

February 3, 2021

Prince George's County Public Schools 13300 Old Marlboro Pike Upper Marlboro, Maryland 20772 Attention: Mr. Alex Baylor

RE: Indoor Air Quality Assessment, Adelphi Elementary School IFB: 022-19 ATI Project Number: 21-611

Dear Mr. Baylor:

Prince George's County Public Schools requested that ATI, Inc., conduct a proactive indoor air quality (IAQ) assessment at Adelphi Elementary School on January 26, 2021. Its key findings are enclosed in the Executive Summary on page three, and the official laboratory report for total fungal spore trap sampling is enclosed in Appendix A.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide Industrial Hygiene services for Prince George's County Public Schools. If you have any questions regarding this report, please contact us at (202) 643-4283.

Sincerely, ATI, INC.

nikal Frater

Mikal Frater Industrial Hygienist

Nate Burgei, CIH, CSP Certified Industrial Hygienist

# Indoor Air Quality Assessment Report

Prince George's County Public Schools Adelphi Elementary School 8820 Riggs Road Adelphi, Maryland 20783

Prepared for:

Prince George's County Public Schools 13300 Old Marlboro Pike Upper Marlboro, Maryland 20772

February 3, 2021

Submitted by:



ATI Job # 21-611

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# Abbreviations and Acronyms

AHU	Air-Handling Unit
AIHA	American Industrial Hygiene Association
ASHRAE	American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
СО	Carbon Monoxide
CO <sub>2</sub>	Carbon Dioxide
EMLAP	Environmental Microbiology Laboratory Accreditation Program
HVAC	Heating, Ventilating, And Air-Conditioning
IAQ	Indoor Air Quality
NIST	National Institute for Standards and Technology
NVLAP	National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program
RH	Relative Humidity
Rev.	Revision

#### Abbreviations involving scientific volume and measurements involving media or water sampling

Spores/m <sup>3</sup>	Mold spores per cubic meter of air
LPM	Liters Per Minute
NTE	Not to exceed
°F	degree Fahrenheit
PPM	Parts Per Million

## 1 Executive Summary

ATI conducted a proactive Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) assessment on January 26, 2021, at Adelphi Elementary School, located at 8820 Riggs Road, Adelphi, Maryland 20783.

The assessment included a visual assessment of randomly selected classrooms and other frequently occupied spaces, such as the cafeteria, the main office, and classrooms, for potential IAQ contributors and pathways. As part of the assessment, ATI measured common IAQ comfort parameters, including temperature, relative humidity, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide. Also, ATI collected total fungal air samples on spore trap cassettes for microbiological analysis.

The following is a summary of the key findings from this assessment:

- 1. One of the tested spaces had a temperature less than the ASHRAE recommended winter range of 68-75°F.
- 2. The relative humidity in all tested spaces was less than the ASHRAE guidelines of <65%, and also <30%, which can cause occupant discomfort.
- 3. Carbon dioxide concentrations in all tested spaces were less than the ASHRAE limit for carbon dioxide, which was 1,026 parts per million (PPM) for the day of the assessment.
- 4. Carbon monoxide concentrations were less than the IAQ meter's detection limit throughout the tested spaces.
- 5. The spore trap sampling results suggest that significant indoor amplification of mold was not present. While concentrations of *Aspergillus/Penicillium* and *Cladosporium* detected in four tested locations exceeded the ambient sample, the observed concentrations of these spores indoors do not suggest noteworthy amplification.

## 2 Assessment Methods

Mikal Frater of ATI, Inc. conducted a visual assessment and air sampling on January 26, 2021. Sampled rooms were randomly selected and accounted for approximately 10% of classrooms or a minimum of five samples. Ms. Frater documented visual observations at the time she collected the air samples. ATI references the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) *Standard 62.1 – 2016* and ASHRAE *Standard 55 – 2017* when providing IAQ services to clients. ASHRAE is an industry leader on energy efficiency and indoor air quality.

All measurements and air samples were collected between three-six feet from floor elevation, which represents a typical adult breathing zone, and away from air-supply and return diffusers. Real-time direct readings for temperature, relative humidity, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), and carbon monoxide (CO), were measured with a calibrated TSI Q-Trak 7575-X Meter and attached 982 Probe.

Total fungal air samples were collected with a Buck BioAire High-Volume Sampling Pump on Zefon Air-O-Cell spore-trap cassettes at a flow rate of 15 liters per minute for five minutes, for a sample volume of 75 liters. AMA Analytical Services, Inc. of Lanham, MD analyzed the samples using direct microscopic examination per ASTM D7391-09, which spores both viable and non-viable mold spores and particulates, which combined yields total fungal results. AMA participates in the National Institute of Standards and Technology's (NIST) National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for general laboratory performance and management, and the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) for Environmental Microbial Laboratory Accreditation Program (EMLAP). The AMA laboratory reports are included in Appendix A.

## 3 Visual Observations

Table 1 lists the areas, conditions, observations, and other pertinent details related to this IAQ assessment. On the date of the sampling event, few occupants were present in the school because of the COVID-19 global pandemic.

