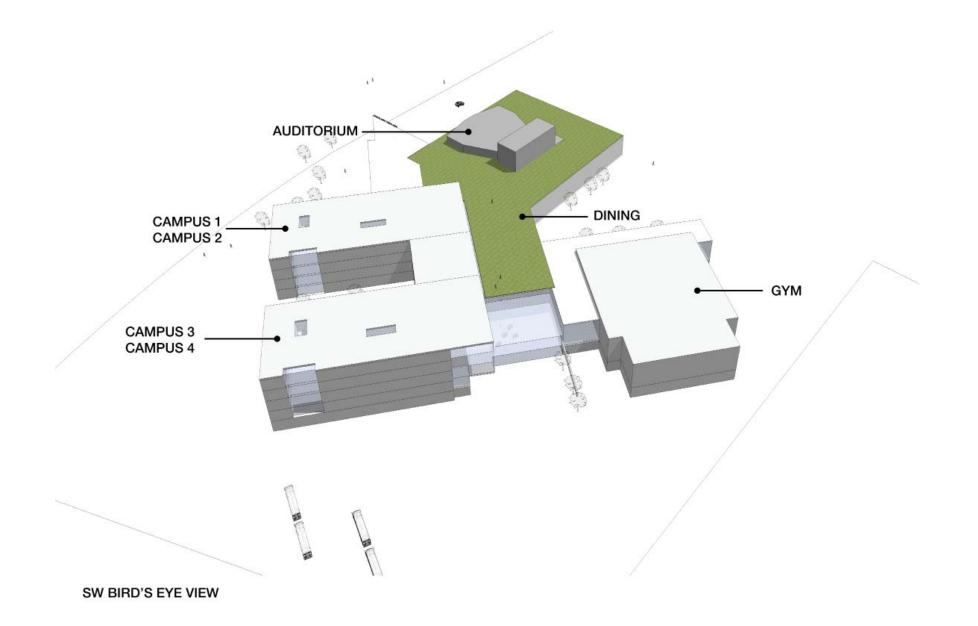
NE BIRD'S EYE VIEW



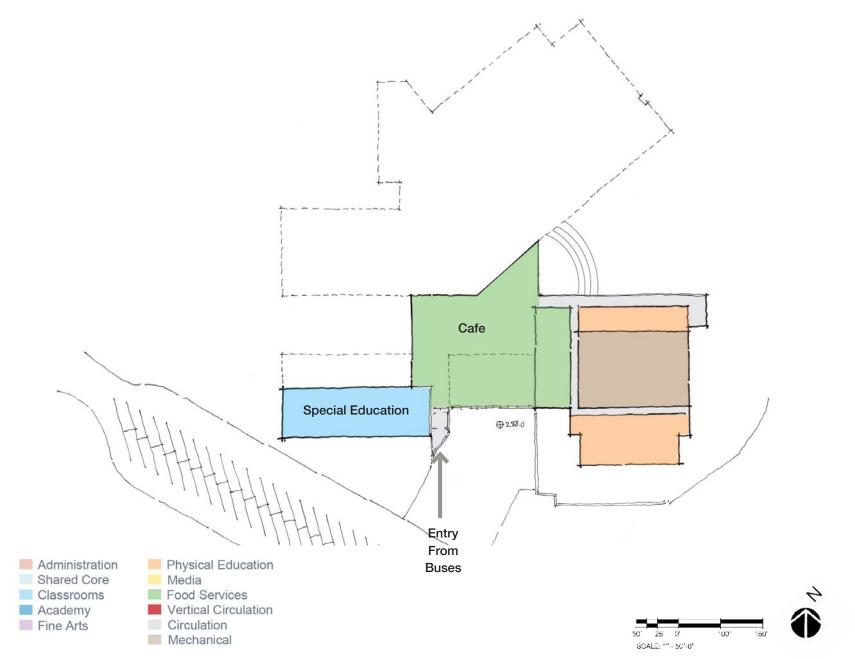
NW BIRD'S EYE VIEW



SE BIRD'S EYE VIEW







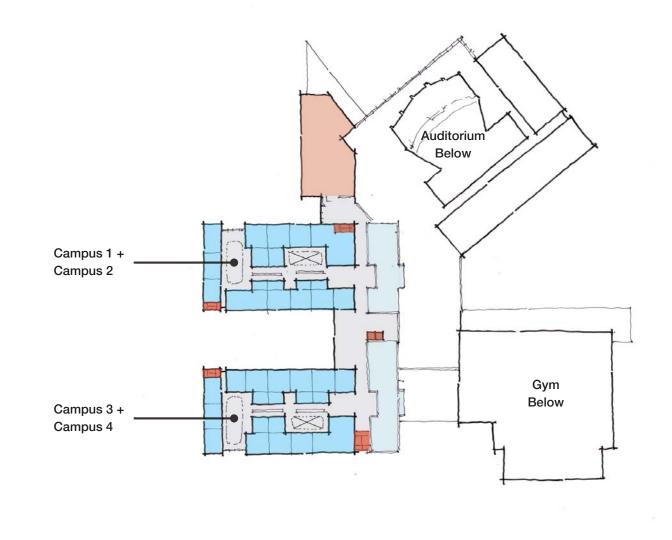
Partial Reuse Scheme Lower Floor Plan

High Point High School Feasibility Study Page 100

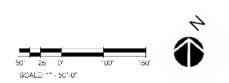


Partial Reuse Scheme First Floor Plan



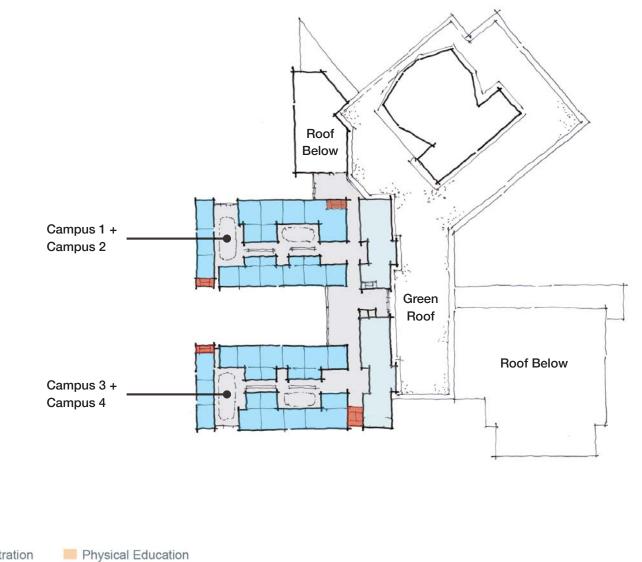


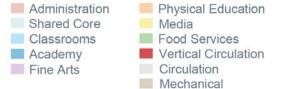




Partial Reuse Scheme Second Floor Plan

High Point High School Feasibility Study Page 102

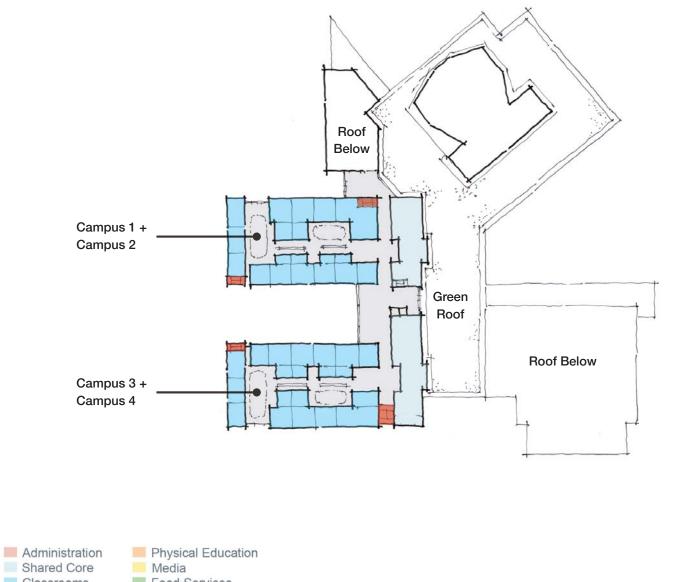


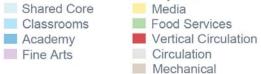


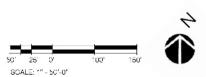
SGT 26' 0' 100' 160'

Partial Reuse Scheme Third Floor Plan



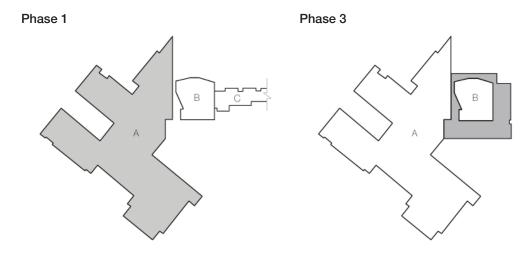




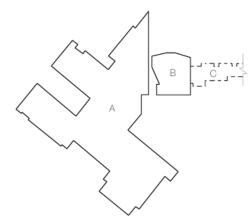


Partial Reuse Scheme Fourth Floor Plan

High Point High School Feasibility Study Page 104



Phase 2







High Point High School Feasibility Study Page 105

Recommendations

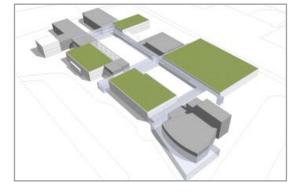




Major/Minor Educational Program Deficiencies

Max Renovation Scheme

Area = 402,871 gsf



- Meets Ed Spec w/Exception of Baseball Field
- Longer Construction Period 3.5 4 years
- Preserves 52% of existing building
- Adaptive Re-use a very sustainable approach
- Preserves superior interior materials
- Preserves Existing Auditorium
- New Gym, Cafeteria, Media Center at "Heart"
- New Arts Wing
- New Building Exterior
- Accessible Throughout
- Regional Special Ed at Grade/Bus Drop-off

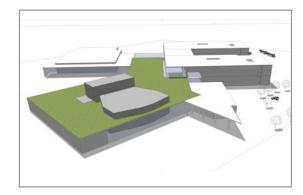
New Construction Scheme

Area = 411,705 gsf

- Meets Ed Spec
- Shortest Construction Period 2 years
- New Auditorium at "Heart" of School
- Separates Bus and Drop-Off Circulation
- New Media Center above front entrance
- Parking Consolidated
- Entry Frontal to Powder Mill Road
- Strong Site Lines to Rear of Site
- Academic Wings Separate from Entry Zone
- Regional Special Ed at Grade/Bus Drop-off

Partial Reuse (Hybrid) Scheme

Area = 394,013 gsf



- Meets Ed Spec
- Shorter Construction Period 2.5 years
- Preserves Existing Auditorium
- Entry Pulled Close to Powder Mill Road
- Fields Abut Powder Mill Road
- Parking Located in Middle of Site
- Separates Bus and Drop-Off Circulation
- Academic Wing Separate from Entry Zone
- Student Dining/Media Center at "Heart" of School
- Optimal Solar Orientation for Academic Wings
- Regional Special Ed at Grade/Bus Drop-off

Recommendations

Architectural Design

The three schemes developed for this feasibility study represent the culmination of the numerous concepts explored for the re-use of the existing building and for this site. Those that you see here were found to best meet the project criteria: satisfy the programmatic needs of the full Ed Spec, solve existing problems inherent in the current site layout, ie. separation of co-mingled bus and pedestrian circulation, provide a site campus and building of appropriate configuration and character and, last, offer the highest and best use of the existing resources – land and building. Each scheme has been developed with the understanding that future expansion is highly likely and thought given to how that might be best achieved. In addition to expansion outside the building envelope considerable conversation has been devoted to the necessity for program expansion and contraction within the school, in particular within the academic portion of the school, where academy programs may fluctuate in size as career fields grow and shrink in demand.

The existing site offers certain inherent challenges and opportunities by virtue of its size, configuration, and location. Although large at 38.8 acres the site has street access from only one side along Powder Mill Road making it challenging to bring vehicular access to the rear of the T-shaped site into the leg of the T. The leg of the T is also constricted to the point that a regulation baseball field may not be accommodated there. The fields located there currently are both undersized per the Ed Spec. This restrictions means that the baseball field must be located at the portion of the site parallel to the main road and doing so places the athletic fields very close to the school building. Sites shown for the All New and Partial Reuse schemes both show a site layouts that feature and maximize this close proximity with stands adjacent to the school and locker rooms. This results in a dense site use that is more typically found on urban schools. By locating the athletic facilities at the middle of the site the fields are then able to exist at a mid-point elevation in the 3 story grade change that occurs across the site from north to south. This places the football and baseball field at an elevation that sits below

Powder Mill Road shielding it slightly from view from the road. The Max Renovation scheme is restrictive enough in the use of the site by virtue of the re-use of the existing building that the regulation baseball field required by the Ed Spec cannot be accommodated on the site. The All New and Partial Reuse scheme offer far stronger site use schemes as a result. The three building schemes may best be evaluated in terms of the projects goals pre-established by both Ed Spec and through program development for the new educational space. Those goals are as follows:

- 1. Provide a school entrance that is central, inviting and well defined
- 2. Provide public side activity and academic spaces that serve community needs Media Center, Auditorium, etc.
- 3. Provide a "heart" to the school in the form of central gathering space
- Locate an element of the program that is large enough to accommodate an arrival/dismissal student waiting area near the bus drop-off – 1300 students
- 5. Provide academic campuses that allow for distinct identities and control of circulation
- 6. Provide an academic environment that encourages inter-disciplinary collaboration
- Integrate sustainability not only into the architecture but also into academic activities as living learning teaching tool - urban gardening – from farm to table, recycling/composting, etc.
- 8. Provide spaces that foster strong community involvement and corporate partnerships
- 9. Ensure a safe and accessible environment for all

In light of the goals referred to above reuse of the existing building is challenging. Much of the existing school is inaccessible due to level changes, parts of the school are remote from view/traffic and both lack of central gather space and distance between ends of the building make for a decentralized, sprawled school layout. Positive aspect of the existing school include the building/solar orientation parallel to Powder Mill Road, the existing Auditorium which is the largest in the county, and the quality of the existing construction and level of finish on the existing school. With this in mind, the Max Renovation scheme utilizes the very best of the remaining school while supplementing with new construction to meet the Ed Spec requirements and does so in a manner that creates an inviting, inspiring 21st century learning environment. Parts of the school that do remain, academic wings in particular, do so in a transformed way with walls removed and a media center at the heart of the main east-west wing. Courtyards create an indoor/ outdoor flow and mix of both education spaces and cafeteria. The resulting academic campuses offer an interesting array of varied spaces with no two campus layouts offering the same configuration. This variety is the strength of Max Renovation scheme whereas the other two schemes offer parity across campuses. Campus expansion in this scheme may be achieved by joining the two campuses at the South-east corner of the building.

The New Construction scheme features an all new construction approach which offers the opposite of the experience implied with the Max Renovation scheme. The building is constructed in from start to finish without interruption and no phasing required. As with many school modernization projects the football becomes the location for the new school and the use of the field is interrupted during construction. This inconvenience is offset by use of a local field in the interim and is generally more than compensated for with the introduction of the new school. The scheme condenses the building program into a highly efficient footprint and a smaller building envelope. The result of which is lower operating costs for energy saved in heating and cooling the building. Campuses in this case are separated each into its own tower. Circulation is separate to each and no cross traffic may occur. Campus identity is strong and collaboration space in the form of a shared atrium between two towers or campuses provides common area. The scheme also locates the campuses into a separate three story campus which could allow for future flexibility of common program and curriculum.

The Partial Reuse scheme offers a hybrid solution that incorporates only the existing auditorium. Through the course of this study we received clear feedback from the school leadership that the existing auditorium is highly functional, sought after and that replacement would waste resources. The decision to do so became clear when an early study of replacement costs yielded an estimate of roughly six million dollars to demolish the existing and construct a new Auditorium. Renovation of the existing Auditorium will also have costs associated to create accessible seating, refurbish seating and bring A/V equipment up to date but reuse does represent significant savings.

Although the Partial Reuse scheme also fronts onto Powder Mill Road the design favors a more urban response to the main road by locating the entry in a readily visible location just at the rear of the front yard setback. The building location in this scheme results in a very efficient use of the site and grade change as the cafeteria/foodservice space sits at the rear of the building and daylights at a lower level. The result is that a main atrium space at the heart of the building just beyond the entry offers a balcony that looks over the cafeteria. The media center too fronts onto this atrium space creating a lively building core. Lastly the academic configuration for this building is that of a two story campus stacked over another two story campus. Two towers each provide this configuration and the result is the provision of twin academic towers – two campuses with grade access and two with rooftop outdoor space access. Rooftop greenhouse and outdoor sitting space/green roof supplement the upper campuses academic space.

It has been jointly determined by the Architects and the Planning Committee that the Partial Reuse scheme offers what is clearly the best solution in all that has been studied. A dense use of the site, athletic facilities that meet Ed Spec, reuse of the existing Auditorium, a shorter construction period of two and a half years, academic space designed specifically for campus use, grand central space which offers a lively combination of spaces – media center, cafeteria, etc. all work together to create a vibrant, thriving school community.

