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February 2, 2021

Prince Georges County Environmental Safety Office 13306 Old Marlboro Pike Upper Marlboro, MD 20772

Attention: Mr. Alex Baylor

RE: Indoor Air Quality Screening Report

Global Project Number: 20-064 School: Barack Obama Elementary School

Dear Mr. Baylor,

On January 28, 2021, Global Inc.'s (GLOBAL) team of Industrial Hygienists under the supervision of Certified Industrial Hygienist, Dr. Channa Bambaradeniya, conducted an Indoor Air Quality Screening at Barack Obama Elementary School located at 12700 Brooke Ln, Upper Marlboro, MD 20772.

#### Methodology

The IAQ evaluation included a visual assessment, sampling for non-viable mold spores in air, and measurement of comfort parameters (temperature, humidity, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide) in randomly selected representative locations within the building. GLOBAL's inspector conducted a walkthrough with Prince Georges County Public School (PGCPS) personnel present. Rooms were selected in a random manner throughout the building so as to prevent sampling bias.

During the visual assessment of representative locations, and when noted, GLOBAL documented those areas with suspected mold growth, water intrusions, and wet conditions that have the potential to lead to mold growth. GLOBAL also noted any unusual odors. At least one microbial air sample was collected for every 10,000 Square Feet (SF) of space in the building and the analytical results for the interior spaces were compared to an outdoor (ambient) sample collected on the same day.

Microbial samples (including a field blank for quality control) were delivered under strict chainof-custody procedures were to Hayes Microbial Consulting - an AIHA EMPAT-certified laboratory in Midlothian, Virginia for analysis by microscopy. The sample chain-of-custody and laboratory report is attached.



### Observations

The general observations in the six indoor locations inspected are summarized in Table 1 below:

### **Table 1: Observations**

Location	Observations				
Multipurpose room	No issues				
Room A106	No issues				
Room A117	Spots on ceiling tiles				
Room A209	No issues				
Room B202	No issues				
Room B217	No issues				

### **Comfort Parameter Measurements and Mold-in-Air Sample Results**

The comfort parameter measurements and status of fungal ecology is summarized in Table 2.

#### **Temperature**

The American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) have published recommendations for year-round acceptable temperatures in Standard 55-2016 (*Thermal Environmental Conditions for Human Occupancy*). The winter comfort range is 68 to 75°F and the summer comfort range is 73 to 79°F. It is important to note that ASHRAE standards are intended as a suggested guideline as opposed to a regulation. The indoor temperature readings of big Gym and Dance room were below the ASHRAE Standard for winter.

## Relative Humidity (RH)

Relative humidity is a key factor for mold growth. Mold has the potential of growing on suitable surfaces with humidity levels above 60%. ASHRAE standard 62.1-2013 (*Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality*) recommends a maximum indoor relative humidity of 65% to preclude the likelihood of condensation on cool surfaces encouraging mold growth. All the indoor relative humidity readings were below the maximum ASHRAE recommended level of 65%.

## Carbon Monoxide

Carbon monoxide (CO) is a colorless and odorless gas that is produced by the incomplete combustion of carbon-containing fuels. Oil, gasoline, diesel fuels, wood, coke, and coal are the major sources of CO. All registered CO concentrations were below the EPA National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) of 9 ppm.



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## Carbon Dioxide

Under conditions of maximum occupancy, ASHRAE Standard 62.1-2013, Appendix C, infers that the acceptable carbon dioxide upper limit is the prevailing outdoor carbon dioxide concentration plus 700 parts per million (ppm). On January 28, 2021, the outdoor (ambient) carbon dioxide concentration was approximately 419 ppm so indoor concentrations should not exceed approximately 1119 ppm (700 + 419). All indoor carbon dioxide measurements were within the ASHRAE standards.

## Mold-in-Air Samples

There are no definitive regulations or standardized guidelines for addressing airborne mold in an indoor setting. If building systems (ventilation, envelope) are functioning properly, the indoor fungal ecology profile should be consistent with what is encountered outdoors and the spore concentrations should be below the ambient levels. The analytical results of indoor air samples collected from all locations showed normal fungal ecology. Laboratory analytical results are attached at the end of this report.