Sample Location	Observations
Parking Lot – Outdoors	<ul><li>Cloudy skies</li><li>No foot or vehicle traffic observed</li></ul>
Main Office	<ul> <li>Three occupants in the area during sampling</li> <li>Door to corridor and adjoining offices OPEN during sampling</li> <li>No odors observed</li> <li>Light foot traffic</li> <li>Staff complains of dusty exhaust</li> <li>Several brown stained ceiling tiles: one tile has black spots; possible growth</li> <li>One air diffuser in this space – ON during sampling; one air return</li> <li>Space is approximately 216 ft.<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>
Cafeteria	<ul> <li>No odors or visible mold growth observed</li> <li>Few stained ceiling tiles surrounding air diffusers</li> <li>Twelve diffusers in this space; seven air returns</li> <li>Door to adjoining rooms OPEN during sampling</li> <li>Space used as storage</li> <li>Trace dust accumulation</li> <li>One occupant in area during sampling</li> <li>Space is approximately 2,624 ft.<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>
Room 8	<ul> <li>No odors, stained ceiling tiles, or visible mold growth observed</li> <li>One occupant in the area during sampling</li> <li>One wall unit – OFF during sampling</li> <li>Door to corridor OPEN during sampling</li> <li>Space is approximately 960 ft.<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>
Media Center	<ul> <li>One occupant in the area during sampling</li> <li>No stained ceiling tiles, visible mold growth, or odor observed</li> <li>Trace dust accumulation in this space</li> <li>Thirteen air diffusers in this space; four air returns</li> <li>One wall unit ON during sampling</li> <li>Space is approximately 3,581 ft.<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>
Room 15	<ul> <li>No stained ceiling tile, odors or visible mold growth observed</li> <li>One occupant in this space during sampling</li> <li>Door to corridor OPEN during sampling</li> <li>Dripping faucet noticed in this space</li> <li>Emergency exit; outside access</li> <li>Space is approximately 952 ft.<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>

#### Table 1: Visual Observations and Sampling Locations

## 4 Thermal Environmental Conditions for Human Occupancy

ASHRAE *Standard 55-2017, Thermal Environmental Conditions for Human Occupancy*, addresses thermal comfort in an office environment, which means that an employee wearing a normal amount of clothing feels neither too cold nor too warm. This standard discusses thermal comfort within the context of air temperature, humidity, and air movement and provides recommended ranges for temperature and humidity that are intended to satisfy 80% of occupants. The recommended ASHRAE ranges are referenced below by each comfort parameter.

#### 4.1 Temperature

The ASHRAE standard establishes a winter comfort range of between 68°F and 75°F and a summer range of between 73°F and 79°F. The temperatures measured during the January 26, 2021, assessment is summarized in Table 2. As indicated by the data in the table, temperatures in the school averaged between 65°F and 72°F, with one location less than the ASHRAE recommended winter range.

Sample Location		1/26/2021 ∘F	ASHRAE Standard	
	Min	Мах	Average	٥F
Outdoors	36	39	38	N/A
		Indoors		
Main Office	71	73	72	68-75°F
Cafeteria	71	71	71	68-75°F
Room 8	65	65	65	68-75°F
Media Center	67	68	68	68-75°F
Room 15	69	69	69	68-75°F

#### **Table 2: Temperature**

#### 4.2 *Relative Humidity*

Relative humidity is a key factor for mold growth. Mold has the potential of growing on suitable surfaces with humidity levels above 65%. ASHRAE *Standard 62.1-2016, Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality,* recommends a maximum indoor relative humidity of 65% to prevent condensation of moisture on surfaces. Relative humidity less than 30% may result in drying of occupants' mucous membranes and skin. Relative humidity measurements are summarized in Table 3. As indicated by the data in the table, the average relative humidity ranged between 16% and 20% with all tested locations measuring both less than the ASHRAE maximum recommendation of 65% relative humidity and less than 30% relative humidity.

Table 3: Relative Humidity											
Sample Location		1/26/2021 (% RH)	ASHRAE Standard								
Cample Location	Min	Мах	Average	(% RH)							
Outdoors	66	76	71	N/A							
		Indoors									
Main Office	19	21	20	< 65							
Cafeteria	19	19	19	< 65							
Room 8	15	16	16	< 65							

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Sample Location		1/26/2021 (% RH)	ASHRAE Standard	
	Min	Мах	Average	(% RH)
Media Center	19	19	19	< 65
Room 15	20	20	20	< 65

#### 4.3 Carbon Dioxide

Carbon dioxide concentrations within an occupied building are a standard method used to gauge the efficiency of ventilation systems. Carbon dioxide is a by-product of human respiration and does not pose an acute health hazard alone. Elevated concentrations may suggest that insufficient fresh air is being supplied to an occupied space and/or that the ventilation system does not provide a sufficient rate of air exchange.

Research has indicated that buildings with adequately operating ventilation systems are able to remove odors generated by activities in an indoor office environment efficiently. ASHRAE *Standard 62.1-2016* states that comfort (odor) criteria with respect to human bioeffluents are likely to be satisfied if the ventilation can maintain indoor carbon dioxide concentrations less than 700 parts per million (ppm) greater than the outdoor air concentration. Typically, outdoor carbon dioxide concentrations range from 300 ppm to 450 ppm, with the higher range typically found in urban areas during peak rush hour.

Carbon dioxide concentrations are summarized in Table 4. On the day of the assessment, the average outdoor carbon dioxide concentration was 326 ppm, which calculates to a maximum indoor concentration of 1,026 ppm (700 + 326). All tested locations indoors were less than the recommended maximum for the day of the assessment.