Cost Review

The two pages that follow include recommendations/assumptions inherent in the cost estimates and a comparison of the estimates for each scheme. Costs shown are the hard costs associated with construction and do not include the Owner's soft costs. As a general rule of thumb soft costs can

Recommendations Matrix by Discipline

Category	Max Renovation	New Construction Partial Re-Use						
Architectural30% Glazing, 30% Metal Panel, 30%Exterior/InteriorBrick, 10% Other, 20% Green Roof. Interior finishes – polished concrete, VCT, carpet, wood gym floor and ceramic tile		Same	Same					
Structural	Match existing - Steel frame, composite floor slabs,steel roof deck	Steel frame, composite floor Same slabs + steel roof deck						
Mechanical	Geothermal – Heat Recovery Variable Refrigerant Flow (VRF) Water Source System	Same Same						
Plumbing + Fire Protection	Fully sprinklered, complete piping replacement	Same	Same					
Electrical	Transformer/utility vault + subpanels remain, new feeders + panelboards, new generator, fire alarm system + emergency lighting	Transformer/utility vault remain, new feeders, panelboards, subpanels, generator, fire alarm system + emergency lighting	Transformer/utility vault remain, new feeders, panelboards, subpanels, generator, fire alarm system + emergency lighting					
the remaining project cos project soft costs is as fol Legal fees Architectural and Enginee Permits, fees and expedit	ring design fees ing / Preliminary Design Reviews	Construction Management fees Commissioning Owner's administration 3rd Party construction oversight and testing Licensing fees Property assessment fees Sewage and water connection fees Equipment rental fees Moving costs Temporary staging/storage costs						



Feasibility Study Cost Estimate Comparison

Div. #	Division	%	Max Renovation	%	New Construction	%	Partial Re-Use
1	General Conditions		\$4,500,000		\$3,600,000		\$3,600,000
2	Site Work		\$13,134,786		\$14,429,464		\$14,380,518
3	Concrete		\$3,257,554		\$5,684,899		\$5,256,069
4	Masonry		\$4,877,290		\$4,172,918		\$4,099,198
5	Metals		\$5,208,651		\$9,015,176		\$8,237,663
6	Woods, Plastics & Composites		\$80,574		\$82,341		\$78,803
7	Thermal & Moisture Protection		\$8,105,702		\$5,002,320		\$5,283,031
8	Doors		\$5,014,088		\$4,572,836		\$4,203,656
9	Finishes		\$5,438,406		\$7,030,369		\$7,062,621
10	Specialities		\$1,496,866		\$1,502,608		\$1,491,108
11	Equipment		\$1,050,000		\$1,050,000		\$1,050,000
12	Furnishings		\$1,777,509		\$2,013,252		\$1,721,991
13	Special Constructions		\$1,611,484		\$1,646,820		\$1,576,052
14	Conveying		\$190,000		\$190,000		\$190,000
15	Plumbing		\$3,926,399		\$3,998,396		\$3,854,206
15	Mechanical		\$22,297,252		\$22,466,345		\$21,574,951
16	Electrical		\$13,568,466		\$14,085,598		\$13,530,582
Subtotal			\$93,535,027		\$100,543,342		\$97,190,449
	Phasing Premium	3.0%	\$2,806,051	0.0%		0.0%	
	Design Contingency	5.0%	\$4,817,054	4.0%	\$4,021,734	4.0%	\$3,887,618
	Escalation	7.5%	\$7,586,860	5.5%	\$5,751,079	5.5%	\$5,559,294
	Bonds/Insurance	2.0%	\$2,174,900	2.0%	\$2,206,323	2.0%	\$2,132,747
	GC's Overhead/Profit	4.0%	\$4,349,800	4.0%	\$4,412,646	4.0%	\$4,265,494
Total			\$115,269,692		\$116,935,124		\$113,035,602

Geotechnical Engineering

Max Renovation Scheme

Subsurface conditions for this scheme are believed to be similar to the current building. However, existing fill is expected to be present in the area of new dining hall and new gym. Piles or Geopiers may be required for support of the new gym and dining hall building. Normal spread footings may be feasible for other bumpout sections.

New Construction Scheme

For this scheme, approximately a half of the new building will extend into the existing track field. Although no soil investigation data is available in the track field area, deep fill is expected to be present in the current track field based on our inspection of the existing conditions and topography. Piles or Geopiers may be required for the western half of the proposed building. Normal spread footings may be feasible in other areas.

Partial Reuse (Hybrid) Scheme

New building will extend into the current track field. As mentioned in the above section, relatively deep fill is expected to be present in the western portion of the new building. Piles or Geopiers may be required in the western 1/3 of the new building. However, normal spread footings may be feasible in other areas.

Soil Investigation

For all the above schemes, comprehensive geotechnical investigation will be required to properly evaluate the foundation conditions.

Structural Design

In each concept design the building is comprised of volumes of varying heights offering multiple roof levels with open spaces. In the Max Renovation scheme, there is still a significant amount of new construction including a new Administrative wing, classroom building, Gymnasium and food Service Area in order to comply with current 21st century standards. The present Auditorium will remain as-is with auxiliary spaces. The building also features an open courtyard in the center. There will be several large interior spaces,

some of which may be broken up with folding partitions.

Roof construction would be most efficiently constructed of 4-ply roofing over rigid insulation on galvanized steel roof deck, supported with joists and steel beams. LH joists could be utilized over the gymnasium, cafeteria, and auditorium to provide extended column-free areas. Framed floor construction could be 6.25" total depth concrete on 3" composite steel deck, with studs connecting deck to supporting steel beams. The gymnasium, kitchen, and dining area could be free-space design. Joists with spans ranging from 40'0" to 80'0" would work well to provide the open space required. Primary roof construction could be 4-ply roofing over rigid insulation on galvanized steel roof deck. Depth may be $\frac{1}{2}$ ", 3", 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ ", 6", or 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ " as required by economy.

Lateral load would ideally be resisted by cross-bracing utilizing tubes. This connects to the wide flange or tube columns at each side. The non-lateral columns coulld be wide flange, W shaped columns or round shape and rectangular AESS tube columns, per the architectural agreement. First floor slab would be best as a 6" structural slab on grade, reinforced with 6"x6"-W2.9xW2.9 welded wire fabric. As per the initial foundation report, the building foundation will be spread footing with bearing capacity of 3000-5000 psf.

In the Max Renovation and Partial Reuse schemes, the existing auditorium would remain as is, but alteration is expected with code review and the involvement of future theater consultants. Any structural modification required will be dealt with at a later stage.

Mechanical Design

The proposed design for the Max Renovation scheme will be a Geothermal Heat Recovery Variable Refrigerant Flow Water Source System utilizing vertically drilled heat dissipating ground wells due to the advantages outlined below.

Geothermal Heat Recovery Variable Refrigerant Flow (VRF) Water-Source System Description





The Geothermal Heat Recovery Variable Refrigerant Flow (VRF) Water-Source System is a two-pipe fan coil system which utilizes incremental room units with a combination of a fan and a single heat transfer coil used for both heating and cooling in a common enclosure. Each fan coil unit is served with refrigerant from indoor water-source heat recovery units. Multiple indoor fan coil units can be served from one water source heat pump unit, and the heat pumps have the ability to heat and cool spaces simultaneously.

The water source heat pumps are connected to a ground water loop in order to transfer heat from the geothermal exchange system to the building refrigerant flow system. Ground water will be circulated to each VRF watersource heat recovery unit to provide heating and cooling. The ground water geothermal system utilizes multiple wells to exchange heat between the building and the ground. The relatively constant temperature of the ground provides efficient heat transfer throughout the year. Water source heat pumps act as heat exchangers between the building and the ground water, and water is moved through ground wells (approximately twenty feet apart) via pumps.

The system also provides heat recovery within the building prior to be discharged to the ground loop. In order to accomplish this, the refrigerant system transfers heat within the building to utilize excess heat from one space to provide heat to another space that requires it. The flow of refrigerant is modulated to maintain space temperatures, and thermostats are located at the room level for individual temperature control. Room air is re-circulated through the unit by the fan, heated or cooled, and filtered before being discharged back to the space. Outside air is conditioned to room temperature setting via dedicated outdoor air units, distributed throughout the building via ductwork and either directly ducted to the fan coil unit or introduced into the occupied space for mixing within the space.

System Advantages

- Built-in ability to recover heat throughout the building during normal operation.
- Due to the ability to recover heat in two stages (through the VRF

operation and then through the Geothermal operation) there is a higher life expectancy of the geothermal system due to minimized utilization

- Highest operational energy efficiency available.
- System performance tailored to individual comfort control
- Low noise operational levels (less than or equal to 40dBA)
- Average system operational and maintenance service required
- Modularity of system and high level of zoning availability watercooled heat recovery units are modular so that energy is saved during lightly occupied periods – only water-cooled heat recovery units zoned to occupied space will run while remaining units are shut down
- Modularity increases reliability only the area of the building that is served by that water-cooled heat recovery unit is impacted if maintenance is required or failure of unit or refrigerant piping occurs while the rest of the building remains operational; pumps for geothermal system will be N+1 redundancy to provide reliability within the geothermal system
- System allows for the highest LEED points accreditation due to its efficiency and renewable energy characteristics.

System Disadvantages

- Presence of refrigerant piping within occupied spaces. Refrigerant sensors may be required in some areas.
- High first cost due to geothermal well drilling.

System Components

The major HVAC equipment of the Geothermal Plant will generally include but not be limited to the following:

Variable Refrigerant Flow Fan Coils and Heat Recovery Water-Source VRF Units: VRF fan coil units will provide heating and cooling throughout the school and will be used to suite the spaces being served to provide proper cooling and heating. Each VRF fan coil unit will be connected to central refrigerant circuits running throughout the building that will connect

Appendix i



Educational Specifications Summary

HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL		ED SPEC	ED SPEC						SCHEMES						
5.9.2014															
	ROOMSPACE	TEACHING STATIONS	AUXILIARY SPACES	SF EACH	TOTAL SF	SF TALLY	TS FTE	Max Renovation Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	New Construction Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	Partial Reuse Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec		
01 ADMIN	NISTRATION					6.445		6.045	400	6.005		6.405			
4.04						6,145		6,015	-130	6,205	60	6,195	50		
1.01	Main Office					5,345									
	LOBBY (IN ADDITION TO REG. CIRCULATION)		1	1000	1000										
	WAITIING AREA/RECEPTION		1 1	800 230	800										
	PRINCIPAL'S OFFICE (INCLUDES TLT/SHOWER)				230										
	CONFERENCE ROOM		1 1	300	300										
	ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT'S OFFICE		1	120	120										
	BUSINESS MANAGER'S OFFICE/VAULT ADMINISTRATIVE WORKROOM		1	150 300	150 300										
	ADMINISTRATIVE WORKROOM ADMINISTRATVE SUPPLY STORAGE		1	75	75										
	MAIL ROOM		1	250	250										
	ATTENDANCE OFFICE		1	200	200										
	RECORDS STORAGE		1	600	600										
	SECURITY CENTER/OFFICE		1	450	450										
	SUPPLY (GENERAL) STORAGE		1	450	450										
	TELECOM/HEAD END ROOM		1	300	300										
	IT COORDINATOR OFFICE		1	120	120										
			1	120	120										
1.02	Faculty Support					800									
	STAFF BREAK ROOM		1	800	800										
02 STUDE	INT SERVICES					5,530		5.505	-25	5,575	45	5 5 25	-5		
2.01	Guidance					2,810		5,505	-25	5,575	45	5,525	-5		
2.01	OFFICES		0	120	960	2,810									
	RECEPTION/WORK AREA		1	200	200										
	CONFERENCE/TESTING ROOMS		2	200/300	500										
	CAREER CENTER		1	850	850										
	SCHOOL TO CAREER COORDINATOR OFFICE		1	150	150										
	REGISTRAR (MAY BE IN ADMIN SUITE)		1	150	150										
2.02	Health Suite		1	150	150	1,070									
2.02	WAITING AREA/RECEPTION		1	200	200	1,070									
	OFFICE (SHARED W/ 2 NURSES)		1	200	200										
	TREATMENT AREA		1	150	150										
	ISOLATION ROOM		1	120	120										
	COTS		2	100	200										
	STORAGE		1	50	50										
	TOILETS (ONE PER COT AREA; ONE PER ADULT)		3	50	150										
2.03	Health Clinic (optional)		-			1,000									
	WAITING AREA/RECEPTION		1	130	130	,									

HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL		ED SPEC	ED SPEC						SCHEMES						
5.9.2014															
	ROOMSPACE	TEACHING STATIONS	AUXILIARY SPACES	SF EACH	TOTALSF	SF TALLY	TS FTE	Max Renovation Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	New Construction Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	Partial Reuse Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec		
2.04	PROVIDER OFFICES EXAM ROOMS DENTAL SUITE (CHECK UP ONLY) LAB/RECORDS ROOM STORAGE TOILETS (ONE PER COT AREA; ONE PER ADULT) Student Services		2 2 1 1 2 2	120 80 120 200 50 50	240 160 120 200 50 100	650									
	SCHOOL STORE PUBLICATIONS ROOM		1 1	250 400	250 400										
		0					0								
03 SPECIA	L EDUCATION														
						8,600		8,826	226	8,815	215	8,675	75		
3.01	General					2,400									
	CLASSROOM (5 CRI, 2 FULL TIME, READ 180) OT/PT/SPEECH SUITE/STORAGE LIFE SKILLS LAB RESOURCE ROOM	0	1 1 2	850 400 800 500	0 400 800 1000										
	SENSORY/QUIET ROOM		1	200	200										
3.02	Admin suite CO-TEACHER SUITE TEACHER WORKROOM OFFICE/COORDINATOR CONFERENCE ROOM OFFICE		1 1 1 1 3	900 400 150 300 150	900 400 150 300 450	2,200									
0.01	Regional Program					8,600									
	CLASSROOMS TOILET/CHANGING ROOMS EQUIPMENT PARKING CLASSROOM STORAGE		5 5 5 5	1000 150 150 240	5,000 750 750 1,200										
	OT/PTM.O.V.E. ROOM LAUNDRY ROOM SPEECH THERAPY		1 1 1	900 80 300	900 80 300										
	COORDINATOR OFFICE SECURE RECORD STORAGE ITINERANT/SPECIALIST STAFF OFFICE		1 1 1	150 60 400	150 60 400										
	CONFERENCE ROOM HEALTH ROOM W/TOILETS		1 1	400 1700	400 1700		0								
		0					0	I		l					

HIGH POI	NT HIGH SCHOOL	ED SPEC						SCHEMES					
5.9.2014	ROOMSPACE	TEACHING STATIONS	AUXILIARY SPACES	SF EACH	TOTAL SF	SF TALLY	TS FTE	Max Renovation Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	New Construction Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	Partial Reuse Scheme	Diff fr Ed Snec
04 TEACH	ING AND LEARNING (CORE ACADEMIC SHARED BETWEEN 4 CAMPUSES)												
4.01	Care Academia					35,600 3,400		35,457	-143	35,605	5	35,748	148
4.01	Core Academic PROJECT/LECTURE AREA		1	2800	2800	3,400							
	ALTERNATE EDUCATION CLASSROOM	1	1	600	600		1						
	HEALTH LAB	1		900	900		1						
4.02	Technology Hub					2,000							
	TECHNOLOGY HUB (60 STATIONS)	2		2000	2000		2						
4.03	Foundations of Technology					6,900							
	ACADEMIC CLASSROOM/STUDIOS	4		900	2700		4						
	PRODUCTION AREA (DIVIDABLE)		1	2400	2400								
	MATERIAL STORAGE		1	800	800								
	STUDENT STORAGE		3	250	750								
4.04	COLLAB./PARTNERSHIP OFFICE		1	250	250	F F00							
4.04	Other JOURNALISM, BUSINESS, AND FASHION DESIGN	5		1100	5500	5,500	5						
	JOORNALISM, BOSINESS, AND LASHION DESIGN	5		1100	5500		5						
4.05	ESOL/AVID					3,100							
	CLASSROOMS (PLUS 2 IN EA LEARNING COMM.)	2		850	1700	,	2						
	BLENDED LEARNING LAB		1	500	500								
	CO-TEACHER SUITE		1	900	900								
4.06	ESOL/AVID Parent Center					1,450							
	RECEPTION		1	150	150								
			2	150	300								
	PARENT RESOURCE ROOM PANTRY/STORAGE		1 1	700 300	700 300								
	CANTRI/STORAGE		T	500	500								
4.07	Special Ed General					11,050							
	CLASSROOM (5 CRI, 2 FULL TIME, READ 180)	8		850	6800	11,000	8						
	OT/PT/SPEECH SUITE/STORAGE		1	400	400		-						
	LIFE SKILLS LAB		1	800	800								
	RESOURCE ROOM		6	475	2850								
	SENSORY/QUIET ROOM		1	200	200								
4.08	Special Ed Admin suite					2,200							
	CO-TEACHER SUITE		1	900	900								
	TEACHER WORKROOM		1	400	400								
	OFFICE/COORDINATOR		1	150	150								
	CONFERENCE ROOM	1	1	300	300			1					1
	OFFICE		3	150	450								