Sample Location	Temp <sup>0</sup> F	RH%	CO ppm	CO2 ppm	Normal Fungal
Standards	ASHRAE 68 to 75°F	ASHRAE <65%	NAAQS <9	ASHRAE 1119	Ecology?
Ambient	44.9	51.2	0	419	N/A
Big Gym	61.3	33.0	0	404	Yes
Dance room	63.8	31.0	0	427	Yes
Guidance office	69.9	33.3	0	438	Yes
Room 104	69.8	38.3	0	420	Yes
Room 107	70.3	51.0	0	415	Yes
Room 114	69.4	48.7	0	415	Yes

## Table 2: Air Quality Results

## **Conclusions and Recommendations**

Among the comfort parameters measured, the indoor temperature readings from the big gymnasium and the dance room were below the ASHRAE recommended range for winter. The indoor temperature should be maintained between 68 to 75°F when the school is in operation



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during the winter. No indoor air quality issues related to mold were found during the screening performed on January 28, 2020, and all mold samples were found to have a normal ecology for an indoor environment.

It has been our pleasure to conduct these IAQ Screening services for the Prince Georges County Public School system. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact us.

Regards,

Channa Bambaradeniya, Ph.D., CIH, CSP, CHMM Certified Industrial Hygienist Global, Inc. Mobile: 443-691-0455



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## ATTACHMENT I

Air Sample Analytical Results and Chain-Of-Custody Form



## #21003340

Analysis Report prepared for

# Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002

Phone: (443) 691-0455

BB203 Indoor Air Quality Assessment - PGCPS Barack Obama Elementary School

> Collected: January 28, 2021 Received: January 29, 2021 Reported: January 29, 2021

We would like to thank you for trusting Hayes Microbial for your analytical needs! We received 8 samples by FedEx in good condition for this project on January 29th, 2021.

The results in this analysis pertain only to this job, collected on the stated date, and should not be used in the interpretation of any other job. This report may not be duplicated, except in full, without the written consent of Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC..

This laboratory bears no responsibility for sample collection activities, analytical method limitations, or your use of the test results. Interpretation and use of test results are your responsibility. Any reference to health effects or interpretation of mold levels is strictly the opinion of Hayes Microbial. In no event, shall Hayes Microbial or any of its employees be liable for lost profits or any special, incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use of these test results.

phen N. Hoyces

Steve Hayes, BSMT(ASCP) Laboratory Director Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC.



EPA Laboratory ID: VA01419



Lab ID: #188863



DPH License: #PH-0198

3005 East Boundary Terrace, Suite F. Midlothian, VA. 23112

(804) 562-3435

## Shanka Dissanayake Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455

## **BB203**

Indoor Air Quality Assessment - PGCPS Barack Obama Élementary School

## #21003340

SOP - HMC#101

Sample Number	1	OES-0	128-01	2	OES-0	128-02	3	OES-0	28-03	4	OES-0	128-04	
Sample Name		Ambient		Mult	Multipurpose Room			Room A106			Room A117		
Sample Volume	75.00 liter 13 spores/m <sup>3</sup> 2		75.00 liter 13 spores/m <sup>3</sup> 3			75.00 liter 13 spores/m <sup>3</sup> 2			75.00 liter 13 spores/m <sup>3</sup> 1				
Reporting Limit													
Background													
Fragments	nents ND			ND			ND		ND				
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m <sup>3</sup>	% of Tota	
Alternaria													
Ascospores	11	147	55.0%	2	27	22.2%	1	13	100.0%	1	13	50.0%	
Aspergillus Penicillium													
Basidiospores	5	67	25.0%	1	13	11.1%				1	13	50.0%	
Bipolaris Drechslera													
Chaetomium													
Cladosporium	4	53	20.0%	2	27	22.2%							
Curvularia				1	13	11.1%							
Epicoccum													
Fusarium													
Memnoniella													
Myxomycetes				2	27	22.2%							
Pithomyces				1	13	11.1%							
Stachybotrys													
Stemphylium													
Torula													
Ulocladium													
Total	20	267	100%	9	120	100%	1	13	100%	2	26	100%	
Water Damage Indicato	r	Commo	on Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Signi	ficantly Higher	than Baseline		Ratio Abnormal	ity	
		Collected: Jan 2	28, 2021	Rece	eived: <b>Jan 29, 2</b>	021	Reported:	Jan 29, 2021					
ΠΗΔΥ	<b>FC</b>	Project Analyst:			1.	Date:	Review		Hlun	- 11	Date:		