Sample Location	Conce	1/26/2021 ntration (parts per	ASHRAE Standard	
	Min	Мах	Average	(ppm) NTE
Outdoors	322	329	326	N/A
		Indoors		
Main Office	419	419	419	1,026
Cafeteria	379	385	382	1,026
Room 8	371	375	373	1,026
Media Center	400	421	411	1,026
Room 15	390	391	391	1,026

#### Table 4: Carbon Dioxide

## 4.4 Carbon Monoxide

Carbon monoxide is a colorless and odorless gas produced by the incomplete combustion of carbon containing fuels. Oil, gasoline, diesel fuels, wood, coke, and coal are the major sources of carbon monoxide. ASHRAE recommends that carbon monoxide not exceed nine ppm indoors over an eight-hour time-weighted average. ATI measured carbon monoxide concentrations using a TSI Q-Trak model number 7575-X with an attached IAQ probe (model number 982). The instrument's carbon monoxide sensor has an error range of  $\pm$  3% of the reading or three (3) ppm, whichever is greater. As indicated by the data in Table 5, carbon monoxide concentrations were less than the Q-Trak's detection limit throughout the school.

Sample Location	Concer	1/26/2021 ntration (parts per	ASHRAE Standard									
	Min	Мах	Average	(ppm)								
Outdoors	<3	<3	<3	N/A								
		Inside										
Main Office	<3	<3	<3	< 9								
Cafeteria	<3	<3	<3	< 9								
Room 8	<3	<3	<3	< 9								
Media Center	<3	<3	<3	< 9								
Room 15	<3	<3	<3	< 9								

#### Table 5: Carbon Monoxide

# 5 Total Fungal Air Sampling Results

Mold is carried indoors through building entrances, open windows, loading docks, foot traffic into buildings, and the HVAC system. To thrive indoors, mold requires a food source, proper temperature and humidity to foster its growth.

The January 26, 2021 mold assessment sampled air using spore trap cassettes in randomly selected classrooms and other areas throughout the facility. These cassettes collect both viable spores, those capable of producing more fungal colonies, and non-viable spores, which cannot reproduce. Based upon recognized industry practices, indoor mold concentrations are compared with those detected outdoors, which are also known as ambient or baseline samples.

In normal circumstances, the diversity of spores identified indoors and outdoors should be similar with some exceptions. The high concentration of one or two species of fungal spores identified indoors and the absence of the same species outdoors can indicate a moisture problem with the potential to degrade the air quality. Fungi species present indoors are typically found at levels ranging from approximately 10-50% of their levels in the outdoor air, reflecting the filtering by the building's HVAC system.

The results suggest the indoor concentrations were generally favorable compared to the outdoor concentrations. The total ambient, outdoor spore concentration was 424 spores/m<sup>3</sup>, and all but one tested space had total spore concentrations less than the ambient total. The Main Office had a total spore concentration of 956 spores/m<sup>3</sup>. This tested room had a *Cladosporium* concentration of 530 spores/m<sup>3</sup>, which was not detection in the ambient sample. Two locations, the Main Office and Room 15, had concentrations of *Aspergillus/Penicillium* of 371 spores/m<sup>3</sup> and 318 spores/m<sup>3</sup> respectively, which were greater than the 106 spores/m<sup>3</sup> in the ambient sample.

The *Cladosporium* and *Aspergillus/Penicillium* concentrations that were greater than the respective outdoor concentrations do not suggest significant mold growth, nor do they suggest that the presence is due to significant water damage. The measured concentrations are not unusual in occupied spaces.

The official laboratory report with spore trap samples collected on January 26, 2021, is presented in Appendix A.

## 6 Summary of Findings

- 1. One of the tested spaces had temperatures less than the ASHRAE recommended winter range of 68-75°F.
- 2. The relative humidity in all tested spaces was less than the ASHRAE guidelines of <65%, and also <30%, which can cause occupant discomfort.
- 3. Carbon dioxide concentrations in all tested spaces were less than the ASHRAE limit for carbon dioxide, which was 1,026 parts per million (PPM) for the day of the assessment.

## INDOOR AIR QUALITY REPORT

## ADELPHI ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

- 4. Carbon monoxide concentrations were less than the IAQ meter's detection limit throughout the tested spaces.
- 5. The spore trap sampling results suggest that significant indoor amplification of mold was not present. While concentrations of *Aspergillus/Penicillium* and *Cladosporium* detected in three tested locations exceeded the ambient sample, the observed concentrations of these spores indoors do not suggest noteworthy amplification.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide these IAQ testing services for you. If you have any questions, please contact us at (202) 643-4283.

Best, ATI, INC.

isal Frater

Mikal Frater Industrial Hygienist

Nate Burgei, CIH, CSP Certified Industrial Hygienist

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# Appendix A: Laboratory Report and Chain of Custody





#### ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

Chain of Custody: Client: Address: Attention:	285325 ATI, Inc. 9220 Rumsey R Suite 100 Columbia, MD 2 Mikal Frater					Job Location:	•	ntary School IAC ad, Adelphi, MD		Date Submitted: Person Submitting: Date Analyzed: Report Date:		01/26/20 Mikal Fr 02/01/20 02/02/20	ater )21		
AMA Sample # Client ID Analyst ID Collection Apparatus Sample Volume (L) Sample Condition Debris Loading Location		285325-1 126-Adelphi-1 TLW Air-O-Cell 75 Acceptable 1 Parking Lot				AMA Sample # Client ID Analyst ID Collection Apparatus Sample Volume (L) Sample Condition Debris Loading Location	120 TL' Air 0 Aco 1	5325-2 6-Adelphi-2 W -O-Cell ceptable Id Blank		AMA Sample # Client ID Analyst ID Collection Apparatus Sample Volume (L) Sample Condition Debris Loading Location	12 TL Ain 75 Ac 1	r-O-Cell			
	Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m <sup>3</sup>	%		Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S. sp/m <sup>3</sup> %		Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m <sup>3</sup>	%
Alterr	naria					Alternari	a			Alternaria					
Ascosp	ores 2	15	53	106	25%	Ascospore	s			Ascospores					
Basidiosp	ores 4	15	53	212	50%	Basidiospore	s			Basidiospores	1	15	53	53	5.6%
Bipolaris/Drechslera/H	lelm.					Bipolaris/Drechslera/Heln	n.			Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.					
Chaeton	nium					Chaetomiur	n			Chaetomium					
Cladospo	rium					Cladosporiur	m			Cladosporium	10	15	53	530	55.6%
Curvu	Ilaria					Curvulari	a			Curvularia					
Penicillium / Asperg	gillus 2	15	53	106	25%	Penicillium / Aspergillu	IS			Penicillium / Aspergillus	7	15	53	371	38.9%
Smuts/Periconia/Myxomyc	etes					Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycete	S			Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes					
Stachybotrys/Memnor	niella					Stachybotrys/Memnoniell	a			Stachybotrys/Memnoniella					
<b>≜</b> Uloclad	dium					Ulocladiur	n			lucladium					
Unkn	iown					Unknow	'n			Unknown					
Other Colo	rless					Other Colorles	S			Other Colorless					
Hyphal Fragme	ents <sup>*</sup> 1	15	53	53	12.5%	Hyphal Fragments	s <sup>*</sup>			Hyphal Fragments*					
Total Raw	<b>Ct:</b> 8		Total s	sp/m <sup>3</sup> :	424	Total Raw C	<b>t:</b> 0		Total sp/m <sup>3</sup> : 0	Total Raw Ct:	18	-	Total sp	o/m <sup>3</sup> :	954
	Com	iments				N	Commer o mold spores				Comme				





#### ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

Chain of Custody: Client: Address: Attention:	285325 ATI, Inc. 9220 Rumsey R Suite 100 Columbia, MD 2 Mikal Frater				Job Location: Job Number:	Adelphi Elementary School IAQ 8820 Riggs Road, Adelphi, MD 20783 Not Provided Not Provided					Date Submitted: Person Submitting: Date Analyzed: Report Date:		01/26/202 Mikal Frat 02/01/202 02/02/202	er 1		
AMA Sample # Client ID Analyst ID Collection Apparatus Sample Volume (L) Sample Condition Debris Loading Location		285325-4 126-Adelphi-4 TLW Air-O-Cell 75 Acceptable 1 Cafetorium			AMA Sample # Client ID Analyst ID Collection Apparatus Sample Volume (L) Sample Condition Debris Loading Location	1 7 7 7 1	285325-5 126-Adelphi-5 TLW Air-O-Cell 75 Acceptable Room 8				AMA Sample # Client ID Analyst ID Collection Apparatus Sample Volume (L) Sample Condition Debris Loading Location	126 TLV Air- 75 Acc 1	5325-6 S-Adelphi-6 W O-Cell ceptable dia Center			
	Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S. s	p/m <sup>3</sup> %		Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m <sup>3</sup>	%		Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m <sup>3</sup>	%
Altern	naria				Alterna	ria					Alternaria					
Ascospo	ores				Ascospor	es					Ascospores					
Basidiospo	ores				Basidiospor	es 2	15	53	106	28.6%	Basidiospores					
Bipolaris/Drechslera/He	elm.				Bipolaris/Drechslera/Hel	m.					Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.					
Chaetom	nium				Chaetomiu	ım					Chaetomium					
Cladospor	rium 1	15	53	53 100%	Cladosporiu	ım 2	15	53	106	28.6%	Cladosporium					
Curvul	laria				Curvular	ria					Curvularia					
Penicillium / Asperg	jillus				Penicillium / Aspergill	us					Penicillium / Aspergillus	1	15	53	53	50%
Smuts/Periconia/Myxomyce	etes				Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycet	es					Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes					
Stachybotrys/Memnon	niella				Stachybotrys/Memnonie	lla					Stachybotrys/Memnoniella					
lloclad	dium				<b>≜</b> Ulocladiu	ım					Ulocladium					
Unkn	iown				Unknow	vn 1	15	53	53	14.3%	Unknown					
Other Color	rless Present	15	53 🗸	<53	Other Colorle	ss 2	15	53	106	28.6%	Other Colorless	1	15	53	53	50%
Hyphal Fragme	ents*				Hyphal Fragmen	ts*					Hyphal Fragments*					
Total Raw	<b>Ct:</b> 1		Total sp/	<b>m<sup>3</sup>:</b> 53	Total Raw C	<b>Ct:</b> 7	1	Fotal s	sp/m <sup>3</sup> :	371	Total Raw Ct:	2		Total s	o/m <sup>3</sup> :	106
	Com	ments				Comm	ents					Commen	its			





#### ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

Chain of Custody: Client: Address:	285325 ATI, Inc. 9220 Rumsey Road Suite 100 Columbia, MD 21045	5				Job Name: Job Location: Job Number: P.O. Number:	Adelphi Elementary School IAQ 8820 Riggs Road, Adelphi, MD 20783 Not Provided Not Provided	Date Submitted: Person Submitting: Date Analyzed: Report Date:	01/26/2021 Mikal Frater 02/01/2021 02/02/2021
Attention:	Mikal Frater								
AMA Sample # Client ID Analyst ID Collection Apparatus Sample Volume (L) Sample Condition Debris Loading Location	126 TLV Air- 75 Acc 2	5325-7 3-Adelphi-7 W -O-Cell ceptable om 15							
	Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m <sup>3</sup>	%				
Altern									
Ascospo			= 0		10				
Basidiospo		15	53	53	12.5%				
Bipolaris/Drechslera/He									
Chaetom									
Cladospor									
Curvul			= -						
Penicillium / Asperg		15	53	318	75%				
Smuts/Periconia/Myxomyce		15	53	<53					
Stachybotrys/Memnon									
<b>♦</b> Uloclad									
Unkn		45	50	50	10 50/				
Other Color	less 1	15	53	53	12.5%				
Hyphal Fragme	ents*								
Total Raw	Ct: 8		Total s	p/m <sup>3</sup> :	424				
	Commen	nts		-					





#### ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

Chain of Custody:	285325	Job Name:	Adelphi Elementary School IAQ	Date Submitted:	01/26/2021
Client:	ATI, Inc.	Job Location:	8820 Riggs Road, Adelphi, MD 20783	Person Submitting:	Mikal Frater
Address:	9220 Rumsey Road	Job Number:	Not Provided	Date Analyzed:	02/01/2021
	Suite 100	P.O. Number:	Not Provided	Report Date:	02/02/2021
	Columbia, MD 21045				
Attention:	Mikal Frater				

#### **Spore Comparison Guide**

The criteria for these specifications are outlined, but not limited to those listed, below. Final specifications may differ from the listed criteria for certain samples. AMA Analytical Services, Inc. reserves the right to make changes to these criteria at any time without notice.

Normal ecology	Slightly above normal ecology	Moderately above normal ecology	Substantially above normal ecology

Stachybotrys / Memnoniella, and Chaetomium	Other Spores* (Control Present)	Other Spores* (No Control)
1-4 Spores: Yellow	< 10 Spores: Insignificant (no color)	< 10 Spores: Insignificant (no color)
5-9 Spores: Orange	<= Control's spore count: Green	10-20 Spores: Yellow
10+ Spores: Red	Between Control and 2x Control: Yellow	20-50 Spores: Orange
	Between 2x Control and 3x Control: Orange	50+ Spores: Red
	3x+ Control: Red	

\*No evalutation is provided for the following spore types: Other, Other Colorless, and Unknown Fungi, and Misc

Interpretation of the data contained in this report is the sole responsibility of the client or the persons who conducted the field work. There are no federal or national standards for the number of fungal spores that may be present in the indoor environment. As a general rule and guideline that is widely accepted in the indoor air quality field, the numbers and types of spores that are present in the indoor environment should be comparable to those that are present outdoors at any given time. There will always be some mold spores present in "Normal" indoor environments. The purpose of sampling and counting spores is to help determine whether an abnormal condition exists within the indoor environment and if it does, to help pinpoint the area of contamination. Spore counts should not be used as the sole determining factor of mold contamination. There are many factors that can cause anomalies in the comparison of indoor and outdoor samples due to the dynamic nature of both of those environments.

This report is provided for informational and comparative purposes only and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. Sampling techniques, possible contaminants, unrepresentative samples and other similar or dissimilar factors may affect these results. With the statistical evaluation provided, as with all statistical comparisons and analyses, false-positive and false-negative results can and do occur. AMA Analytical Services, Inc. hereby disclaims any liability for any and all direct, indirect, punitive, incidental, special or consequential damages arising out of the use or interpretation of the data contained in, or any actions taken or omitted in reliance upon, this report.





#### ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

Chain of Custody:	285325	Job Name:	Adelphi Elementary School IAQ	Date Submitted:	01/26/2021
Client:	ATI, Inc.	Job Location:	8820 Riggs Road, Adelphi, MD 20783	Person Submitting:	Mikal Frater
Address:	9220 Rumsey Road	Job Number:	Not Provided	Date Analyzed:	02/01/2021
	Suite 100	P.O. Number:	Not Provided	Report Date:	02/02/2021
	Columbia, MD 21045				
Attention:	Mikal Frater				

#### **General Comments, Disclaimers, and Footnotes**

Sample are analyzed following the instructions and guidelines outlined in ASTM 7391-09.
Acceptable: The sample was collected and delivered to the our location without disturbing the material on the sampling media. Unacceptable: 1. The sample trace (TR) has been disturbed. 2. The sample was damaged or otherwise unsuitable for analysis. 0 = No particulate matter detected; 1= >nd-~5% Particulate Loading; 2 = ~5%-25% Particulate Loading; 3 = ~25%- 75% Particulate Loading; 4 = ~75%-90% Particulate Loading; 5 = >90% Particulate Loading
Based on their small size and very few distinguishing characteristics, Aspergillus and Penicillium cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. There are other types of spores whose morphology is similar to Aspergillus and Penicillium and cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. Examples of these similar spores are Acremonium, Paecilomyces, Wallemia, Trichoderma, Scopulariopsis, and Gliocladium. Smuts, Periconia and Myxomycetes are three different types of genera that have similar morphological characteristics. Bipolaris/Dreschlera/Helm: Bipolaris / Dreschlera / Helminthosporium are three different types of genera that have smiliar morphological characteristics. Other Colorless represents all colorless spores that are non-distinctive and unidentifiable. *Hyphal Fragments: A portion of the mycelium that becomes separated from the remainder of the thallus (vegetative body), each of which has the capacity to grow and form new individuals. Results for hyphal fragments are in fragments/m3 and are not incorporated in the total spore concentration. The droplet symbol () refers to water-intrusion indicator spores. These fungal spores, when found on indoor air samples, can be an indication of moisture sources and resultant fungal growth that may be problematic.
Analytical Sensitivity (A.S.): This is dependent on the volume of air collected, size of the trace, ocular diameter, and the amount of the trace that was analyzed. The value of "Present" indicated in the Raw Count column represents the presence of this spore type during the preliminary exam at 400x. The Raw Count converts to a whole number if the spore type is encountered again during the 600x-1,000x enumeration. The sp/m3concentration will be reported as less than the analytical sensitivity if "Present" is reported in the Raw Count. Results are reported to 3 significant figures. sp/m3: Spores per cubic meter. Uncertainty: for raw count in the range of 0-50 the SR is 0.375, 51-100 SR=0.333, 101-200 SR=0.257, >200 SR=0.245 All results are to be considered preliminary and subject to change unless signed by the Technical Director or Deputy. Analyst(s): Tristan Ward