HIGH POI	NT HIGH SCHOOL	ED SPEC						SCHEMES					
5.9.2014	ROOMSPACE	TEACHING STATIONS	AUXILIARY SPACES	SF EACH	TOTAL SF	SF TALLY	TS FTE	Max Renovation Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	New Construction Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	Partial Reuse Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec
	TL OF ALL CAMPUS/ACADEMY					114,620		114,610	-10	115,005	385	114,958	338
05 Campu	s 1 - Environmental Science Academy (Capacity 600)		_	_	_	20.705	_						
5.01	Teaching and Learning Spaces (Core Academic)					28,785 12,525							
5.01	ACADEMIC CLASSROOMS/STUDIOS MULTIPURPOSE STUDIOS LEARNING CENTER COMMONS	11	1 1	925 1100 1250	10175 1100 1250		11						
5.02	Guidance					240							
	OFFICES		2	120	240								
5.03	Special Education					500							
5.04	RESOURCE ROOM		1	500	500	4 700							
5.04	ESOL/AVID CLASSROOMS (2 IN EA CAMPUS)	2		850	1700	1,700	2						
5.05	Foreign Language	2		630	1700	900	2						
5.05	FOREIGN LANGUAGE BLENDED LEARNING LABS	2		450	900	500	2						
5.06	Academy Spaces	_		150	500	5,650	-						
	ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECT LAB/CLASSROOM PREP/STORAGE GREENHOUSE EQUIPMENT STORAGE PARTNERSHIP OFFICE/CONFERENCE	2	2 1 1 1	1800 200 1200 200 250	3600 400 1200 200 250		2						
5.07	Academy Support Suite					1,270							
	RECEPTION ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES TEACHER WORKROOM DEPARTMENT OFFICE/STORAGE CONFERENCE ROOMS		1 1 1 1	100 120 400 250 400	100 120 400 250 400								
5.08	Science Labs					4,200							
	SCIENCE SUITE - WET LAB - AP BIOLOGY LAB SCIENCE SUITE - CLASSROOM	1 2		1400 1400	1400 2800		1 2						
5.09	Science Support					1,800							
	PREP DEPT STORAGE/CHEMICAL STORAGE	20	7 2	200 200	1400 400		20						

HIGH POI	NT HIGH SCHOOL	ED SPEC						SCHEMES					
5.9.2014													
	ROOMSPACE	TEACHING STATIONS	AUXILIARY SPACES	SF EACH	TOTAL SF	SF TALLY	TS FTE	Max Renovation Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	New Construction Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	Partial Reuse Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec
06 Campu	is 2 - Engineering and Science Academy (Capacity 600)		_	_	_	27,660	_					_	
6.01	Teaching and Learning Spaces (Core Academic)					11,600							1
	ACADEMIC CLASSROOMS/STUDIOS	10		925	9250		10						1
	MULTIPURPOSE STUDIOS		1	1100	1100								1
	LEARNING CENTER COMMONS		1	1250	1250								1
6.02	Guidance					240							1
6.02	OFFICES		2	120	240	500							1
6.03	Special Education RESOURCE ROOM		1	500	500	500							1
6.04	ESOL/AVID		1	500	500	1,700							1
0.04	CLASSROOMS (2 IN EA CAMPUS)	2		850	1700	1,700	2						1
6.05	Foreign Language	-		050	1700	900	2						1
	FOREIGN LANGUAGE BLENDED LEARNING LABS	2		450	900		2						1
6.06	Academy Spaces					4,450							1
	PLTW LAB	1		1600	1600		1						1
	PLTW WORKSHOP	1		1100	1100		1						1
	COMPUTER SCIENCE	1		1100	1100		1						1
	PREP/STORAGE		2	200	400								1
	PARTNERSHIP OFFICE/CONFERENCE		1	250	250								1
6.07	Academy Support Suite					870							1
	RECEPTION		1	100	100								1
	ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES TEACHER WORKROOM		1 1	120 400	120 400								1
	DEPARTMENT OFFICE/STORAGE		1	400 250	400 250								1
	CONFERENCE ROOMS		0	400	0								1
6.08	Science Labs		0	100	Ū	5,600							1
	SCIENCE SUITE - WET LAB - CHEMISTRY LAB	1		1400	1400	.,	1	1					1
	SCIENCE SUITE - CLASSROOM	2		1400	2800		2						
	PHYSICS LAB	1	1	1400	1400		1						1
6.09	Science Support					1,800							1
	PREP		7	200	1400								
	DEPT STORAGE/CHEMICAL STORAGE		2	200	400								1
07.0		21					21						
07 Campu	is 3 - Homeland Security and Militrary Science (Capacity 600)					28 120							
7.01	Teaching and Learning Spaces (Core Academic)					28,120 11,600							1
7.01	ACADEMIC CLASSROOMS/STUDIOS	10		925	9250	11,000	10						1
	MULTIPURPOSE STUDIOS	10	1	1100	1100		10						
	LEARNING CENTER COMMONS		1	1250	1250								1

HIGH POI	INT HIGH SCHOOL	ED SPEC						SCHEMES					
5.9.2014	ROOMSPACE	TEACHING STATIONS	AUXILIARY SPACES	SF EACH	TOTAL SF	SF TALLY	TS FTE	Max Renovation Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	New Construction Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	Partial Reuse Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec
7.02	Guidance					240							
	OFFICES		2	120	240								
7.03	Special Education					500							
	RESOURCE ROOM		1	500	500								
7.04	ESOL/AVID		_			1,700							
	CLASSROOMS (2 IN EA CAMPUS)	2		850	1700		2						
7.05	Foreign Language					900							
7.00	FOREIGN LANGUAGE BLENDED LEARNING LABS	2		450	900	5.010	2						
7.06	Academy Spaces	2		900	1900	5,910	2						
	CLASSROOMS AEROSPACE/CYBER SECURITY LAB	1		3000	1800 3000		2						
	OFFICE CENTER	1	1	250	250		1						
	ARMORY STORAGE		1	300	300								
	UNIFORM STORAGE		1	560	560								
7.07	Academy Support Suite		1	500	500	1,270							
7.07	RECEPTION		1	100	100	1,270							
	ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES		1	120	120								
	TEACHER WORKROOM		1	400	400								
	DEPARTMENT OFFICE/STORAGE		1	250	250								
	CONFERENCE ROOMS		1	400	400								
7.08	Science Labs					4,200							
	SCIENCE SUITE - WET LAB	1	1	1400	1400	,	1						
	SCIENCE SUITE - CLASSROOM	2	2	1400	2800		2						
7.09	Science Support					1,800							
	PREP		7	200	1400								
	DEPT STORAGE/CHEMICAL STORAGE		2	200	400								
		20					20						
08 Campu	us 4 - Hospitality, ProStart and Childcare (Capacity 600)												
						30,055							
8.01	Teaching and Learning Spaces (Core Academic)					12,525							
	ACADEMIC CLASSROOMS/STUDIOS	11		925	10175		11						
	MULTIPURPOSE STUDIOS		1	1100	1100								
	LEARNING CENTER COMMONS		1	1250	1250								
8.02	Guidance					240							
0.05	OFFICES		2	120	240	500							
8.03	Special Education			F 0.0	500	500							
0.01	RESOURCE ROOM		1	500	500	4 700							
8.04		2		050	1700	1,700	2						
0.05	CLASSROOMS (2 IN EA CAMPUS)	2		850	1700	000	2						
8.05		2		450	000	900	2						
I	FOREIGN LANGUAGE BLENDED LEARNING LABS	2		450	900		2	I				I	

HIGH POI	INT HIGH SCHOOL	ED SPEC						SCHEMES					
5.9.2014	l .												
	ROOMSPACE	TEACHING STATIONS	AUXILIARY SPACES	SF EACH	TOTALSF	SF TALLY	TS FTE	Max Renovation Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	New Construction Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	Partial Reuse Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec
8.06	ProStart (Capacity 200-250)					5,020							
	FOOD AND NUTRITION LAB	1		1600	1600		1						
	KITCHEN/CAFÉ	1		2350	2350		1						
	LOCKERS		2	210	420								
	STORAGE		2	200	400								
0.07	PARTNERSHIP OFFICE/CONFERENCES	1		250	250	2 200	1						
8.07	Child Development (Capacity 30) CHILD LAB		1	1150	1150	2,300							
	CLASSROOM	1	1	800	800		1						
	STORAGE	1	1	150	150		I						
	OUTSIDE STORAGE		1	100	100								
	LAUNDRY		1	100	100								
8.08	Academy Support Suite		1	100	100	870							
0.00	RECEPTION		1	100	100	0/0							
	ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES		1	120	120								
	TEACHER WORKROOM		1	400	400								
	DEPARTMENT OFFICE/STORAGE		1	250	250								
	CONFERENCE ROOMS		0	400	0								
8.09	Science Labs					4,200							
	SCIENCE SUITE - WET LAB	1		1400	1400		1						
	SCIENCE SUITE - CLASSROOM	2		1400	2800		2						
8.1	Science Support					1,800							
	PREP		7	200	1400								
	DEPT STORAGE/CHEMICAL STORAGE		2	200	400								
		22					22						_
09 FINE A	ARTS					20.000		10.100	246	10.1.10	0.5.0	10.110	
9.01	Visual Art					39,890 11,000		40,106	216	40,140	250	40,143	253
9.01	MULTI-PURPOSE STUDIO	3		1400	4200	11,000	3						
	3D SCULPTURE	1		1600	1600		1						
	3D CERAMICS	1		1600	1600		1						
	PHOTOGRAPHY/GRAPHIC ARTS	1		1600	1600		1						
	ART COMMONS/GALLERY (PART OF CIRCULATIO		1	1000	1000		-						
	STORAGE	,	6	VARIES	800								
	KILN ROOM		1	200	200								
9.02	Music					6,140							
	INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC	1		2500	2500		1	1					
	VOCAL MUSIC	1		1600	1600		1						
	PRACTICE ROOMS		3	80	240								
	INSTRUMENT STORAGE		2	300	600								
													1

HIGH POI	NT HIGH SCHOOL	ED SPEC						SCHEMES					
.9.2014	ROOMSPACE	TEACHING STATIONS	AUXILIARY SPACES	SF EACH	TOTAL SF	SFTALLY	TS FTE	Max Renovation Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	New Construction Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec		
	KEYBOARDING LAB CHORAL STORAGE		1 1	500 200	500 200								
	MUSIC LIBRARY/OFFICE		1	200	200								
9.03	Drama		-	200	200	2,200							
	DRAMA CLASSROOM	1		1800	1800		1						
	DRAMA STORAGE		1	400	400								
9.04	Auditorium					18,650							
	AUDITORIUM		1	14000	14000								
			1	2000	2000								
	AUDITORIUM STAGE TICKET BOOTH/BOX OFFICE		1 1	2250 75	2250 75								
	SOUND AND LIGHT CONTROL ROOM		1	125	125								
	CHAIR/PIANO STORAGE		1	200	200								
9.05	Performance Support		-	200	200	1,900							
	COSTUME/PROP STORAGE		2	200	400								
	SCENE SHOP/STORAGE		1	900	900								
	DRESSING ROOMS		2	300	600								
0 PHYSIC	CAL EDUCATION	9					9						
						37,980		37,989	9	37,900	-80		
10.01	Physical Education					26,880							
	GYMNASIUM + SEATING(2500)	1	1	14000	14000		1						
	AUXILIARY GYM	1	1	6500	6500		1						
	WRESTLING ROOM	1	1	1680	1680		1						
	FITNESS/WEIGHT ROOM	1	1	2800	2800		1						
10.02	DANCE/ACTIVITY ROOM Support	1	1	1900	1900	11,100	1						
10.02	LOBBY (IN ADDITION TO REG. CIRCULATION)		1	1200	1200	11,100							
	PE LOCKER ROOMS/STORAGE		2	1800	3600								
	TEAM LOCKER ROOMS		3	VARIES	2400								
	DEPT. OFFICES		2	150	300								
	STAFF/COACHES WORKROOM W/ TOILETS		1	800	800								
	ATHLETIC DIRECTORS OFFICE		1	150	150								
	STORAGE		5	VARIES	2000								
	CONCESSION		1	200	200								
	TRAINING ROOM	1	1	300	300		1						
	LAUNDRY		1	150	150		6						
		6					6	1					

HIGH POIN	NT HIGH SCHOOL	ED SPEC						SCHEMES					
5.9.2014	ROOMSPACE	TEACHING STATIONS	AUXILIARY SPACES	SF EACH	TOTAL SF	SF TALLY	TS FTE	Max Renovation Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	New Construction Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec	Partial Reuse Scheme	Diff fr Ed Spec
11 MEDIA						42.220		42.025	205	42.200	42	42.000	200
44.04	Madia Cantan					13,220		12,925	-295	13,208	-12	13,600	380
11.01	Media Center MEDIA ROOM		1	7000	7000	9,000							i l
1	MEDIA KOOM		1	1000	1000								í – I
1	COMPUTER RESEARCH CLASSROOM		1	1000	1000								(L
11.02			-	1000	1000	1,150							1
11.02	CONFERENCE ROOM		1	750	750	1,150							í – I
1	PROFESSIONAL LIBRARY		1	250	250								1
1	INSTRUCTIONAL COACH OFFICE		1	150	150								i l
11.03	Multi-Media Production/TV					1,700							1
	EDITING SUITE/CLASSROOM		1	900	900								i l
1	STUDIO		1	400	400								i l
1	STORAGE		1	200	200								i l
1	CONTROL BOOTH		1	200	200								i l
11.04	Support					1,370							i l
1	STAFF TOILET		1	40	40								1
	OFFICE		1	200	200								1
	WORKROOM		1	300	300								i l
	EQUIPMENT STORAGE		1	180/350	530								1
	HEAD END ROOM		1	300	300								i l
		0					0						í
12 FOOD S	SERVICES												
42.04						19,900		19,835	-65	19,925	25	20,460	560
12.01			1	12000	12000	12,000							i l
12.02	CAFETERIA/COMMONS		1	12000	12000	7.000							i l
12.02	Food Service KITCHEN		1	5500	5500	7,900							i l
1	KITCHEN	0	T	5500	3500		0						í
13 BUILDI	NG SERVICES						0						
						1,400		1,325	-75	1,350	-50	1,332	-68
13.01	Maintenance/Operations												
1	CUSTODIAL SHOP		1	400	400								
1	CUSTODIAL OFFICE		1	100	100								
1	CUSTODIAL STORAGE		2	300	600								
	Total Teaching Stations	121											
1	Total FTE Capacity	121					121						
	Total FIE Capacity Total Net Square Footage					282,885	121						
i i													
1	TOTAL GROSS AREA					396,039							• •

Appendix ii



Codes and Regulations

Overview

High Point High School, originally built in 1954 with additions in 1966 and 1975, is a combination of separate single and multi-story wings of various construction types: predominately structural steel frame with steel roof deck, but also reinforced concrete frame with pre-cast concrete waffle slab roof. Floors are concrete slabs and the exterior walls are comprised of masonry construction.

The Administrative Wing is the only component of the building that has fire sprinklers.

Toilet facilities are provided by group toilet rooms.

Applicable Building, Fire and Related Codes and Regulations

The current codes and regulations that have purview over this project are as follows:

- 2012-Maryland Building Performance Standards Regulations (COMAR 05.02.07)
- 2012-International Building Code (IBC) and Subtitle 4 Prince George's County Building Code
- 2012-International Mechanical Code
- 2012-International Energy Conservation Code
- 2012-International Fuel Gas Code
- 2012-National Electrical Code
- 2012-NFPA 101 Life Safety Code and Subtitle 11 Prince George's County Fire Safety Code
- ANSI Standard S12.60 Classroom Acoustics
- ASHRAE Standards
- Prince George's County Subtitle 4, Sec. 4-180 Chapter 11 Accessibility
- 2012-Maryland Accessibility Code (COMAR 05.02.02)
- 2010 Americans with Disabilities Act Accessible Guidelines
- State of Maryland Department of Education Guidelines and DGS Standards

2012-International Building Code (IBC)

Use and Occupancy (IBC - Section 305):

- E Education
- A2 Cafeteria
- A3 Gymnasium

Type of Construction (IBC – Sections 602, T601):

- Type IB, non-combustible, protected, or
- Type IIA, non-combustible, protected, or
- Type IIB, non-combustible, protected

Existing Height and Area:

- Existing Building: 4 stories
- Total Area: 318,376 SF
- Total Area to be Renovated:
 - o Scheme A Renovation: 203,031 SF
 - o Scheme C Hybrid: 22,683 SF

Proposed Area:

	Scheme A Maximum Renovation	Scheme B New Construction	Scheme C Hybrid
Renovation Area	203,031 SF	0 SF	22,683 SF
Addition Area	199,840 SF	0 SF	371,330 SF
Total Area	402,871 SF	411,705 SF	394,013 SF
Area of Largest Floor	190,694 SF	204,722 SF	207,843 SF

Allowable Height and Area (IBC – Table 503):

- Type IB: 5 stores, 160' height, Unlimited Area per floor
- Type IIA: 3 stores, 65' height, 26,500 SF per floor
- Type IIB, 2 stores, 55' height, 14,500 SF per floor
- Area Modifications (IBC Section 506):
 - o 200% for sprinklered buildings (506.3)
 - o 1% for each percent accessible perimeter above 25% accessible
- Modified area assuming fully sprinklered with 50% accessible perimeter
 - o Type IIA:
 - o Type IIB:
- Modified height assuming fully sprinklered:
 - o Type IIA:
 - o Type IIB:

Separation of Occupancies: Education from Assembly

- No separation requirement with or without sprinklers (IBC T508.3.3)
- Two Hour separation reduced to One Hour with sprinklers [NFPA Table 6.1.14.4.1(a)]

Fire Resistance ratings in hours (IBC T601, T602)

Construction Type	IB	IIA	IIB
Structural Frame	2	1	0
Bearing Walls (Interior)	2	1	0
Bearing Walls (Exterior)	2	1	0
Nonbearing Walls	0	0	0
Floor Construction	2	1	0
Roof Construction	1	1	0

Occupant Load (T 1004.1.1)

- Classrooms:20 NSF per person
- Shops and other vocational areas: 50 NSF per person
- Gymnasium (un-concentrated): 15 NSF per person
- Cafeteria (un-concentrated tables and chairs): 15 NSF per person

Means of Egress

- Means of egress that provide a continuous and unobstructed path of vertical and horizontal egress travel to a public way: Two (2) Exits required. Occupant Load of 501 – 1000: Three (3) Exits required. Occupant Load above 1,000: Four (4) Exits required.
- Accessible Exits: One (1) required.
- Signage indicating an accessible entrance shall be provided in compliance with IBC 1110.