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Ramesh Poluri, PhD

Kameth

(804) 562-3435

01 - 29 - 2021

contact@hayesmicrobial.com

Steve Hayes, BSMT Stephen 71. Abyrs

01 - 29 - 2021

## Shanka Dissanayake Global, Inc.

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## **BB203**

Indoor Air Quality Assessment - PGCPS Barack Obama Elementary School

## #21003340

SOP - HMC#101

Sample Name Sample Volume	F											Blank	
Sample Volume	Room A209			F	Room B202		F	Room B217		FB			
		75.00 liter			75.00 liter		75.00 liter 13 spores/m <sup>3</sup>			0.00 liter			
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m <sup>3</sup>	}		13 spores/m <sup>3</sup>					1 spore/m <sup>3</sup>			
Background		1			2			2			NBD		
Fragments	ND		ND			ND			ND				
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m <sup>3</sup>	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m <sup>3</sup>	% of Tota	
Alternaria	nun oount				oount / m				, or rotar				
Ascospores				1	13	33.3%	1	13	33.3%				
Aspergillus Penicillium					10	00.0%	•	10	00.070				
Basidiospores	1	13	100.0%										
Bipolaris Drechslera	· · ·												
Chaetomium													
Cladosporium				2	27	66.7%	1	13	33.3%				
Curvularia													
Epicoccum													
Fusarium													
Memnoniella													
Myxomycetes							1	13	33.3%				
Pithomyces													
Stachybotrys													
Stemphylium													
Torula													
Ulocladium													
Total	1	13	100%	3	40	100%	3	39	100%	ND	ND		
Water Damage Indicator		Commo	Common Allergen		Slightly Higher than Baseline		Significantly Higher than Baseline			Ratio Abnormality			
		Collected: Jan 2	28, 2021	Rece	Received: Jan 29, 2021			Reported: Jan 29, 2021					
	ES	Project Analyst: Ramesh Poluri,	PHD P. R	Came		Date: 01 - 29 - 202	Review 21 Steve H	ed By: layes, BSMT 🏒	tephen 1	1. Hoyes	Date:	9 - 2021	

Shanka Dissanayake Global, Inc.

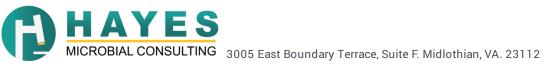
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### **BB203** Indoor Air Quality Assessment - PGCPS Barack Obama Elementary School

Reporting Limit	The Reporting Limit is the lowest number of spores that can be detected based on the total volume of the sample collected and the percentage of the slide that is counted. At Hayes Microbial, 100% of the slide is read so the LOD is based solely on the total volume. Raw spore counts that exceed 500 spores will be estimated.
Blanks	Results have not been corrected for field or laboratory blanks.
Background	The Background is the amount of debris that is present in the sample. This debris consists of skin cells, dirt, dust, pollen, drywall dust and other organic and non-organic matter. As the background density increases, the likelihood of spores, especially small spores such as those of Aspergillus and Penicillium may be obscured. The background is rated on a scale of 1 to 5 and each level is determined as follows:
	<ul> <li>NBD: No background detected due to possible pump or cassette malfunction. Recollect sample. (Field Blanks will display NBD)</li> <li>1: &lt;5% of field occluded. No spores will be uncountable.</li> <li>2: 5-25% of field occluded.</li> <li>3: 25-75% of field occluded.</li> <li>4: 75-90% of field occluded.</li> <li>5: &gt;90% of field occluded. Suggested recollection of sample.</li> </ul>
Fragments	Fragments are small pieces of fungal mycelium or spores. They are not identifiable as to type and when present in very large numbers, may indicate the presence of mold amplification.
Control Comparisons	There are no national standards for the numbers of fungal spores that may be present in the indoor environment. As a general rule and guideline that is widely accepted in the indoor air quality field, the numbers and types of spores that are present in the indoor environment should not exceed those that are present outdoors at any given time. There will always be some mold spores present in "normal" indoor environments. The purpose of sampling and counting spores is to help determine whether an abnormal condition exists within the indoor environment and if it does, to help pinpoint the area of contamination. Spore counts should not be used as the sole determining factor of mold contamination. There are many factors that can cause anomalies in the comparison of indoor and outdoor samples due to the dynamic nature of both of those environments.
Water Damage Indicator	Blue: These molds are commonly seen in conditions of prolonged water intrusion and usually indicate a problem.
Common Allergen	Green: Although all molds are potential allergens, these are the most common allergens that may be found indoors.
Slightly Higher than Baseline	Orange: The spore count is slightly higher than the outside count and may or may not indicate a source of contamination. Red: The spore count is significantly higher than the baseline count and probably indicates a source of contamination.
Significantly Higher than Baseline	
Ratio Abnormality	Violet: The types of spores found indoors should be similar to the ones that were identified in the baseline sample. Significant increases (more than 25%) in the ratio of a particular spore type may indicate the presence of abnormal levels of mold, even if the total number of spores of that type is lower in the indoor environment than it was outdoors.
Color Coding	Fungi that are present in indoor samples at levels lower than 200 per cubic meter are not color coded on the report, unless they are one of the water damage indicators.