Technical Director Tristan Ward

This report applies only to the sample, or samples, investigated and is not necessarily indicative of the quality or condition of apparently identical or similar products. As a mutual protection to clients, the public, and these Laboratories, this report is submitted and accepted for the exclusive use of the client to whom it is addressed and upon the condition that it is not to be used, in whole or in part, in any advertising or publicity matter without prior written authorization from us. Sample types, locations, and collection protocols are based upon the information provided by the persons submitting them and, unless collected by personnel of these Laboratories, we expressly disclaim any knowledge and liability for the accuracy and completeness of this information. Residual sample material will be discarded in accordance with the appropriate regulatory guidelines, unless otherwise requested by the client.





# **MOLD SPORE DESCRIPTIONS**

#### Ascospores

Ascospores are spores formed inside an ascus (asci-plural) or sac-like cell which is contained inside a fruiting body called an ascocarp or an ascoma (ascomata-plural). An ascus typically contains a definite nuimber of ascospores, usually eight. Ascospores are unique in shape, size, and color as to the Genus/species they represent. These spores are specific to fungi classified as Ascomycetes. They are ubiquitous in nature. Many decay organic matter, others are plant or animal pathogens. They can grow indoors on damp materials. Release of ascospores are released by forcible ejection and dispersed by wind, water, animals and other agents. Health Effects: Depending on the Genera, Ascospores may be allergenic.

#### Basidiospores

Basidiospores are reproductive spores produced by a group of fungi called basidiomycetes. This group includes the mushrooms, shelf fungi and various other macrofungi. Basidipspores serve as the main air (wind) dispersal units for the fungi and their release is dependent upon moisture. The structure of the spore complex can develop in various manners resulting in different appearances. It is often found growing in soil, decaying plant debris, compost piles and fruit rot. Indoors, it can be found on water damaged building materials (chipboard /OSB, plywood, wallpaper, and glue) as well as on food items (dried foods, cheeses, fruits, herbs, spices, cereals). Health effects: Some basidiospores may produce toxins and can act as allergens. They have not been reported to be pathogens.

#### Cladosporium

Cladosporium is the most common indoor and outdoor mold. The spores are wind dispersed and are often extremely abundant in outdoor air. Many species are commonly found on living and dead plant material. Indoors, they may grow on surfaces with high moisture or high humidity levels such as damp window sills, poorly ventilated bathrooms and soiled refrigerators. It produces powdery or velvety olive-green to brown or black colonies. The conidia (spores) vary depending on the species and are formed in simple or branching chains with multi-attachment points. Health Effects: Cladosporium species are rarely pathogenic to humans, but have been reported to occassionally cause sinusitis and pulmonary infections as well as infections of the skin and toenails. The airborne spores are significant allergens, and in large amounts they may severely affect asthmatics and people with respiratory diseases.

#### Hyphal Fragments

Hyphal Fragments are segments or pieces of hyphae or mycelium that may have broken off during sampling (air, tape, dust). The mycelium is the entire mass of hyphae that makes up the vegetative body of a fungus. The presence of hyphal fragments may indicate the presence of viable mold.

#### **Other Colorless**

- "Other Colorless" are all non-distinctive, unidentifiable, colorless spores seen on spore trap samples and include all the genera that do not have distinguishing morphology to belong to any of the other defined categories."





#### Penicillium/Aspergillus Like

Penicillium and Aspergillus are ubiquitous, filamentous fungi that are found in soil, decaying plant debris, compost piles, and in the air. Indoors, spores are commonly found in house dust, in water-damaged buildings (wallpaper, wallpaper glue, decaying fabrics, moist chipboards, and behind paint) as well as fruit and grains. They are the most common fungal genera, worldwide. Both produce chains of spores that are small, round to oval, colorless or slightly pigmented, and smooth to rough walled. These spores are indistinguishable between the two as well as other genera, such as Gliocladium, Trichoderma, Paecilomyces, and Scopulariopsis. They differ as to their conidiophores or fruiting bodies. While, Aspergillus spores are produced from phialides supported on conidia heads or swollen vesicles, Penicillium spores are produced on finger-like projections. Depending on species, typical colonies of Aspergillus are initially white and later turn to either shades of green, yellow, orange, brown or black. Texture is usually velvety to cottony. Typical colonies of Penicillium, other than Penicillium marneffei (yeast-like at 37oC), grow rapidly, white in color at first, later becoming bluish green with white borders with velvety to powdery textures depending on species. Some species produce radial patterns. Health Effects: Both Aspergillus and Penicillium are potential allergens. Several species of Aspergillus (A. flavus and A. parasiticus) produce aflatoxins or natually occurring mycotoxins that are toxic and carcinogenic. These are found in contaminated foodstuff and are hazardous to consumers. Penicillium has only one known species that is pathogenic to humans (P. marneffei) that causes lethal systemic infection (Penicilliosis) in immunocompromised individuals.

#### Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes

Smuts, Periconia, and Myxomycetes spores are grouped together due to their similar round, brown morphology. Smuts are outdoor parasitic plant pathogens. They rarely grow indoors but may grow on host plants if appropriate conditions are present. They are parasitic plant pathogens. They can be found on cereal crops, grasses, flowing plants, weed, and other fungi. They can cause allergies. Periconia are found in soils, dead herbaceous stems and leaf spots, and grasses. They have wind dispersed dry spores. Their spores are abundant in the air but it is not known if they are allergenic. Myxomycetes are found on decaying logs, stumps and dead leaves. They have wind-dispersed dry spores and wet motile (amoebic phase) spores. During favorable conditions they move about like amoebae. They form dry airborne spores when conditions are unfavorable. They are rarely found indoors. Health Effects: They may cause Type 1 allergies (hay fever, asthma). No human infections have been reported.

#### Unknown Fungi

"Unknown Fungi" are spores that cannot be identified under direct microscopic analysis. This includes partial spores. This category also includes spores that are hidden or hard to see during microscopic examination due to heavy presence of particulate.

AMA Anal	ytical Services,	Inc.
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 (459-2643)

# **CHAIN OF CUSTODY**

(Please Refer To This Number For Inquires)

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Appendix B: Instrument Calibration Records

# **Certificate of Calibration**

# () Buck™ BioAire Pump Calibration Rotameter () Buck<sup>TM</sup> BioSlide Pump Calibration Rotameter

Serial number: R15046

Date Calibrated: 11/12/2020 Calibration Due Date: 11/12/2021

#### **Flow Calibration**

This is to certify that the rotameter listed above has been calibrated using a Buck Primary calibrator listed below which is calibrated according to A.P. Buck, Inc. calibration procedure APB-1, Ver. 6.2 and is traceable to the National Institute of Standards & Technology (N.I.S.T). A.P. Buck guarantees the accuracy of the rotameter to be within  $\pm$  5% of the actual flow rate.

AMBIENT CONDITIONS: Temperature  $74\pm3^{\circ}$  F Relative Humidity  $50\pm10\%$ 

Description	MFR.	Model	Serial #
Primary Calibrator	A.P. Buck Inc.	M30B	□ A40020 □ A40021
QA Appr	oval By: NO	oran' M	Nent

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> A.P. BUCK, INC. 7101 Presidents Drive. Suite 110 Orlando, FL 32809 Phone: 407-851-8602 Fax: 407-851-8910

_		UDITIONS				AOD	DEL			982
	NVIRONMENT COM EMPERATURE	NDITIONS	74.0 (23.	3) °F (°C)						P17100007
	ELATIVE HUMIDITY		34	%RH		SER	IAL NUMBE	R		P1/100001
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	1 10.0	10.4		7.0~13.0		5	90.01		* 85.88	87.01~95.01
	2 30.0	29.3		47.0~53.						dicates Out-of-Tolerance Co
	TSI does hereby c data) and has bee Technology (NISI of physical consta <u>Measuremen</u> 5000 CO2 N2 Flow Flow 2000 C4H8 Temperatur Temperture	r) or has been v ints. TSI's calif nt Variable S I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	ibove descri ing standar, verified with bration syste <u>vstem ID</u> 4A044095 -0608 c003341 c003525 cB0054467 c010657 c010655	bed instrument ds whose accur respect to inst- m is registered 04-06-20 05-19-20 09-03-19 01-06-20 08-13-19 02-14-20 01-21-20	conforms to racies are tri rumentation (to ISO-900 <u>Cal. Due</u> 04-06-25 05-19-28 09-30-20 01-31-21 08-12-22 02-28-21 01-31-21	o the acea who 1:20	original mant ble to the Unit se accuracy (S 1) 5. <u>Measuremen</u> 200 CO Air Flow Flow Flow 100 C4H8 Temperature Humidity	<u>t Varia</u>		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
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As FOUND

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION AND TESTING

TSI Incorporated, 500 Cardigan Road, Shoreview, MN 55126 USA Tel: 1-800-874-2811 1-651-490-2811 Fax: 1-651-490-3824 http://www.tsi.com

ENVIRONMENT CONDITION	S		MODEL	982	
Temperature		°F (°C)			
RELATIVE HUMIDITY	50.3	%RH	SERIAL NUMBER	P17100007	
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	29.15 (987.1)	inHg (hPa)	OERING TREAT		

OUT OF TOLERANCE

# - CALIBRATION VERIFICATION RESULTS-

<b>TEMPERATURE VERIFICATION</b>			SYSTEM T-101					
		ALLOWABLE RANGE .	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE		
STANDARD	MEASURED		12	140.0 (60.0)	140.5 (60.3)	139.0~141.0 (59.5~60.6)		
22.1 (0.0)	31.9 (-0.1)	31.1~33.1 (-0.5~0.6)	141	140.0 (00.0)	Thom (only)			

LL.	MIDITY VERIF	ICATION		3121	EWI 11-102		Duige
#1	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
H .		9.0	7.8~12.2	4	70.0	69.5	67.8~72.2
	10.0	29.1	27.8~32.2	5	90.0	88.7	87.8-92.2
$\frac{2}{3}$	30.0	49.6	47.8~52.2				
21				SVS	гем G-101		Unit: ppr
CC	2 GAS VERIFI	the second se	D. S. S.	1	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	- Fi	3016	3012	2926~3107
T	0	0	0~50	4			4904~5208
5	502	502	452~552	5	5056	5032	4904-5200
- 3	1005	1019	955~1055				
-				Sys	тем G-101		Unit: pp
CC	) GAS VERIFIC	and a second as whether as out to be assessed as	ALLOWABLE RANGE	T #	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	and a second	12	101	100	98~104
1	35	36	32~38	12	101	100	

TSI does hereby certify that the above described instrument conforms to the original manufacturer's specification (not applicable to As Found data) and has been calibrated using standards whose accuracies are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or has been verified with respect to instrumentation whose accuracy is traceable to NIST. or is derived from accepted values of physical constants. TSI's calibration system is registered to ISO-9001:2015.