Means of Egress Components

- Minimum Corridor Width: 6 Feet
- Stair Width: 0.2 inches per person (w/sprinkler)
- Doors and Ramps: 0.15 inches per person (w/sprinkler)

Exit Access Travel Distance

- Maximum travel distance for occupancy with sprinkler system: 250 Feet (IBC 1016, T1016.1).
- Maximum travel distance for occupancy with sprinkler system: 200 Feet (NFPA 14.2.6.3).

Dead End Corridor (IBC 1018.4), (NFPA 14.2.5.2)

• With sprinkler system: 50 Feet



Fire Rated Construction

	Unsprinklered	Sprinklered	Smoke Resistant Construction	
Corridors	1	0	Yes	(IBC T1018.1)
Stairs	2	0	Yes	
Mechanical Room (large boilers or furnaces)	1	0	Yes	(T509)
Storage exc. 100 SF	0	0	Yes	(T509) no longer listed

**Note: Fire and smoke dampers shall be provided at shafts.

• Smoke Control (508.2.2.1): Where Table 508.2 permits an automatic fire extinguishing system without a fire barrier, the incidental use area shall be separated by construction capable of resisting the passage of smoke.

Shaft enclosures including stair and elevator (IBC 713):

- 4 stories or more: 2 hour, but not less than floor penetrated
- Less than 4 stories: 1 hour, but not less than floor penetrated

E.4 NFPA Chapter 14 - New Education Occupancies

Means of Egress

- Common path of travel not to exceed 100 feet with sprinklers (14.2.5.3.1).
- Rooms or spaces larger than 1,000 SF, or with occupancy greater than 50: Two exist access doors required (14.2.5.4).
- Windows for rescue: Not required in a sprinkled building

Means of Egress Components

- Minimum Corridor Width: 6 Feet
- Stair Width: 0.3 inches per person
- Doors and Ramps: 0.2 inches per person

Protection from Hazards (14.3.2)

- Separation from the rest of the building by 1-hour not required with sprinklers:
 - o Janitor's Closets
 - o Mechanical Rooms with boilers of furnace
- Cooking facilities shall be protected in accordance with 9.2.3
- Openings shall not be require protection between food preparation areas and dining areas
- Alcohol based Hand-rub dispensers (14.3.2.4):
 - o Dispenser shall be installed in rooms and spaces separate from corridors

Subdivision of Building Space

- Subdivide into compartments with smoke partitions of not less than 1 hour rating not required in sprinkelered building (14.3.7.2)
- Corridor Walls are not required to be rated provided that they are smoke partitions (14.3.6)

E.5 International Energy Code

Zone 4A

Thermal Envelope Requirements:

- Roof: R-25ci
- Walls above grade:
 - o Mass R9.5ci
 - o Metal Framed R-13 + R7.5ci
- Walls below grade: R 7.5ci
- Slab-on-Grade Floors: R-10 for 24 inches below

Lighting Power Density: 1.2 w/sf

Appendix iii



Forty-Year Life Cycle Cost Comparisons

The Forty-Year Life-Cycle Cost Analysis presented herein is:

- A. Calculated on a present value basis.
- B. Set forth in accordance with IAC direction for feasibility studies.
- C. The life-cycle cost analysis here has included the three design options.

The following Tables represent a summary of important values associated with each building scheme:

MAX RENOVATION SCHEME							
Factor	Cost						
Annual Operating Cost per square foot	\$1.09						
Annual Service & Maintenance Cost per square foot	\$0.15						
Total Annual O&M Cost	\$499,529						
Estimated Square Feet	402,871						
Total annual O&M Cost per square foot	\$1.24						
Period (years)	40						
Escalated Rate %	7.5						
Project Cost (A/E Construction Estimate)	\$22,297,252						
Present Value of Total Life Cycle Cost	\$33,737,632						
Future Value of Life Cycle Cost (40-Year)	\$42,247,360						



NEW CONSTRUCTION SCHEME							
Factor	Cost						
Annual Operating Cost per square foot	\$.97						
Annual Service & Maintenance Cost per square foot	\$0.15						
Total Annual O&M Cost	\$461,045						
Estimated Square Feet	411,705						
Total annual O&M Cost per square foot	\$1.12						
Period (years)	40						
Escalated Rate %	5.5						
Project Cost (A/E Construction Estimate)	\$22,466,345						
Present Value of Total Life Cycle Cost	\$33,014,627						
Future Value of Life Cycle Cost (40-Year)	\$40,912,265						

PARTIAL REUSE SCHEME	
Factor	Cost
Annual Operating Cost per square foot	\$.97
Annual Service & Maintenance Cost per square foot	\$0.15
Total Annual O&M Cost	\$441,233
Estimated Square Feet	394,013
Total annual O&M Cost per square foot	\$1.12
Period (years)	40
Escalated Rate %	5.5
Project Cost (A/E Construction Estimate)	\$21,574,951
Present Value of Total Life Cycle Cost	\$31,669,947
Future Value of Life Cycle Cost (40-Year)	\$39,228,204



LII	FE CYCLE COST ANAL	YSIS SUMMARY	
	SCHEME A - "MAXIMUM RENOVATION": GEOTHERMAL VRF SYSTEM	SCHEME B - "ALL NEW": GEOTHERMAL VRF SYSTEM	SCHEME C - "RENOVATION AND NEW": GEOTHERMAL VRF SYSTEM
INSTALLATION COST			
MECHANICAL - BASED ON COST ESTIMATE	\$22,297,252	\$22,466,345	\$21,574,951
TOTAL	\$22,297,252	\$22,466,345	\$21,574,951
ANNUAL OPERATING COSTS			
MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	\$60,300	\$61,756	\$59,102
UTILITY EXPENSE	\$439,229	\$399,289	\$382,131
TOTAL	\$499,529	\$461,045	\$441,233
LIFE CYCLE COSTS (40 YEARS)			
FUTURE VALUE			
INSTALLATION COST	\$22,297,252	\$22,466,345	\$21,574,951
MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	\$2,692,937	\$2,757,950	\$2,639,434
UTILITY EXPENSE	\$17,257,171	\$15,687,971	\$15,013,819
TOTAL	\$42,247,360	\$40,912,265	\$39,228,204
NET PRESENT VALUE*			
INSTALLATION COST	¢22.207.252	¢22.466.245	¢01 574 051
MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	\$22,297,252	\$22,466,345	\$21,574,951
	\$1,287,710.86	\$1,318,798.51	\$1,262,126.42
UTILITY EXPENSE	\$10,152,669.33	\$9,229,483.85	\$8,832,869.70
TOTAL	\$33,737,632	\$33,014,627	\$31,669,947

* Net Present Value = (Cost) x $((1+i)^n-1)/i(1+i)^n$

				LIFE CY	YCLE CC	OST ANA	LYSIS					
		5	CHEME A -	"MAXIMUM	I RENOVAT	'ION": GEOT	HERMAL V	RF SYSTEM	-			
YEAR	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	TOTAL
INSTALLATION COSTS	\$22,297,252	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,297,252
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	-	\$60,300	\$62,410.50	\$64,594.87	\$66,855.69	\$69,195.64	\$71,617.48	\$74,124.10	\$76,718.44	\$79,403.58	\$82,182.71	\$707,403
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - UTILITY EXPENSE	-	\$439,229	\$452,405.48	\$465,977.64	\$479,956.97	\$494,355.68	\$509,186.35	\$524,461.94	\$540,195.80	\$556,401.67	\$573,093.72	\$5,035,264
TOTAL	22,297,252	\$499,529	\$514,816	\$530,573	\$546,813	\$563,551	\$580,804	\$598,586	\$616,914	\$635,805	\$655,276	\$28,039,919
			SCH	IEME B - "AI	LL NEW": GI	OTHERMA	L VRF SYSTI	EM				
YEAR	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	TOTAL
INSTALLATION COSTS	\$22,466,345	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,466,345
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	-	\$61,756	\$63,917	\$66,154	\$68,470	\$70,866	\$73,346	\$75,914	\$78,571	\$81,321	\$84,167	\$724,481
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - UTILITY EXPENSE	-	\$399,289	\$411,268	\$423,606	\$436,314	\$449,404	\$462,886	\$476,772	\$491,076	\$505,808	\$520,982	\$4,577,406
TOTAL	22,466,345	\$461,045	\$475,185	\$489,760	\$504,784	\$520,270	\$536,232	\$552,686	\$569,646	\$587,128	\$605,149	\$27,768,232
			SCHEME C -	"RENOVAT	TION AND N	IEW": GEOT	HERMAL VI	RF SYSTEM				
YEAR	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	TOTAL
INSTALLATION COSTS	\$21,574,951	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$21,574,951
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	-	\$59,102	\$61,171	\$63,311	\$65,527	\$67,821	\$70,195	\$72,651	\$75,194	\$77,826	\$80,550	\$693,348
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - UTILITY EXPENSE	-	\$382,131	\$393,595	\$405,403	\$417,565	\$430,092	\$442,994	\$456,284	\$469,973	\$484,072	\$498,594	\$4,380,703
TOTAL	21,574,951	\$441,233	\$454,765	\$468,714	\$483,092	\$497,913	\$513,189	\$528,936	\$545,167	\$561,898	\$579,144	\$26,649,002

NIST Energy Price Indices and Discouint Factors for Life-Cycle Cost Analysis - 2012 Maintenance Cost Discount Rate = 3.5%

3.0%

Maintenance Cost Discount Rate = Utility Fuel Cost Discount Rate =

SHWGROUP

			LI	FE CYCL	E COST	ANALY	SIS				
	SCHEME A - "MAXIMUM RENOVATION": GEOTHERMAL VRF SYSTEM										
YEAR	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	TOTAL
INSTALLATION COSTS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,297,252
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	\$85,059	\$88,036	\$91,117	\$94,307	\$97,607	\$101,024	\$104,559	\$108,219	\$112,007	\$115,927	\$1,705,265
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - UTILITY EXPENSE	\$590,287	\$607,995	\$626,235	\$645,022	\$664,373	\$684,304	\$704,833	\$725,978	\$747,757	\$770,190	\$11,802,237
TOTAL	\$675,346	\$696,031	\$717,352	\$739,329	\$761,980	\$785,327	\$809,392	\$834,197	\$859,764	\$886,117	\$35,804,754
	1	I	I	1	1	1	1	I	1	1	
			SCHEME	E B - "ALL NH	EW": GEOTH	ERMAL VR	F SYSTEM				
YEAR	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	TOTAL
INSTALLATION COSTS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,466,345
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	\$87,113	\$90,162	\$93,317	\$96,583	\$99,964	\$103,462	\$107,084	\$110,832	\$114,711	\$118,726	\$1,746,433
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - UTILITY EXPENSE	\$536,612	\$552,710	\$569,291	\$586,370	\$603,961	\$622,080	\$640,742	\$659,965	\$679,764	\$700,156	\$10,729,056
TOTAL	\$623,724	\$642,871	\$662,608	\$682,953	\$703,925	\$725,542	\$747,826	\$770,796	\$794,474	\$818,882	\$34,941,834
	1			1	•		1			1	
		SCHI	EME C - "REI	NOVATION	AND NEW"	GEOTHER	MAL VRF SY	STEM			
YEAR	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	TOTAL
INSTALLATION COSTS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$21,574,951
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	\$83,369	\$86,287	\$89,307	\$92,433	\$95,668	\$99,016	\$102,482	\$106,069	\$109,781	\$113,624	\$1,671,384
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - UTILITY EXPENSE	\$513,552	\$528,959	\$544,827	\$561,172	\$578,007	\$595,348	\$613,208	\$631,604	\$650,552	\$670,069	\$10,268,002
TOTAL	\$596,921	\$615,246	\$634,134	\$653,605	\$673,675	\$694,364	\$715,690	\$737,673	\$760,334	\$783,693	\$33,514,337

	LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS										
	-	SCHE	ME A - "MA	XIMUM REN	NOVATION'	: GEOTHER	MAL VRF S	YSTEM	-	_	
YEAR	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	TOTAL
INSTALLATION COSTS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,297,252
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	\$119,984	\$124,184	\$128,530	\$133,029	\$137,685	\$142,504	\$147,491	\$152,653	\$157,996	\$163,526	\$2,114,986
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - UTILITY EXPENSE	\$793,296	\$817,095	\$841,607	\$866,856	\$892,861	\$919,647	\$947,237	\$975,654	\$1,004,923	\$1,035,071	\$14,129,510
TOTAL	\$913,280	\$941,278	\$970,138	\$999,884	\$1,030,546	\$1,062,151	\$1,094,728	\$1,128,307	\$1,162,920	\$1,198,597	\$38,541,748
	1	1	1	I	1	1	ı	1	1	ı	
	SCHEME B - "ALL NEW": GEOTHERMAL VRF SYSTEM										
YEAR	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	TOTAL
INSTALLATION COSTS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,466,345
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	\$122,881	\$127,182	\$131,633	\$136,240	\$141,009	\$145,944	\$151,052	\$156,339	\$161,811	\$167,474	\$2,166,045
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - UTILITY EXPENSE	\$721,161	\$742,796	\$765,080	\$788,032	\$811,673	\$836,023	\$861,104	\$886,937	\$913,545	\$940,952	\$12,844,710
TOTAL	\$844,042	\$869,978	\$896,713	\$924,272	\$952,682	\$981,967	\$1,012,156	\$1,043,276	\$1,075,356	\$1,108,426	\$37,477,100
		SCHI	EME C - "REM	NOVATION	AND NEW"	GEOTHERI	MAL VRF SY	STEM			
YEAR	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	TOTAL
INSTALLATION COSTS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$21,574,951
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	\$117,600	\$121,716	\$125,976	\$130,386	\$134,949	\$139,672	\$144,561	\$149,621	\$154,857	\$160,277	\$2,072,965
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - UTILITY EXPENSE	\$690,171	\$710,876	\$732,202	\$754,168	\$776,794	\$800,097	\$824,100	\$848,823	\$874,288	\$900,517	\$12,292,740
TOTAL	\$807,771	\$832,593	\$858,179	\$884,554	\$911,743	\$939,770	\$968,661	\$998,444	\$1,029,145	\$1,060,794	\$35,940,656



			LI	FE CYCL	E COST	ANALY	SIS				
SCHEME A - "MAXIMUM RENOVATION": GEOTHERMAL VRF SYSTEM											
YEAR	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	TOTAL
INSTALLATION COSTS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,297,252
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	\$169,250	\$175,173	\$181,304	\$187,650	\$194,218	\$201,016	\$208,051	\$215,333	\$222,869	\$230,670	\$2,692,937
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - UTILITY EXPENSE	\$1,066,123	\$1,098,107	\$1,131,050	\$1,164,982	\$1,199,931	\$1,235,929	\$1,273,007	\$1,311,197	\$1,350,533	\$1,391,049	\$17,257,171
TOTAL	\$1,235,373	\$1,273,280	\$1,312,355	\$1,352,632	\$1,394,149	\$1,436,944	\$1,481,058	\$1,526,530	\$1,573,402	\$1,621,719	\$42,247,360
	1	1	1	1	L	1	1	1	1	1	
			SCHEME	E B - "ALL NH	EW": GEOTH	ERMAL VR	F SYSTEM				
YEAR	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	TOTAL
INSTALLATION COSTS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,466,345
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	\$173,336	\$179,402	\$185,681	\$192,180	\$198,907	\$205,868	\$213,074	\$220,531	\$228,250	\$236,239	\$2,757,950
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - UTILITY EXPENSE	\$969,180	\$998,256	\$1,028,203	\$1,059,049	\$1,090,821	\$1,123,546	\$1,157,252	\$1,191,969	\$1,227,729	\$1,264,560	\$15,687,971
TOTAL	\$1,142,516	\$1,177,658	\$1,213,885	\$1,251,230	\$1,289,728	\$1,329,414	\$1,370,326	\$1,412,501	\$1,455,978	\$1,500,799	\$40,912,265
		SCHI	EME C - "REI	NOVATION	AND NEW"	GEOTHER	MAL VRF SY	STEM			
YEAR	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	TOTAL
INSTALLATION COSTS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$21,574,951
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	\$165,887	\$171,693	\$177,702	\$183,922	\$190,359	\$197,022	\$203,917	\$211,055	\$218,441	\$226,087	\$2,639,434
ANNUAL OPERATING COST - UTILITY EXPENSE	\$927,532	\$955,358	\$984,019	\$1,013,539	\$1,043,946	\$1,075,264	\$1,107,522	\$1,140,747	\$1,174,970	\$1,210,219	\$15,013,819
TOTAL	\$1,093,419	\$1,127,051	\$1,161,721	\$1,197,461	\$1,234,305	\$1,272,286	\$1,311,439	\$1,351,802	\$1,393,411	\$1,436,306	\$39,228,204

ANNUAL OPERATING COST - MAINTENANCE EXPENSE								
	SCHEME A	SCHEME B	SCHEME C					
TOTAL BUILDING SF	402,000	411,705	394,013					
MAINTENANCE COST PER SF	\$0.15	\$0.15	\$0.15					
TOTAL MAINTENANCE COST	\$60,300.00	\$61,755.75	\$59,101.95					

ANNUAL OPERATING COST - UTILITY EXPENSE								
YEAR	SCHEME A	SCHEME B	SCHEME C					
TOTAL BUILDING SF	402,000	411,705	394,013					
kWh/SF	8.9	7.9	7.9					
ANNUAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION (KWH)	3,577,800	3,252,470	3,112,703					
CURRENT PEPCO AVERAGE RATE (\$/kWh)**	0.1228	0.1228	0.1228					
TOTAL OPERATING COST	\$439,229	\$399,289	\$382,131					

** Current Rate as of Dec. 2, 2013 utilized. The average of the summer and winter rates were averaged to provide overall average rate.