Shanka Dissanayake Global, Inc.		BB203 Indoor Air Quality Assessment - PGCPS	#21003340		
1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455		Barack Obama Élementary School	Organism Descriptions		
Ascospores	Habitat:	A large group consisting of more than 3000 species of fungi. Common plant pathogens and outdoor number rain. Most of the genera are indistinguishable by spore trap analysis and are combined on the report.	rs become very high following		
	Effects:	Health affects are poorly studied, but many are likely to be allergenic.			
Basidiospores	Habitat:	A common group of Fungi that includes the mushrooms and bracket fungi. They are saprophytes and plant p can cause structural damage to buildings.	oathogens. In wet conditions they		
	Effects:	Common allergens and are also associated with hypersensitivity pneumonitis.			
Cladosporium	Habitat:	One of the most common genera worldwide. Found in soil and plant debris and on the leaf surfaces of living lower in the winter and often relatively high in the summer, especially in high humidity. The outdoor numbers and evening. Indoors, it can be found growing on textiles, wood, sheetrock, moist window sills and in HVAC s	often spike in the late afternoon		
	Effects:	A common allergen, producing more than 10 allergenic antigens and a common cause of hypersensitivity pro-	eumonitis.		
Curvularia	Habitat:	They exist in soil and plant debris, and are plant pathogens.			
	Effects:	They are allergenic and a common cause of allergic fungal sinusitis. An occasional cause of human infection, onychomycosis, mycetoma, pneumonia, endocarditis and desseminated infection, primarily in the immunocom			
Myxomycetes	Habitat:	Found on decaying plant material and as a plant pathogen.			
	Effects:	Some allergenic properties reported, but generally pose no health concerns to humans.			
		Common fungus isolated from soil, decaying plant material. Rarely found indoors.			
Pithomyces	Habitat:				





A

Company: Global Inc

Address: 1818 New York Ave NE Suite 217

Washington DC 20002

SHIP: FEDEX - BOX 50 DATE: 01-29-2021

8160 4410 5601



	Number: BB2			Job Name: Indoor Air Quality A	ne: Indoor Air Quality Assessment- PGCPS						21003340	
	ector: SHANK		AYAKE	BARACK OBAMA F	SCHOOL			Mobile: 443-691-0455 Email: Channab@glob				
Date	e Collected: 01	/28/2021		SCHOOL				Note:			@globalincusa.net	
	Analysis Ty	ре		Analysis Description								
Spor	re Trap	S	Identificatio	on & Enumeration of Fungal Spores						Accepted Med	a Types	
		S+		Analysis with Dander, Fiber, and Pollen	counts		24 1			tes, Impact Slides		
Dire	ct ID	D		uantative Enumeration of spores and m				24 Hour     Air Cassettes, Impact Slides       24 Hour     Bio-Tape, Tape, Swab, Bulk, Agar Plate				
		D+		sis with Fully Quantitative spore count			24 -					
Cultu	ure	C1		on & Enumeration of Mold only			7 Da			ape, Swab, Bulk, Ag		
		C2	Identificatio	n & Enumeration of Bacteria only			4 Da	-		gar Plate, Swab, Bu		
		C3	Identificatio	n & Enumeration of Mold and Bacteria			7 Da		the second se	gar Plate, Swab, Bul		
		C5	Coliform Sc	reen for Sewage Bacteria			2 Da		the second se	gar Plate, Swab, Bul Swab, Bulk	k	
Parti	cle	TPA	Total Partic	ulate Analysis, ID & Count (Does Not Inc								
#	Num	ber		Sample	and the second second second second	Analysis	24 Hour Volume		Air Cassettes, Impact Slides, Bio-Tape			
1	OES-01	28-01		AMBIENT		S		75L		Note	S	
2	OES-01	28-02		MULTIPURPOSE ROOM			75L					
3	OES-01	28-03		ROOM A106		S S		75L				
4	OES-01	28-04		ROOM A117				75L				
5	OES-01	28-05		ROOM A209			75L					
6	OES-01	28-06		ROOM B202			75L					
7	OES-01.	28-07		ROOM B217			75L					
8	FIELD B	LANK		FB	S S							
9	_											
10												
11												
12												
13												
14												
15												
16												
Relea	sed by:			Date:	Received	By:			1			
Hayes Mi	crobial Consulting	g, LLC.	3005 East Bound	ary Terrace, Suite F. Midlothian, VA. 23112	(804) 562-34		tact@ha	yesmicrobial.	com	Dat	re: 1/29/21	