Measurement Variable Temperature Temperture 5000 CO2 N2 Flow Flow Flow 2000 C4H8	System ID E010657 E010655 14A044095 T-0608 E003341 E003525 EB0054467	Last Cal. 02-14-20 01-21-20 04-06-29 05-19-20 09-03-19 01-06-20 08-13-19	Cal. Due 02-28-21 01-31-21 04-06-25 05-19-28 09-30-20 01-31-21 08-12-22	Measurement Variable           Temperature           Humidity           200 CO           Air           How           Flow           100 C4H8	<u>System 1D</u> E010658 E003539 149886 T17939 E003980 E003342 CC507339	Last Cal. 02-14-20 02-26-20 04-30-20 04-09-20 04-09-20 04-22-20 09-03-19 03-24-20	Cal. Due 02-28-21 08-31-20 03-24-28 04-09-28 04-30-24 09-30-20 03-24-28
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ChaoVerg CALIBRATED

June 16, 2020

DATE



## **CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION AND TESTING**

TSI Incorporated, 500 Cardigan Road, Shoreview, MN 55126 USA Tel: 1-800-874-2811 1-651-490-2811 Fax: 1-651-490-3824 http://www.tsi.com

Environment Conditions					Model		7575-X	
Temperature 7		70.72 (21.5)	0.72 (21.5) °F (°C)		MODEL		1313-7	
RELATIVE HUMIDITY		39.0	%RH	- Serial Number			7575X1711006	
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE		29.15 (987.1)	inHg (hPa)			ER I	57581711000	
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THERMO COUPL	E		Syst	EM PRI	ESSURE01	-02	Unit: °F ( °C )	
THERMO COUPL	E MEASURED	ALLOW	SYST ABLE RANGE		ESSURE01 Standard	-02 MEASURED	Unit: °F ( °C ) ALLOWABLE RANGE	
	·····					T	- is a second	
# STANDARD	MEASURED 70.8 (21.6)		ABLE RANGE 9 (20.5-22.7)	H		MEASURED	- is a second	
# STANDARD 1 70.9 (21.6)	MEASURED 70.8 (21.6)	68.972	ABLE RANGE 9 (20.5-22.7)	EM PRI	STANDARD	MEASURED	Allowable Range	

TSI does hereby certify that the above described instrument conforms to the original manufacturer's specification (not applicable to As Found data) and has been calibrated using standards whose accuracies are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or has been verified with respect to instrumentation whose accuracy is traceable to NIST, or is derived from accepted values of physical constants. TSI's calibration system is registered to ISO-9001:2015.

Measurement Variable Temperature Pressure

System ID E004626 E003982

Last Cal. Cal. Due 02-14-20 02-28-21 01-24-20 07-31-20

Measurement Variable Pressure DC Voltage

System ID	Last Cal.	Ca
E005254	10-10-19	10-
E003493	08-14-19	08-

Last Cal.	Cal. Due
10-10-19	10-31-20
08-14-19	08-31-20

ChaoVang

CALIBRATED

June 15, 2020

DATE

6	R.
V	<b>P</b>

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION AND TESTING

TSI Incorporated, 500 Cardigan Road, Shoreview, MN 55126 USA

Tel: 1-800-874-2811 1-651-490-2811 Fax: 1-651-490-3824 http://www.tsi.com

									and the second se
Environment Conditions					Model			7575-X	
TEMPERATURE 74		70.68 (21.5			MODEL				
Relative Humidity		38.0	%RH	- SERIAL NUMBER		7	575X1711006		
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Ти	IERMO COUPLE			Syst	EM PI	RESS	URE01-02		Unit: °F ( °C
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1	70.8 (21.6)	71.1 (21.7)	68.8~	72.8 (20.4~22.7)					
BA	ROMETRIC PR	ESSURE		Syst	EM P	RESS	URE01-02		Unit: inHg ( hPa )
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	A	LLOWABLE RANG	E	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
1	29.22 (989.5)	29.17 (987.8)	28.6	4~29.80 (969.9~100	)9.1)				

TSI does hereby certify that the above described instrument conforms to the original manufacturer's specification (not applicable to As Found data) and has been calibrated using standards whose accuracies are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or has been verified with respect to instrumentation whose accuracy is traceable to NIST, or is derived from accepted values of physical constants. TSI's calibration system is registered to ISO-9001;2015.

Measurement Variable Temperature Pressure

System ID E004626 E003982

Measurement Variable Pressure DC Voltage

System ID	Last C
E005254	10-10-
E003493	08-14-

ast Cal.	Cal. Due
0-10-19	10-31-20
8-14-19	08-31-20

Chao Vang Verified

June 15, 2020 DATE

Cal. Due 02-28-21

07-31-20

Last Cal. 02-14-20 01-24-20