Appendix iv



HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD

FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE

	TABLE OF CONTENTS	NO. OF PAGES
Prepared for:	NOTES	2
SHW GROUP 1014 MORTON STREET, SUITE 200 BALTIMORE, MD 21201	MASTER SUMMARY	1
	SCHEME A: MAX RENOVATION	11
Prepared by:	SCHEME B: ALL NEW	11
5550 Sterrett Place, Suite 300 Columbia, MD 21044 (410) 740-1671	SCHEME C: HYBRID	11

2014-276

May 9, 2014





May 9, 2014

NOTES

The following cost estimate for "High Point High School" has been developed from the Pdf drawings and schedules prepared by SHW Group Architects.

The project involves the demolition and renovation / new construction of a high school. There are three schemes; A, B & C. Each option involves a different level of renovation / new construction.

The level of pricing in this cost assessment is representative of current day costs of construction in the PG County, MD area assuming that the project will be procured by a general contractor.

The pricing of this cost estimate is based on the price DMS has seen in similar projects in the PG County & MD area.

The level of pricing assumes a fair and reasonable rate of return for overhead and profit for the general contractor and subcontractors and takes into consideration the present economic climate.

This cost estimate has been developed for comparative purposes ONLY and measurements are based upon approximate quantity surveys as detailed as possible relative to the level of design and available documentation. Where quantities are not available, assumptions have been made on historical references to similar type projects recently estimated by DMS.

This cost estimate is an opinion of probable costs based on fair market value, and is not a prediction of the anticipated low bid. DMS has no control over the costs of labor, material, the GC's or any subcontractor's method of determining price or competitive bidding and market conditions.

Contingency: We include a design contingency to cover items that are not designed or included in the estimate for each scheme as follows:

Scheme A5%Scheme B4%Scheme C4%

Escalation: We include an escalation allowance of 2.5% per annum to the midpoint of construction. The escalation allowances for each scheme are therefore:

Scheme A	May 2018 midpoint	7.5% escalation allowance
Scheme B	July 2017 midpoint	5.5% escalation allowance
Scheme C	July 2017 midpoint	5.5% escalation allowance

Page 1 of 2

NOTES

SHWGROUP

May 9, 2014

Consulting Services

DMS

NOTES

Exclusions: We do not include the following items in this estimate:

- Design Fees or other consultant fees
- Legal fees
- Impact or other Government costs
- Loose Furniture, Fittings and Furnishings
- Artwork
- Costs of owners on site representation during the course of construction
- Costs of construction over requested changes or design changes arising during the course of construction
- Costs arising from "sole source" procurement requirements
- Hazmat soils testing/investigation
- Utility company charges
- Temporary classrooms "swing space"
- Hazardous waste handling/removal/abatement
- Life cycle costing
- AV / Telecoms equipment

MASTER SUMMARY



DEDUCT ALTERNATE (INCLUDING MARK-UPS @ 20%)

GREEN ROOF DEDUCT 40,000 SF



MASTER SUMMARY

SCHEME A: MAX RENOVATION NEW BUILDING AREA: 199,840 SF RENOVATED BUILDING AREA: 203,031 SF TOTAL BUILDING AREA: 402,871 SF	\$115,269,692	\$286.12 / GSF
SCHEME B: ALL NEW NEW BUILDING AREA: 411,705 SF RENOVATED BUILDING AREA: 0 SF TOTAL BUILDING AREA: 411,705 SF	\$116,935,122	\$284.03 / GSF
SCHEME C: HYBRID NEW BUILDING AREA: 371,330 SF RENOVATED BUILDING AREA: 22,683 SF TOTAL BUILDING AREA: 394,013 SF	\$113,035,602	\$286.88 / GSF
ADD ALTERNATE (INCLUDING MARK-UPS @ 20%)		
ADD ALILINNAIL (INGLODING MARK-UFS @ 20%)		
PV PANELS: 300 KW SYSTEM MEMA REQUIREMENTS: ATS & PANEL	\$2,430,000 \$36,000	

-\$1,440,000

SCHEME A: MAX RENOVATION

5/9/2014



HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE			Construction Consulting Services	HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE	
SCHEME A: MAX RENOVATION DIVISION SUMMARY				SCHEME A: MAX RENOVATION ESTIMATE DETAIL	
		NEW BUILDING AREA	199,840 GSF		
	RENO	VATED BUILDING AREA	203,031 GSF	ITEM	QUANTITY
		TOTAL BUILDING AREA	402,871 GSF		
				01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	
1 GENERAL CONDITIONS		\$4,500,000	\$11.17 / GSF	Project Management & Coordination	
2 SITEWORK		\$13,134,786	\$32.60 / GSF	personnel / facilities / equipment	4
3 CONCRETE		\$3,257,554	\$8.09 / GSF		
4 MASONRY		\$4,877,290	\$12.11 / GSF		
5 METALS		\$5,208,651	\$12.93 / GSF	01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS TOTAL	
6 WOODS, PLASTICS & COMPOSITES		\$80,574	\$0.20 / GSF		
7 THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION		\$6,105,702	\$15.16 / GSF		
B DOORS		\$5,014,088	\$12.45 / GSF	02 SITEWORK	
9 FINISHES		\$5,438,406	\$13.50 / GSF		
10 SPECIALTIES		\$1,496,866	\$3.72 / GSF	Site Demolition	
11 EQUIPMENT		\$1,050,000	\$2.61 / GSF	demolish existing site hardscaping / landscaping	900,000
12 FURNISHINGS		\$1,777,509	\$4.41 / GSF	demonori oxioting one hardoodping / landoodping	500,000
13 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION		\$1,611,484	\$4.00 / GSF		
14 CONVEYING		\$190,000	\$0.47 / GSF	Building Demolition	
15 PLUMBING		\$3,926,399	\$9.75 / GSF	demolish existing building complete	110.300
15 MECHANICAL		\$22.297.252	\$55.35 / GSF	demolish existing building for full renovation	203,031
16 ELECTRICAL		\$13,568,466	\$33.68 / GSF	demonstrexisting building for full renovation	203,031
SUBTOTAL		\$93,535,027	\$232.17 / GSF	Earth Moving	
				site cut / fill	900,000
PHASING PREMIUM	3.0%	\$2,806,051	\$6.97 / GSF		
SUBTOTAL		\$96,341,078			
				Erosion Control	
DESIGN CONTINGENCY	5.0%	\$4,817,054	\$11.96 / GSF	silt fence	2,000
SUBTOTAL		\$101,158,132		construction fencing/protection	4,000
				maintain erosion control devices	36
ESCALATION	7.5%	\$7,586,860	\$18.83 / GSF		
SUBTOTAL		\$108,744,992			
				Surfacing	
BONDS / INSURANCE	2.0%	\$2,174,900	\$5.40 / GSF	asphalt pavement	352,270
SUBTOTAL		\$110,919,892		curb & gutter	8,045
				concrete paving	60,000
CONTRACTOR'S OVERHEAD & PROFIT	4.0%	\$4,349,800	\$10.80 / GSF	decorative paving	5,000
SUBTOTAL		\$115,269,692		athletic track	50,000
				football field, synthetic turf	100,000
TOTAL		\$115,269,692	\$286.12 / GSF	baseball field, large, sod	150,000
				baseball field, small, sod	48,000
				basketball courts	31,200
				tennis courts	28,600
				termis courts	20,000
				Site Improvements	

HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE					¢,	OMS natrotoe Coulding Services
SCHEME A: MAX RENOVATION ESTIMATE DETAIL						
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL
01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS						
Project Management & Coordination personnel / facilities / equipment	45	mth	\$100,000.00	\$4,500,000	\$4,500,000	
01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS TOTAL						\$4,500,000
02 SITEWORK						
Site Demolition demolish existing site hardscaping / landscaping	900,000	sf	\$0.30	\$270,000	\$270,000	
Building Demolition demolish existing building complete demolish existing building for full renovation	110,300 203,031	sf sf	\$10.00 \$6.00	\$1,103,000 \$1,218,186	\$2,321,186	
Earth Moving site cut / fill	900,000	sf	\$0.30	\$270,000	\$270,000	
Erosion Control					\$270,000	
silt fence	2,000	lf	\$5.00	\$10,000		
construction fencing/protection	4,000	lf	\$12.00	\$48,000		
maintain erosion control devices	36	mos	\$3,000.00	\$108,000	\$166,000	
Surfacing						
asphalt pavement	352,270	sf	\$3.00	\$1,056,810		
curb & gutter	8,045	lf =f	\$22.00	\$176,990		
concrete paving	60,000	sf sf	\$6.50	\$390,000		
decorative paving athletic track	5,000 50,000	sf	\$20.00 \$6.00	\$100,000 \$300,000		
football field, synthetic turf	100,000	si	\$6.00	\$300,000		
baseball field, large, sod	150,000	si	\$12.00	\$1,200,000		
baseball field, small, sod	48,000	si	\$2.50	\$375,000		
basketball courts	31,200	sf	\$6.00	\$187,200		
tennis courts	28,600	sf	\$6.00	\$171,600		
	,		÷:.00		\$4,077,600	
Site Improvements						
bleachers @ athletic track	20,000	sf	\$20.00	\$400,000		
concessions building	4,000	sf	\$150.00	\$600,000		
tickets building	4,000	sf	\$120.00	\$480,000		

5/9/2014

Page 1 of 11

5/9/2014

2 of 11



HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE					Construction Consulting Services	HIGH POINT HIGH SCHO PRINCE GEORGE'S COU FEASIBILITY STUDY CO	JNTY, MD					(p	MS anation Consulting Services
SCHEME A: MAX RENOVATION ESTIMATE DETAIL						SCHEME A: MAX RENOV ESTIMATE DETAIL	ATION						
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL DIV. TOTAL	ITEN	И	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	TEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL
exterior sports amenities / equipment	1	ls	\$250,000.00	\$250,000									
fencing	10,000	lf	\$50.00	\$500,000		Concrete Slab-on-Grade							
site walls	1	ls	\$100,000.00	\$100,000			fine grade	102,421	sf	\$0.20	\$20,484		
site furnishings	1	ls	\$100,000.00	\$100,000			gravel below slab- 6"	2,845	tons	\$28.00	\$79,661		
					\$2,430,000		wire mesh	102,421	sf	\$0.76	\$77,840		
B1 - 4							10mil vapor barrier	102,421	sf	\$0.18	\$18,436		
Planting	1	ls	\$150.000.00	\$150.000			concrete 5" thick	1,581	су	\$200.00 \$180.00	\$316,114		
planting	1	IS	\$150,000.00	\$150,000	\$150,000	cc	oncrete slab thickening finish concrete	152 102.421	cy sf	\$180.00 \$0.50	\$27,280 \$51,211		
					\$150,000		cure concrete	102,421	si	\$0.50	\$51,211 \$15,363		
Water Utilities							screeds/control joints	102,421	sf	\$0.20	\$20,484		
water / fire service	1	ls	\$50.000.00	\$50.000			Screeds/control joints	102,421	51	ψ0.20	\$20,404	\$626,873	
				+,	\$50,000							φ020,070	
						Elevated Concrete Slab							
Sanitary Sewer System							deck, @ new buildings	97,419	sf	\$3.00	\$292,257		
sanitary sewer service	1	ls	\$50,000.00	\$50,000			wire mesh	97,419	sf	\$0.70	\$68,193		
					\$50,000		concrete, 4" thick	1,203	су	\$200.00	\$240,541		
							finish concrete	97,419	sf	\$1.00	\$97,419		
Storm Water, Site							cure concrete	97,419	sf	\$0.30	\$29,226		
micro-bioretention ponds, planters	70,000	sf	\$15.00				screeds/joints	97,419	sf	\$0.20	\$19,484		
storm drainage piping & structures underground detention facility		ls Is	\$200,000.00 \$2,000,000.00	\$200,000 \$2.000.000								\$747,120	
underground detention facility	1	IS	\$2,000,000.00	\$2,000,000	\$3,250,000								
					\$3,230,000	Roof Construction	de els la escritación es	102,421	sf	\$2.50	\$256,053		
Electrical Service						roor	deck, @ new buildings wire mesh	102,421	si	\$2.50 \$0.70	\$256,053 \$71,695		
electrical service	1	ls	\$100.000.00	\$100.000			concrete, 3" thick	948	cy	\$200.00	\$189,669		
					\$100,000		finish concrete	102,421	sf	\$1.00	\$102,421		
							cure concrete	102,421	sf	\$0.30	\$30,726		
02 SITEWORK TOTAL					\$13,134,786		screeds/joints	102,421	sf	\$0.20	\$20,484		
							,					\$671,047	
03 CONCRETE						Other Concrete							
						stair flights, (floor to flo		17	ea	\$25,000.00	\$425,000		
Perimeter Footings & Foundation Walls	0.040		\$30.00	\$87,547			equipment pads	800	sf	\$12.00	\$9,600		
excavation forms		cy sf	\$30.00	\$87,547 \$112,560			elevator pit	2	ea	\$12,000.00	\$24,000		
reinforcement		lbs	\$0.80	\$112,560								\$458,600	
concrete	625	cy	\$200.00	\$125,067		03 CONCRETE TOTAL							\$3,257,554
waterproofing		sf	\$3.00	\$33,768		US CONCRETE TOTAL							φ3,237,33 4
foundation drainage system		lf	\$25.00	\$70,350									
					\$466,811	04 MASONRY							
Spread Footings & Piers (allow 266 ea						<u></u>							
@6'x6'x1.5')						Masonry, Exterior							
excavation	.,	су	\$30.00	\$43,447			53,528 sf exterior skin)	46,058	sf	\$22.00	\$1,013,285		
forms		sf	\$5.00	\$79,800		CMU back-up to m	netal panel & brick skin	76,764	sf	\$17.00	\$1,304,988		
reinforcement	49,653	lbs	\$0.80	\$39,723			auditorium / gym walls	32,100	sf	\$12.00	\$385,200		
concrete	621	су	\$200.00	\$124,133	\$007.400	cau	ulking/sealants to brick	46,058	sf	\$0.30	\$13,818		
					\$287,103							\$2,717,290	
5/9/2014					3 of 11	5/9/2014							4 of 11

D > S	ыw	GRO	UP

HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE					6	MS Atraction Consulting Services	HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE					(°p	MS enruction Consulting Services
SCHEME A: MAX RENOVATION ESTIMATE DETAIL							SCHEME A: MAX RENOVATION ESTIMATE DETAIL						
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL
Masonry, Interior interior CMU partitions, 12'h, allow 75%	180,000	sf	\$12.00	\$2,160,000	\$2,160,000		Fire & Smoke Protection fireproofin	g 402,871	sf	\$0.60	\$241,723	\$241,723	
04 MASONRY TOTAL						\$4,877,290	Joint Protection caulking/sealant	s 402,871	sf	\$0.30	\$120,861	\$120,861	
05 METALS							07 THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION TO	TAL					\$6.105.702
Structural Steel													÷•,•••,••=
lbs/sf lbs/sf base plates	203	tons tons ea	\$3,400.00 \$3,400.00 \$400.00	\$4,076,736 \$690,305 \$106,400			08 DOORS & WINDOWS						
anchor bolts	1,064	ea	\$50.00	\$53,200	\$4,926,641		Doors & Frames interior single doors, HM/WI) 400	ea	\$1,200.00	\$480,000		
					÷.,,.		interior double doors, HM/WI		ea	\$2,200.00	\$440,000	\$920,000	
Metal Fabrications guardrails / handrails	402,871	sf	\$0.70	\$282,010	\$282,010		Exterior Doors					\$920,000	
05 METALS TOTAL						\$5,208,651	double door automatic door control		ea ea	\$4,500.00 \$3,500.00	\$135,000 \$105,000		
											,	\$240,000	
06 WOODS, PLASTICS & COMPOSITES							Curtain Walls, Windows, Storefront & Glazing						
Rough Carpentry							curtainwall (15% of 153,528 sf exterior skin storefront (15% of 153,528 sf exterior skin		sf sf	\$80.00 \$60.00	\$1,842,336 \$1,381,752		
rough carpentry (plywood backboard)	402,871	sf	\$0.20	\$80,574	\$80,574		interior glazin	15,750	sf	\$40.00	\$630,000	\$3,854,088	
					400,074	\$80,574	08 DOORS & WINDOWS TOTAL					ф0,00 4 ,000	\$5,014,088
06 WOODS, PLASTICS & COMPOSITES TOTA	iL.					\$00,574	to books a windows foral						<i>\$</i> 3,014,000
07 THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION							09 FINISHES						
Panels & Sidings							Plaster & Gypsum Board						
skin) canopies	46,058 2,000	sf sf	\$40.00 \$100.00	\$1,842,336 \$200,000			interior GWB w/ furring interior stud partitions, 12'h, allow 25%		sf sf	\$4.00 \$9.00	\$1,747,056 \$540,000		
sun shades, exterior		lf	\$150.00	\$300,000	\$2.342.336			,				\$2,287,056	
					ψ2,042,000		Ceilings						
Roofing	150,694	sf	\$13.00	\$1,959,022			ceiling	\$ 402,871	sf	\$5.00	\$2,014,355	\$2,014,355	
green roof	40,000	sf	\$30.00	\$1,200,000									
coping / fascia / flashings @ perimeter equipment pads, dunnage		lf Is	\$40.00 \$20,000.00	\$221,760 \$20,000			Flooring floor finishe	s 38.273	sf	\$4.50	\$172.227		
equipment pads, dunnage	1	IS	\$20,000.00	\$20,000	\$3,400,782		polished concrete floo	, .	sf	\$4.50 \$10.00	\$201,436	\$373,663	
5/0/0011						5.444	5/0/0014						0.111
5/9/2014						5 of 11	5/9/2014						6 of 11



HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE					(₁	DMS metraction Consulting Services	HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE	on Consulting Services
SCHEME A: MAX RENOVATION ESTIMATE DETAIL							SCHEME A: MAX RENOVATION ESTIMATE DETAIL	
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL	ITEM QUANTITY UNIT RATE ITEM TOTAL SUBTOTAL DIV	. TOTAL
Wall Finishes / Painting paint walls	556,764	sf	\$0.65	\$361,897			auditorium stage 1 Is \$50,000.00 \$50,000 \$1,583,613	
special wall finishes ceramic wall tile	402,871 20,000	sf sf	\$0.50 \$10.00	\$201,436 \$200,000	\$763,332			1,777,509
09 FINISHES TOTAL						\$5,438,406	13 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION Fire Suppression	
10 SPECIALTIES							sprinkler system 402,871 sf \$4.00 \$1,611,484 \$1,611,484	
Visual Display Surfaces signage	402,871	sf	\$0.30	\$120,861	\$120.861		13 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION TOTAL \$1	1,611,484
Interior Specialties					φ120,001		14 CONVEYING EQUIPMENT	
acoustical panels @ auditorium special interiors to auditorium toilet accessories fire extinguishers and cabinets	1 1 402,871 402,871	ls Is sf sf	\$300,000.00 \$200,000.00 \$0.30 \$0.05	\$300,000 \$200,000 \$120,861 \$20,144			Conveying Equipment passenger elevator (2 ea) 6 stop \$30,000.00 \$180,000 elevator cab finish 2 ea \$5,000.00 \$10,000 \$190,000	
lockers	2,450	ea	\$300.00	\$735,000	\$1,376,005		14 CONVEYING EQUIPMENT TOTAL	\$190,000
10 SPECIALTIES TOTAL						\$1,496,866	15 PLUMBING	
<u>11 EQUIPMENT</u> Equipment							Domestic Water Piping domestic water piping 402,871 sf \$3.00 \$1,208,613 \$1,208,613	
kitchen / cafeteria equipment interior physical education equipment auditorium lighting, audio, equipment	1 1 1	ls Is Is	\$700,000.00 \$50,000.00 \$300,000.00	\$700,000 \$50,000 \$300,000	\$1,050,000		Sanitary & Vent System sanitary piping 402,871 sf \$2.00 \$805,742 \$805,742	
11 EQUIPMENT TOTAL						\$1,050,000	Storm Drainage System storm water drainage 402,871 sf \$1.00 \$402,871 \$402,871	
<u>12 FURNISHINGS</u> Window Shades window shades, manual, storefront & int glazing	38.779	sf	\$5.00	\$193,896			Gas Piping gas piping 402,871 sf \$0.20 \$80,574 \$80,574	
Casework / Furniture built-in casework physical education seating re-upholster existing auditorium seating	402,871 1 1,500	sf Is seat	\$3.00 \$3.00 \$100,000.00 \$150.00	\$1,208,613 \$100,000 \$225,000	\$193,896		Plumbing Equipment plumbing equipment 402,871 sf \$1.00 \$402,871 misc. valves 402,871 sf \$0.50 \$201,436 \$604,307	
5/9/2014						7 of 11	5/9/2014	8 of 11

HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE						DMS Construction Consulting Services	HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE					¢,	DMS Instruction Consulting Services
SCHEME A: MAX RENOVATION ESTIMATE DETAIL							SCHEME A: MAX RENOVATION ESTIMATE DETAIL						
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL
							mechanical general conditions	5 45	mos	\$8,000.00	\$360,000		
Plumbing Fixtures												\$4,354,562	
toile urina		ea	\$2,200.00	\$176,000			15 MECHANICAL TOTAL						\$22,297,252
round sin		ea ea	\$1,800.00 \$1,500.00	\$90,000 \$120,000			15 MECHANICAL TOTAL						\$22,297,252
drinking fountail		ea	\$3,500.00	\$56,000									
mop sink allow		ea	\$3,500.00	\$21,000			16 ELECTRICAL						
lab / classroom sink		ea	\$1,500.00	\$120,000									
floor drain:	s 50	ea	\$500.00	\$25,000			Electrical Equipment						
roof drain:	s 30	ea	\$500.00	\$15,000			electrical equipment	t 402,871	sf	\$7.00	\$2,820,097		
					\$623,00)						\$2,820,097	
Other Blumbing							Electrical Power Devices						
Other Plumbing commissioning support	t 200	hrs	\$100.00	\$20,000			branch circuit device allowance	402,871	sf	\$6.00	\$2,417,226		
testin		sf	\$0.10	\$40,287			mechanical equipment connections		sf	\$2.00	\$805.742		
penetrations/firestoppin	- /-	sf	\$0.35	\$141,005				,			****,· · -	\$3,222,968	
	· ·				\$201,29	2							
							Interior Lighting						
15 PLUMBING TOTAL						\$3,926,399	lighting		sf	\$7.00	\$2,820,097		
							lighting controls	402,871	sf	\$1.20	\$483,445	\$3,303,542	
15 MECHANICAL												φ3,303,342	
							Exterior Lighting						
HVAC Piping							new floodlights for sports fields	s 4	ea	\$60,000.00	\$240,000		
HVAC pipin	g 402,871	sf	\$8.00	\$3,222,968			street lighting	50	ea	\$6,000.00	\$300,000		
valves/accessorie	s 402,871	sf	\$1.00	\$402,871								\$540,000	
					\$3,625,83	9	Others Electrical						
HVAC Air Distribution							Other Electrical lightning protection/grounding system	402,871	sf	\$0.12	\$48,747		
ductwork allow, 1.2 lbs/s	f 483,445	lbs	\$8.00	\$3,867,562			grounding		sf	\$0.30	\$120,861		
ductwork linings / insulation		sf	\$2.60	\$879,870			temporary power/lighting		sf	\$0.30	\$120,861		
duct accessorie		sf	\$2.00	\$805,742			penetrations/firestopping		sf	\$0.25	\$100,718		
					\$5,553,17	4	testing	402,871	sf	\$0.10	\$40,287		
							commissioning support		hrs	\$100.00	\$30,000		
HVAC Equipment							electrical general conditions	s 45	mos	\$8,000.00	\$360,000	\$004 175	
HVAC equipmen		sf	\$18.00	\$7,251,678								\$821,475	
geothermal well	s 630	ea	\$2,400	\$1,512,000	\$8,763,67	3	Data / Voice Communications						
					40,100,01	-	telecommunication	402,871	sf	\$2.00	\$805,742		
Other HVAC												\$805,742	
controls, DD0	- /-	sf	\$8.00	\$3,222,968									
vibration isolation/control		sf	\$0.30	\$120,861			Audio-Video Communications						
overhead, rigging, start-u		ls	\$60,000.00	\$60,000			audio visual system	402,871	sf	\$1.00	\$402,871	\$402.871	
coordination drawing		hrs Is	\$100.00 \$25,000.00	\$12,000 \$25,000								\$402,871	
temporary filters/control testing & balancing		ls sf	\$25,000.00 \$0.80	\$25,000 \$322,297			Electronic Security						
cutting/patching/fire stoppin		si	\$0.50	\$201.436			security system	402,871	sf	\$1.10	\$443,158		
commissioning suppor		hrs	\$100.00	\$30,000								\$443,158	
				,									
5/9/2014						9 of 11	5/9/2014						10 of 11
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HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL
PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD
FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE

DMS Construction Consulting Services

SCHEME A: MAX RENOVATION ESTIMATE DETAIL

ITEM QUANTITY UNIT RATE ITEM TOTAL SUBTOTAL DIV. TOTAL

Electronic Fire Alarm fire alarm system 402,871 sf \$3.00 \$1,208,613 \$1,208,613

16 ELECTRICAL TOTAL

\$13,568,466

SCHEME B: ALL NEW

5/9/2014

11 of 11



HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE			Construction Consulting Services	HIGH POIN PRINCE GE FEASIBILIT
SCHEME B: ALL NEW DIVISION SUMMARY				SCHEME B
	RENO	NEW BUILDING AREA DVATED BUILDING AREA TOTAL BUILDING AREA	411,705 GSF 0 GSF 411,705 GSF	
				01 GENERA
1 GENERAL CONDITIONS		\$3,600,000	\$8.74 / GSF	Project Man
2 SITEWORK		\$14,429,464	\$35.05 / GSF	
3 CONCRETE		\$5,684,899	\$13.81 / GSF	
4 MASONRY		\$4,172,918	\$10.14 / GSF	
5 METALS		\$9,015,176	\$21.90 / GSF	01 GENERA
6 WOODS, PLASTICS & COMPOSITES		\$82,341	\$0.20 / GSF	
7 THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION		\$5,002,320	\$12.15 / GSF	
8 DOORS		\$4,572,836	\$11.11 / GSF	02 SITEWO
9 FINISHES		\$7,030,369	\$17.08 / GSF	
10 SPECIALTIES		\$1,502,608	\$3.65 / GSF	Site Demolit
11 EQUIPMENT		\$1,050,000	\$2.55 / GSF	demolish ex
12 FURNISHINGS		\$2,013,252	\$4.89 / GSF	
13 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION		\$1,646,820	\$4.00 / GSF	
14 CONVEYING		\$190,000	\$0.46 / GSF	Building Der
15 PLUMBING		\$3,998,396	\$9.71 / GSF	
15 MECHANICAL		\$22,466,345	\$54.57 / GSF	
16 ELECTRICAL		\$14,085,598	\$34.21 / GSF	
SUBTOTAL		\$100,543,340	\$244.21 / GSF	Earth Movin
DESIGN CONTINGENCY SUBTOTAL	4.0%	\$4,021,734 \$104,565,074	\$9.77 / GSF	
SOBIOTAL		\$104,505,074		English C
ESCALATION	5.5%	\$5,751,079	\$13.97 / GSF	Erosion Con
SUBTOTAL	3.370	\$110,316,153	\$13.37 / GOF	
GODIOTAL		φ110,310,133		

\$2,206,323

\$4,412,646

\$116,935,122 \$116,935,122

\$112,522,476

2.0%

4.0%

HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE					(DMS control consulting Ser
SCHEME B: ALL NEW						
ESTIMATE DETAIL						
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL
01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS						
Project Management & Coordination						
personnel / facilities / equipment	24	mth	\$150,000.00	\$3,600,000		
			,		\$3,600,000	
01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS TOTAL						\$3,600,000
02 SITEWORK						
Site Demolition						
demolish existing site hardscaping / landscaping	900,000	sf	\$0.30	\$270,000		
	,				\$270,000	
Ruilding Demolition						
Building Demolition demolish existing building complete	313,331	sf	\$10.00	\$3,133,310		
demolish existing building complete	010,001	31	φ10.00	ψ0,100,010	\$3,133,310	
Earth Moving site cut / fill	000.000	-1	\$0.F0	¢450.000		
basement excavation	900,000 1	sf Is	\$0.50 \$300.000.00	\$450,000 \$300,000		
Dasement excavation		15	\$300,000.00	\$300,000	\$750,000	
Erosion Control			6 5.00			
silt fence construction fencing/protection	,	lf If	\$5.00 \$12.00	\$10,000 \$48,000		
maintain erosion control devices	4,000	mos	\$12.00	\$48,000		
	24		ψ0,000.00	<i>.</i> 2,000	\$130,000	
Surfacing						
asphalt pavement	330,400	sf	\$3.00	\$991,200		
curb & gutter		lf	\$22.00	\$231,154		
concrete paving		sf	\$6.50	\$390,000		
decorative paving	5,000	sf	\$20.00	\$100,000		
athletic track	/	sf	\$6.00	\$300,000		
football field, synthetic turf		sf	\$12.00	\$1,200,000		
baseball field, large, sod		sf	\$2.50	\$375,000		
baseball field, small, sod	48,000	sf	\$2.50	\$120,000		
basketball courts	31,200	sf	\$6.00	\$187,200		
tennis courts	28,600	sf	\$6.00	\$171,600	\$4,066,154	
Site Improvements bleachers @ athletic track	20.000	sf	\$20.00	\$400.000		
bleachers @ athletic track	20,000	SI	\$20.00	\$400,000		

bleachers @ athletic track 20,000 sf \$20.00 concessions building 4,000 sf \$150.00 tickets building 4,000 sf \$120.00

2 of 11

\$600,000

\$480,000

5/9/2014

Page 1 of 11

\$5.36 / GSF

\$10.72 / GSF

\$284.03 / GSF

5/9/2014

SUBTOTAL

SUBTOTAL

TOTAL

BONDS / INSURANCE

CONTRACTOR'S OVERHEAD & PROFIT

HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE					Com	S consulting services	HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE					6	MS ethachise consulting services
SCHEME B: ALL NEW ESTIMATE DETAIL							SCHEME B: ALL NEW ESTIMATE DETAIL						
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL DIV	V. TOTAL	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL
exterior sports amenities / equipment	1	ls	\$250,000.00	\$250,000									
fencing	10,000	lf	\$50.00	\$500,000			Concrete Slab-on-Grade						
site walls	1	ls	\$100,000.00	\$100,000			fine grade	116,987	sf	\$0.20	\$23,397		
site furnishings	1	ls	\$100,000.00	\$100,000			gravel below slab- 6"	3,250	tons	\$28.00	\$90,990		
					\$2,430,000		wire mesh	116,987	sf	\$0.76	\$88,910		
							10mil vapor barrier	116,987	sf	\$0.18	\$21,058		
Planting	1	1-	\$450 000 00	\$450.000			concrete 5" thick	1,805	су	\$200.00	\$361,071		
planting	1	ls	\$150,000.00	\$150,000	\$150.000		concrete slab thickening finish concrete	289	cy	\$180.00	\$52,027		
					\$150,000		cure concrete	116,987 116,987	sf sf	\$0.50 \$0.15	\$58,494 \$17,548		
Water Utilities							screeds/control joints	116,987	sf	\$0.20	\$23.397		
water / fire service	1	ls	\$50,000.00	\$50,000				110,507	51	φ0.20	φ20,007	\$736,892	
					\$50,000								
							Elevated Concrete Slab						
Sanitary Sewer System							floor deck, @ new buildings	294,718	sf	\$3.00	\$884,154		
sanitary sewer service	1	ls	\$50,000.00	\$50,000			wire mesh	294,718	sf	\$0.70	\$206,303		
					\$50,000		concrete, 4" thick	3,638	су	\$200.00	\$727,699		
Storm Water, Site							finish concrete	294,718	sf	\$1.00	\$294,718		
micro-bioretention ponds, planters	70,000	sf	\$15.00	\$1,050,000			cure concrete	294,718	sf	\$0.30	\$88,415		
storm drainage piping & structures	70,000	ls	\$200,000.00	\$200,000			screeds/joints	294,718	sf	\$0.20	\$58,944	\$2.260.232	
underground detention facility	1	ls	\$2,000,000.00	\$2,000,000								\$2,260,232	
, , ,				+=,,	\$3,250,000		Roof Construction						
							roof deck, @ new buildings	116,987	sf	\$2.50	\$292,468		
Electrical Service							wire mesh	116,987	sf	\$0.70	\$81,891		
electrical service	1	ls	\$150,000.00	\$150,000			concrete, 3" thick	1,083	су	\$200.00	\$216,643		
					\$150,000		finish concrete	116,987	sf	\$1.00	\$116,987		
							cure concrete	116,987	sf	\$0.30	\$35,096		
02 SITEWORK TOTAL					\$1	4,429,464	screeds/joints	116,987	sf	\$0.20	\$23,397		
												\$766,481	
03 CONCRETE							Other Concrete						
							stair flights, (floor to floor), w/ hand/guardrails	10	ea	\$25,000.00	\$250,000		
Perimeter Footings & Foundation Walls							basement concrete walls	20.000	sf	\$20.00	\$400,000		
excavation	4,047	су	\$30.00	\$121,396			equipment pads	800	sf	\$12.00	\$9,600		
forms	31,216	sf	\$5.00	\$156,080			elevator pit	2	ea	\$12,000.00	\$24,000		
reinforcement	65,033	lbs	\$0.80	\$52,027								\$683,600	
concrete	867	cy	\$200.00	\$173,422									
waterproofing	15,608	sf	\$3.00	\$46,824			03 CONCRETE TOTAL						\$5,684,899
foundation drainage system	3,902	lf	\$25.00	\$97,550	\$647,298								
Spread Footings & Piers (allow 547 ea @6'x6'x1.5')					\$047,290		04 MASONRY						
excavation	2,978	су	\$30.00	\$89,343			Masonry, Exterior						
forms	32,820	sf	\$5.00	\$164,100			brick (30% of 165,645 sf exterior skin)	39,755	sf	\$22.00	\$874,606		
reinforcement	102,107	lbs	\$0.80	\$81,685			CMU back-up to metal panel & brick skin	66,258	sf	\$17.00	\$1,126,386		
concrete	1,276	су	\$200.00	\$255,267			caulking/sealants to brick	39,755	sf	\$0.30	\$11,926		
					\$590,395		-					\$2,012,918	
5/9/2014						3 of 11	5/9/2014						4 of 11

HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE					₹ D	HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE						Ĩ	DMS adduction consulting to	
SCHEME B: ALL NEW ESTIMATE DETAIL							SCHEME B: ALL NEW ESTIMATE DETAIL							
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL	ITEM		QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL
Masonry, Interior							Fire & Smoke Protection							
interior CMU partitions, 12'h, allow 75%	180,000	sf	\$12.00	\$2,160,000	\$2,160,000			fireproofing	411,705	sf	\$1.00	\$411,705	\$411,705	
4 MASONRY TOTAL						\$4,172,918	Joint Protection							
								caulking/sealants	411,705	sf	\$0.30	\$123,512	\$123,512	
5 METALS							07 THERMAL & MOISTURE	PROTECTION TOT	AL					\$5,002,32
ructural Steel	2,470	tons	\$3,400.00											
base plates anchor bolts		ea ea	\$400.00 \$50.00	\$218,800 \$109,400			08 DOORS & WINDOWS							
					\$8,726,982		Doors & Frames	gle doors, HM/WD	400	ea	\$1,200.00	\$480,000		
letal Fabrications								ble doors, HM/WD	200	ea	\$2,200.00	\$440,000		
guardrails / handrails	411,705	sf	\$0.70	\$288,194									\$920,000	
					\$288,194		Exterior Doors							
5 METALS TOTAL						\$9,015,176	Exterior Doors	double doors	30	ea	\$4,500.00	\$135,000		
							auto	matic door controls	30	ea	\$3,500.00	\$105,000		
6 WOODS, PLASTICS & COMPOSITES													\$240,000	
							Curtain Walls, Windows, Store							
Rough Carpentry							curtainwall (15% of 132,5		19,877	sf	\$80.00	\$1,590,192		
rough carpentry (plywood backboard	411,705	sf	\$0.20	\$82,341	\$82.341		storefront (15% of 132,5	16 sf exterior skin) interior glazing	19,877 15,750	sf sf	\$60.00 \$40.00	\$1,192,644 \$630,000		
					\$8 <u>2</u> ,341			intenor giazing	15,750	SI	\$40.00	\$630,000	\$3,412,836	
6 WOODS, PLASTICS & COMPOSITES TOTA	AL.					\$82,341								
							08 DOORS & WINDOWS TO	TAL						\$4,572,83
7 THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION														
Janala & Cidinga							09 FINISHES							
Panels & Sidings skin	39.755	sf	\$40.00	\$1.590.192			Plaster & Gypsum Board							
canopies	/	sf	\$100.00	\$200,000			21	ior GWB w/ furring	426,258	sf	\$4.00	\$1,705,032		
sun shades, exterior	2,000	lf	\$150.00	\$300,000			interior stud partition	ns, 12'h, allow 25%	60,000	sf	\$9.00	\$540,000		
					\$2,090,192								\$2,245,032	
Roofing							Ceilings							
roofing		sf	\$13.00					ceilings	411,705	sf	\$5.00	\$2,058,525		
green roo	- /	sf	\$30.00	\$1,200,000									\$2,058,525	
coping / fascia / flashings @ perimeter equipment pads, dunnage	3,902	lf Is	\$40.00 \$20,000.00	\$156,080 \$20,000			Flooring							
equipment paus, dumage	. 1	10	φ20,000.00	φ20,000	\$2,376,911		licening	floor finishes	391,120	sf	\$4.50	\$1,760,039		
							poli	shed concrete floor	20,585	sf	\$10.00	\$205,853		
													\$1,965,891	

5/9/2014

5 of 11

5/9/2014

6 of 11



HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE					6	MS structor Consulting Services	HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE				6	MS Inactor Consulting Services
SCHEME B: ALL NEW ESTIMATE DETAIL							SCHEME B: ALL NEW ESTIMATE DETAIL					
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL	ITEM QUANTI	Y UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL
							auditorium stage	1 ls	\$50,000.00	\$50,000		
Wall Finishes / Painting	5 40 050	,	\$0.05	A055.000							\$1,835,115	
paint walls special wall finishes ceramic wall tile	546,258 411,705 20,000	sf sf sf	\$0.65 \$0.50 \$10.00	\$355,068 \$205,853 \$200,000	\$760,920		12 FURNISHINGS TOTAL					\$2,013,252
					¢100,020		13 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION					
09 FINISHES TOTAL						\$7,030,369	Fire Suppression					
10 SPECIALTIES							sprinkler system 411,7	05 sf	\$4.00	\$1,646,820	\$1,646,820	
Visual Display Surfaces							13 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$1,646,820
signage	411,705	sf	\$0.30	\$123,512	\$123,512							
							14 CONVEYING EQUIPMENT					
Interior Specialties acoustical panels @ auditorium	1	ls	\$300,000.00	\$300,000			Conveying Equipment					
special interiors to auditorium	1	ls	\$200,000.00	\$200,000			passenger elevator (2 ea)	6 stop		\$180,000		
toilet accessories fire extinguishers and cabinets	411,705 411,705	sf sf	\$0.30 \$0.05	\$123,512 \$20,585			elevator cab finish	2 ea	\$5,000.00	\$10,000	\$190,000	
lockers	2,450	ea	\$300.00	\$735,000	\$1,379,097		14 CONVEYING EQUIPMENT TOTAL					\$190,000
10 SPECIALTIES TOTAL						\$1,502,608	15 PLUMBING					
11 EQUIPMENT							Domestic Water Piping domestic water piping 411,7	05 sf	\$3.00	\$1,235,115	A	
Equipment kitchen / cafeteria equipment	1	ls	\$700,000.00	\$700,000							\$1,235,115	
interior physical education equipment auditorium lighting, audio, equipment	1 1	ls Is	\$50,000.00 \$300,000.00	\$50,000 \$300,000	\$1,050,000		Sanitary & Vent System sanitary piping 411,7	05 sf	\$2.00	\$823,410	\$823,410	
11 EQUIPMENT TOTAL						\$1,050,000	Storm Drainage System					
						φ1,000,000	storm water drainage 411,7	05 sf	\$1.00	\$411,705	\$411,705	
<u>12 FURNISHINGS</u>							Gas Piping					
Window Shades							gas piping 411,7	05 sf	\$0.20	\$82,341	¢00.0**	
window shades, manual, storefront & int glazing	35,627	sf	\$5.00	\$178,137	\$178,137						\$82,341	
							Plumbing Equipment plumbing equipment 411,7	05 sf	\$1.00	\$411,705		
Casework / Furniture built-in casework	411,705	sf	\$3.00	\$1,235,115			plumbing equipment 411,7 misc. valves 411,7		\$1.00 \$0.50	\$411,705 \$205,853		
physical education seating auditorium seating	1 1,500	ls seat	\$100,000.00 \$300.00	\$100,000 \$450,000							\$617,558	
5/9/2014						7 of 11	5/9/2014					8 of 11

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HIGH POINT HIGH PRINCE GEORGE FEASIBILITY STU						ſ	DMS anstruction Consulting Services	HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE					1	DMS production Consulting Services
SCHEME B: ALL I ESTIMATE DETAI								SCHEME B: ALL NEW ESTIMATE DETAIL						
	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL
								mechanical general condition	s 24	mos	\$10,000.00	\$240,000		
Plumbing Fixtures	toilet			* ******	A 4 T A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A								\$4,319,368	
	toilet	80 50	ea ea	\$2,200.00 \$1,800.00	\$176,000 \$90,000			15 MECHANICAL TOTAL						\$22,466,345
	round sink	50 80	ea ea	\$1,800.00	\$90,000			15 MECHANICAL TOTAL						\$22,400,343
	drinking fountain	16	ea	\$3,500.00	\$56,000									
	mop sink allow	6	ea	\$3,500.00	\$30,000			16 ELECTRICAL						
	lab / classroom sinks	80	ea	\$1,500.00	\$120,000									
	floor drains	50	ea	\$500.00	\$25,000			Electrical Equipment						
	roof drains	30	ea	\$500.00	\$15,000			electrical equipment	nt 411,705	sf	\$7.00	\$2,881,935		
						\$623,000							\$2,881,935	
Other Plumbing								Electrical Power Devices						
	commissioning support	200	hrs	\$100.00	\$20,000			branch circuit device allowanc	e 411,705	sf	\$6.00	\$2,470,230		
	testing	411,705	sf	\$0.10	\$41,171			mechanical equipment connection	s 411,705	sf	\$2.00	\$823,410		
	penetrations/firestopping	411,705	sf	\$0.35	\$144,097								\$3,293,640	
						\$205,267								
								Interior Lighting						
5 PLUMBING TO	DTAL						\$3,998,396	lightin		sf	\$7.00	\$2,881,935		
								lighting control	s 411,705	sf	\$1.20	\$494,046	\$3,375,981	
15 MECHANICAL													+-,,,	
								Exterior Lighting						
HVAC Piping								floodlights for sports field		ea	\$60,000.00	\$600,000		
	HVAC piping	411,705	sf	\$8.00	\$3,293,640			street lightin	g 50	ea	\$6,000.00	\$300,000	\$900,000	
	valves/accessories	411,705	sf	\$1.00	\$411,705	¢0.705.045							\$900,000	
						\$3,705,345		Other Electrical						
IVAC Air Distribut	lion							lightning protection/grounding syster	n 411,705	sf	\$0.12	\$49.816		
TVAC All Distribut	ductwork allow. 1.2 lbs/sf	494,046	lbs	\$8.00	\$3,952,368			groundin		sf	\$0.30	\$123,512		
	ductwork linings / insulation	345.832	sf	\$2.60	\$3,952,366 \$899,164			temporary power/lightin		sf	\$0.30	\$123,512		
	duct accessories	411,705	sf	\$2.00	\$823,410			penetrations/firestoppin	•	sf	\$0.25	\$102,926		
	2222 2222 3001100	,. 50		\$2.00	÷===,o	\$5,674,942		testin		sf	\$0.10	\$41,171		
								commissioning suppo	rt 300	hrs	\$100.00	\$30,000		
IVAC Equipment								electrical general condition	s 24	mos	\$10,000.00	\$240,000		
	HVAC equipment	411,705	sf	\$18.00	\$7,410,690								\$710,936	
	geothermal wells	565	ea	\$2,400	\$1,356,000									
						\$8,766,690		Data / Voice Communications						
								telecommunicatio	n 411,705	sf	\$2.00	\$823,410	¢000.440	
Other HVAC			,	ee	AA AAA A · -								\$823,410	
	controls, DDC	411,705 411,705	sf sf	\$8.00 \$0.30	\$3,293,640 \$123,512			Audio-Video Communications						
	vibration isolation/control overhead, rigging, start-up	411,705	sr	\$0.30 \$60,000.00	\$123,512 \$60,000			audio video communications audio visual syster	n 411,705	sf	\$1.00	\$411,705		
	coordination drawings	1 120	ls hrs	\$60,000.00 \$100.00	\$60,000 \$12,000				411,705	31	φ1.00	φ411,705	\$411,705	
	temporary filters/controls	120	ls	\$25,000.00	\$12,000								÷,	
	testing & balancing	411.705	sf	\$23,000.00	\$329,364			Electronic Security						
	cutting/patching/fire stopping	411,705	sf	\$0.50	\$205,853			security system	n 411,705	sf	\$1.10	\$452,876		
	commissioning support	300	hrs	\$100.00	\$30,000			9 • 9 • • •					\$452,876	
5/9/2014							9 of 11	5/9/2014						10 of 11



HIGH POINT HIGH SCHO PRINCE GEORGE'S COU FEASIBILITY STUDY CO	INTY, MD						OMS instruction Consulting Serv
SCHEME B: ALL NEW ESTIMATE DETAIL							
ITEN	1	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL
Electronic Fire Alarm	fire alarm system	411,705	sf	\$3.00	\$1,235,115	\$1,235,115	

16 ELECTRICAL TOTAL

\$14,085,598

SCHEME C: HYBRID

5/9/2014

11 of 11



HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE			Construction Consulting Services	HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE
				SCHEME C: HYBRID
SCHEME C: HYBRID DIVISION SUMMARY				ESTIMATE DETAIL
DIVISION SUMMARY		NEW BUILDING AREA	371,330 GSF	
	DENO	VATED BUILDING AREA	22,683 GSF	ITEM
		TOTAL BUILDING AREA	394,013 GSF	
		TOTAL BUILDING AREA	354,013 (33)	
				01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
1 GENERAL CONDITIONS		\$3,600,000	\$9.14 / GSF	Project Management & Coordination
2 SITEWORK		\$14,380,518	\$36.50 / GSF	personnel / facilities / equipr
3 CONCRETE		\$5,256,069	\$13.34 / GSF	
4 MASONRY		\$4,099,198	\$10.40 / GSF	
5 METALS		\$8,237,663	\$20.91 / GSF	01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS TOTAL
6 WOODS, PLASTICS & COMPOSITES		\$78,803	\$0.20 / GSF	
7 THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION		\$5,283,031	\$13.41 / GSF	
8 DOORS		\$4,203,656	\$10.67 / GSF	02 SITEWORK
9 FINISHES		\$7,062,621	\$17.92 / GSF	
10 SPECIALTIES		\$1,491,108	\$3.78 / GSF	Site Demolition
11 EQUIPMENT		\$1,050,000	\$2.66 / GSF	demolish existing site hardscaping / landsca
12 FURNISHINGS		\$1,721,991	\$4.37 / GSF	
13 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION		\$1,576,052	\$4.00 / GSF	
14 CONVEYING		\$190,000	\$0.48 / GSF	Building Demolition
15 PLUMBING		\$3,854,206	\$9.78 / GSF	demolish existing building com
15 MECHANICAL		\$21,574,951	\$54.76 / GSF	demolish existing building for full renov
16 ELECTRICAL		\$13,530,582	\$34.34 / GSF	
SUBTOTAL		\$97,190,449	\$246.67 / GSF	Earth Moving
				site cu
DESIGN CONTINGENCY	4.0%	\$3,887,618	\$9.87 / GSF	basement excav
SUBTOTAL		\$101,078,067		
ESCALATION	5.5%	\$5,559,294	\$14.11 / GSF	Erosion Control
SUBTOTAL		\$106,637,361		silt f
				construction fencing/prote
BONDS / INSURANCE	2.0%	\$2,132,747	\$5.41 / GSF	maintain erosion control dev
SUBTOTAL		\$108,770,108		
		A	A10.00 / 005	
CONTRACTOR'S OVERHEAD & PROFIT	4.0%	\$4,265,494	\$10.83 / GSF	Surfacing
SUBTOTAL		\$113,035,602		asphalt pave
		A	A000 00 / 00T	curb & g
TOTAL		\$113,035,602	\$286.88 / GSF	concrete pa
				decorative pa
				athletic
				football field, synthetic
				baseball field, large
				baseball field, small,
				basketball c
				tennis o

SCHEME C: HYBRID						
ESTIMATE DETAIL						
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL
01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS						
Project Management & Coordination personnel / facilities / equipment	24	mth	\$150,000.00	\$3,600,000	\$3,600,000	
01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS TOTAL						\$3,600,000
02 SITEWORK						
Site Demolition demolish existing site hardscaping / landscaping	900,000	sf	\$0.30	\$270,000	\$270,000	
Building Demolition						
demolish existing building complete	290,648	sf	\$10.00	\$2,906,480		
demolish existing building for full renovation	22,683	sf	\$6.00	\$136,098		
					\$3,042,578	
Earth Moving						
site cut / fill	900,000	sf	\$0.50	\$450,000		
basement excavation	1	ls	\$150,000.00	\$150,000		
					\$600,000	
Erosion Control silt fence	2.000	lf	\$5.00	\$10,000		
construction fencing/protection	4,000	lf	\$5.00	\$48,000		
maintain erosion control devices	4,000	mos	\$3,000.00	\$72,000		
				* · _ ,• • •	\$130,000	
Surfacing						
asphalt pavement curb & gutter	395,370 10,365	sf If	\$3.00 \$22.00	\$1,186,110		
concrete paving	60,000	sf	\$22.00	\$228,030 \$390,000		
decorative paving	5,000	sf	\$20.00	\$100,000		
athletic track	50,000	sf	\$6.00	\$300,000		
football field, synthetic turf	100,000	sf	\$12.00	\$1,200,000		
baseball field, large, sod	150,000	sf	\$2.50	\$375,000		
baseball field, small, sod	48,000	sf	\$2.50	\$120,000		
basketball courts	31,200	sf	\$6.00	\$187,200		
tennis courts	28,600	sf	\$6.00	\$171,600	\$4,257,940	
					¢4,207,940	
Site Improvements						
bleachers @ athletic track	20,000	sf	\$20.00	\$400,000		
concessions building	4,000	sf	\$150.00	\$600,000		

5/9/2014

5/9/2014

2 of 11

DMS Construction Consulting Services



SCHEME C: HYBRID ESTIMATE DETAIL

ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT
tickets building	4,000	sf	\$120.00	\$480,000			concrete	1,204	су
exterior sports amenities / equipment	4,000	ls	\$250,000.00	\$250,000			60101010	1,204	Cy
fencing	10,000	lf	\$50.00	\$500,000					
site walls	1	ls	\$100,000.00	\$100,000			Concrete Slab-on-Grade		
site furnishings	1	ls	\$100,000.00	\$100,000			fine grade	140,487	sf
					\$2,430,000		gravel below slab- 6"	3,902	tons
							wire mesh	140,487	sf
Planting							10mil vapor barrier	140,487	sf
planting	1	ls	\$150,000.00	\$150,000			concrete 5" thick	2,168	су
					\$150,000		concrete slab thickening		су
							finish concrete		sf
Water Utilities							cure concrete	- / -	sf
water / fire service	1	ls	\$50,000.00	\$50,000			screeds/control joints	140,487	sf
					\$50,000				
Construction Construction									
Sanitary Sewer System sanitary sewer service		1-	\$50.000.00	¢50.000			Elevated Concrete Slab		
sanitary sewer service	1	ls	\$50,000.00	\$50,000	\$50,000		floor deck, @ new buildings		sf
					\$30,000		wire mesh concrete, 4" thick	/	sf
Storm Water, Site								1	cy
micro-bioretention ponds, planters	70.000	sf	\$15.00	\$1,050,000			finish concrete cure concrete		sf sf
storm drainage piping & structures	1	ls	\$200,000.00	\$200,000			screeds/joints	/	si
underground detention facility	1	ls	\$2,000,000.00	\$2,000,000			screeds/joints	230,643	51
					\$3,250,000				
							Roof Construction		
Electrical Service							roof deck, @ new buildings	140,487	sf
electrical service	1	ls	\$150,000.00	\$150,000			wire mesh	140,487	sf
					\$150,000		concrete, 3" thick	1,301	су
							finish concrete	140,487	sf
02 SITEWORK TOTAL						\$14,380,518	cure concrete	140,487	sf
							screeds/joints	140,487	sf
03 CONCRETE									
							Other Concrete		
Perimeter Footings & Foundation Walls excavation			* ~~ ~~				stair flights, (floor to floor), w/ hand/guardrails		ea
forms	3,630 28,000	cy sf	\$30.00 \$5.00	\$108,889 \$140,000			basement concrete walls	- 1	sf
reinforcement	58,333	lbs	\$0.80	\$140,000 \$46,667			equipment pads		sf
concrete	778	cy	\$200.00	\$155,556			elevator pit	2	ea
waterproofing	14,000	sf	\$3.00	\$42,000					
foundation drainage system	3,500	lf	\$25.00	\$87,500			03 CONCRETE TOTAL		
loundation drainage byotom	0,000		φ20.00	ψ01,000	\$580.611		03 CONCRETE TOTAL		
Spread Footings & Piers (allow 516 ea									
@6'x6'x1.5')							04 MASONRY		
excavation	2,809	су	\$30.00	\$84,280			<u></u>		
forms	30,960	sf	\$5.00	\$154,800			Masonry, Exterior		
reinforcement	96,320	lbs	\$0.80	\$77,056			brick (30% of 114,936 sf exterior skin)	34,481	sf
							CMU back-up to metal panel & brick skin		sf

DMS

HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE DMS INCOME OF THE

RATE ITEM TOTAL SUBTOTAL DIV. TOTAL

\$556,936

\$869,105

\$1,770,366

\$920,450

\$558,600

\$240,800

\$28,097

\$109,268

\$106,770

\$25,288 \$433,602

\$46,667

\$70,244

\$21,073

\$28,097

\$692,529

\$161,590

\$569,983

\$230,843

\$69,253

\$46,169

\$351,218

\$98,341

\$260,161

\$140,487

\$42,146

\$28,097

\$325,000

\$200,000

\$9,600

\$24,000

\$758,578 \$976,956

SCHEME C: HYBRID ESTIMATE DETAIL

\$200.00

\$0.20

\$28.00

\$0.76

\$0.18

\$200.00

\$180.00

\$0.50

\$0.15

\$0.20

\$3.00

\$0.70

\$1.00

\$0.30

\$0.20

\$2.50

\$0.70

\$1.00

\$0.30

\$0.20

\$25,000.00

\$20.00

\$12.00

\$22.00

\$17.00

\$12,000.00

\$200.00

\$200.00

4	of	1	•

\$5,256,069

3 of 11

5/9/2014

1

HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE					I	MLS retruction Consulting Services	HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE							
SCHEME C: HYBRID ESTIMATE DETAIL							SCHEME C: HYBRID ESTIMATE DETAIL							
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL	ITEM		QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTA
repoint existing auditorium walls caulking/sealants to brick	16,110 34,481	sf sf	\$12.00 \$0.30	\$193,320 \$10,344	\$1,939,198			ads, dunnage	1	ls	\$20,000.00	\$20,000	\$2,891,582	
Masonry, Interior interior CMU partitions, 12'h, allow 75%	180,000	sf	\$12.00	\$2,160,000	\$2,160,000		Fire & Smoke Protection	fireproofing	394,013	sf	\$1.00	\$394,013	\$394,013	
04 MASONRY TOTAL						\$4,099,198	Joint Protection caul	lking/sealants	394,013	sf	\$0.30	\$118,204	\$118,204	
05 METALS							07 THERMAL & MOISTURE PROT	FECTION TOT	AL					\$5,283,0
Structural Steel İbs/sf İbs/sf base plates anchor bolts	2,228 23 516 2,064	tons tons ea ea	\$3,400.00 \$3,400.00 \$400.00 \$50.00	\$7,575,132 \$77,122 \$206,400 \$103,200	\$7,961,854		08 DOORS & WINDOWS Doors & Frames interior single du interior double du		400 200	ea ea	\$1,200.00 \$2,200.00	\$480,000 \$440,000	\$920,000	
Metal Fabrications guardrails / handrails	394,013	sf	\$0.70	\$275,809	\$275,809			double doors door controls	30 30	ea ea	\$4,500.00 \$3,500.00	\$135,000 \$105,000	\$920,000	
05 METALS TOTAL						\$8,237,663							\$240,000	
06 WOODS. PLASTICS & COMPOSITES Rough Carpentry rough carpentry (plywood backboard)	394,013	sf	\$0.20	\$78,803	\$78,803		Curtain Walls, Windows, Storefront curtainwall (15% of 114,936 sf storefront (15% of 114,936 sf in	exterior skin)	17,240 17,240 15,750	sf sf sf	\$80.00 \$60.00 \$40.00	\$1,379,232 \$1,034,424 \$630,000	\$3,043,656	
06 WOODS, PLASTICS & COMPOSITES TOTAL					• • • • • •	\$78,803	08 DOORS & WINDOWS TOTAL							\$4,203,6
07 THERMAL & MOISTURE PROTECTION							09 FINISHES Plaster & Gypsum Board interior G	WB w/ furring	433,578	sf	\$4.00	\$1,734,312		
skin) canopies sun shades, exterior	34,481 2,000 2,000	sf sf If	\$40.00 \$100.00 \$150.00	\$1,379,232 \$200,000 \$300,000	\$1,879,232		interior stud partitions, 12 Ceilings	'h, allow 25%	60,000	sf	\$12.00	\$720,000	\$2,454,312	
Roofing	117,814	sf	\$13.00	\$1,531,582				ceilings	394,013	sf	\$5.00	\$1,970,065	\$1,970,065	
green roof coping / fascia / flashings @ perimeter	40,000 3,500	sf If	\$30.00 \$40.00	\$1,200,000 \$140,000			Flooring	floor finishes	374,312	sf	\$4.50	\$1,684,406		
5/9/2014						5 of 11	5/9/2014							6



HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE SCHEME C: HYBRID						MS answer consulting services	HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE SCHEME C: HYBRID					(°p	MS churtee Consulting Services
ESTIMATE DETAIL							ESTIMATE DETAIL						
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL
polished concrete floor Wall Finishes / Painting	19,701	sf	\$10.00	\$197,007	\$1,881,412		physical education seati re-upholster existing auditorium seati auditorium sta	ng 1,500	ls seat Is	\$100,000.00 \$150.00 \$50,000.00	\$100,000 \$225,000 \$50,000	\$1,557,039	
paint walls special wall finishes ceramic wall tile	394,013	sf sf sf	\$0.65 \$0.50 \$10.00	\$359,826 \$197,007 \$200,000	\$756,832		12 FURNISHINGS TOTAL						\$1,721,991
09 FINISHES TOTAL						\$7,062,621	13 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION Fire Suppression sprinkler syste	m 394,013	sf	\$4.00	\$1,576,052	\$1,576,052	
Visual Display Surfaces signage	394,013	sf	\$0.30	\$118,204	\$118,204		13 SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					¥1,070,002	\$1,576,052
Interior Specialties acoustical panels @ auditorium special interiors to auditorium toilet accessories fire extinguishers and cabinets lockers	1 394,013 394,013	ls Is sf ea	\$300,000.00 \$200,000.00 \$0.30 \$0.05 \$300.00	\$300,000 \$200,000 \$118,204 \$19,701 \$735,000	ψ110,204		14 CONVEYING EQUIPMENT Conveying Equipment passenger elevator (2 e elevator cab fini		stop ea	\$30,000.00 \$5,000.00	\$180,000 \$10,000	\$190,000	
10 SPECIALTIES TOTAL					\$1,372,905	\$1,491,108	14 CONVEYING EQUIPMENT TOTAL						\$190,000
11 EQUIPMENT Equipment kitchen / cafeteria equipment	1	ls	\$700,000.00	\$700,000			Domestic Water Piping domestic water pipi	ng 394,013	sf	\$3.00	\$1,182,039	\$1,182,039	
interior physical education equipment auditorium lighting, audio, equipment	1	ls Is	\$50,000.00 \$300,000.00	\$50,000 \$300,000	\$1,050,000		Sanitary & Vent System sanitary pipi	ng 394,013	sf	\$2.00	\$788,026	\$788,026	
11 EQUIPMENT TOTAL						\$1,050,000	Storm Drainage System storm water draina	ge 394,013	sf	\$1.00	\$394,013	\$394,013	
12 FUKNISHINGS Window Shades window shades, manual, storefront & int glazing	32,990	sf	\$5.00	\$164,952	\$404 or		Gas Piping gas pipi	ng 394,013	sf	\$0.20	\$78,803	\$78,803	
Casework / Furniture built-in casework	394,013	sf	\$3.00	\$1,182,039	\$164,952		Plumbing Equipment plumbing equipme	nt 394,013	sf	\$1.00	\$394,013		
5/9/2014						7 of 11	5/9/2014						8 of 11

SCHEME C: HYBRID ESTIMATE DETAIL

	ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	RATE	ITEM TOTAL	SUBTOTAL	DIV. TOTAL	ITEM	QUANTITY
	misc. valves	394,013	sf	\$0.50	\$197,007			cutting/patching/fire stopping	394,013
						\$591,020		commissioning support	300
								mechanical general conditions	24
Plumbing Fixtures									
	toilet		ea	\$2,200.00	\$176,000				
	urinal		ea	\$1,800.00	\$90,000			15 MECHANICAL TOTAL	
	round sink		ea	\$1,500.00	\$120,000				
	drinking fountain	16	ea	\$3,500.00	\$56,000				
	mop sink allow	6	ea	\$3,500.00	\$21,000			16 ELECTRICAL	
	lab / classroom sinks	80	ea	\$1,500.00	\$120,000				
	floor drains	50	ea	\$500.00	\$25,000			Electrical Equipment	
	roof drains	30	ea	\$500.00	\$15,000			electrical equipment	394,013
						\$623,000			
Other Plumbing								Electrical Power Devices	
Strict Flutholing	commissioning support	200	hrs	\$100.00	\$20,000			branch circuit device allowance	394,013
	testing		sf	\$100.00	\$20,000			mechanical equipment connections	394,013
	penetrations/firestopping		sf	\$0.35	\$137,905			meenanical equipment connections	354,013
	penetrations/mestopping	004,010	31	ψ0.00	ψ107,500	\$197.306			
						\$101,000		Interior Lighting	
15 PLUMBING TOT	AL						\$3,854,206	lighting	394,013
								lighting controls	394,013
15 MECHANICAL								Exterior Lighting	
HVAC Piping								floodlights for sports fields	10
ITVAC Fipling	HVAC piping	394,013	sf	\$8.00	\$3,152,104			street lighting	50
	valves/accessories	394,013	sf	\$1.00	\$394,013			of our righting	50
	valves/accessories	354,013	51	\$1.00	\$354,013	\$3,546,117			
						ψ0,040,117		Other Electrical	
HVAC Air Distribution	n							lightning protection/grounding system	394,013
	ductwork allow, 1.2 lbs/sf	472,816	lbs	\$8.00	\$3,782,525			grounding	394,013
	ductwork linings / insulation	330,971	sf	\$2.60	\$860,524			temporary power/lighting	394,013
	duct accessories	394,013	sf	\$2.00	\$788,026			penetrations/firestopping	394,013
		001,010	0.	\$2.00	<i></i>	\$5,431,075		testing	394,013
						\$0,101,010		commissioning support	300
HVAC Equipment								electrical general conditions	24
	HVAC equipment	394,013	sf	\$18.00	\$7,092,234				
	geothermal wells		ea	\$2,400	\$1,356,000				
	5			+_,		\$8,448,234		Data / Voice Communications	
								telecommunication	394,013
Other HVAC									
Other HVAC	controls, DDC	394,013	sf	\$8.00	\$3,152,104				
Other HVAC	controls, DDC vibration isolation/control	394,013 394,013	sf sf	\$8.00 \$0.30	\$3,152,104 \$118,204			Audio-Video Communications	
Other HVAC	vibration isolation/control overhead, rigging, start-up	394,013 1						Audio-Video Communications audio visual system	394,013
Other HVAC	vibration isolation/control	394,013 1	sf	\$0.30	\$118,204				394,013
Other HVAC	vibration isolation/control overhead, rigging, start-up	394,013 1	sf Is	\$0.30 \$60,000.00	\$118,204 \$60,000				394,013

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HIGH POINT HIGH SCHOOL

SCHEME C: HYBRID

ESTIMATE DETAIL

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD

FEASIBILITY STUDY COST ESTIMATE

UNIT

sf

hrs

sf

hrs

mos

sf

sf

10 ea

50 ea

24 mos

5/9/2014

9 of 11

5/9/2014

10 of 11



DMS

RATE ITEM TOTAL SUBTOTAL DIV. TOTAL

\$4,149,525

\$2,758,091

\$3,152,104

\$3,230,907

\$900,000

\$691,988

\$788,026

\$394,013

\$197,007

\$30,000

\$240,000

\$7.00 \$2,758,091

\$6.00 \$2,364,078

\$7.00 \$2,758,091

\$788,026

\$472,816

\$600,000

\$300,000

\$47,676

\$118,204

\$118,204

\$98,503

\$39,401

\$30,000

\$240,000

\$788,026

\$1.00 \$394,013

\$2.00

\$1.20

\$60,000.00

\$6,000.00

\$0.12

\$0.30

\$0.30

\$0.25

\$0.10

\$2.00

\$100.00

\$10,000.00

\$0.50

\$100.00

\$10,000.00

making service

\$21,574,951

16 ELECTRICAL TOTAL

\$13,530,582

END OF REPORT

5/9/2014

11 of 11

