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March 1, 2021

Prince Georges County Environmental Safety Office 13306 Old Marlboro Pike Upper Marlboro, MD 20772

Attention: Mr. Alex Baylor

RE: Indoor Air Quality Screening Report

Global Project Number: 20-064

School: Capitol Heights Elementary School

Dear Mr. Baylor,

On November 20, 2020, Global Inc.'s (GLOBAL) team of Industrial Hygienists under the supervision of Certified Industrial Hygienist, Dr. Channa Bambaradeniya, conducted an Indoor Air Quality Screening at Capitol Heights Elementary School located at 601 Suffolk Ave, Capitol Heights MD.

Methodology

The IAQ evaluation included a visual assessment, sampling for non-viable mold spores in air, and measurement of comfort parameters (temperature, humidity, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide) in randomly selected representative locations within the building. GLOBAL's inspector conducted a walkthrough with Prince Georges County Public School (PGCPS) personnel present. Rooms were selected in a random manner throughout the building so as to prevent sampling bias.

During the visual assessment of representative locations, and when noted, GLOBAL documented those areas with suspected mold growth, water intrusions, and wet conditions that have the potential to lead to mold growth. GLOBAL also noted any unusual odors. At least one microbial air sample was collected for every 10,000 Square Feet (SF) of space in the building and the analytical results for the interior spaces were compared to an outdoor (ambient) sample collected on the same day.

Microbial samples (including a field blank for quality control) were delivered under strict chain-of-custody procedures were to Hayes Microbial Consulting - an AIHA EMPAT-certified laboratory in Midlothian, Virginia for analysis by microscopy. The sample chain-of-custody and laboratory report is attached.



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Observations

The general observations in the four indoor locations inspected are summarized in Table 1 below:

Table 1: Observations

Location	Observations
Classroom 18	Dusty air vents
Cafeteria	Warped ceiling tiles, No other issues
Classroom 5	Dusty air vents
Hallway adjacent to Gym	Dusty air vents,

Comfort Parameter Measurements and Mold-in-Air Sample Results

The comfort parameter measurements and status of fungal ecology is summarized in Table 2.

Temperature

The American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) have published recommendations for year-round acceptable temperatures in Standard 55-2016 (*Thermal Environmental Conditions for Human Occupancy*). The winter comfort range is 68 to 75°F and the summer comfort range is 73 to 79°F. It is important to note that ASHRAE standards are intended as a suggested guideline as opposed to a regulation. All the indoor temperature readings were within the ASHRAE Standard.

Relative Humidity (RH)

Relative humidity is a key factor for mold growth. Mold has the potential of growing on suitable surfaces with humidity levels above 60%. ASHRAE standard 62.1-2013 (*Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality*) recommends a maximum indoor relative humidity of 65% to preclude the likelihood of condensation on cool surfaces encouraging mold growth. All the indoor relative humidity readings were below the ASHRAE recommended level of 65%.

Carbon Monoxide

Carbon monoxide (CO) is a colorless and odorless gas that is produced by the incomplete combustion of carbon-containing fuels. Oil, gasoline, diesel fuels, wood, coke, and coal are the major sources of CO. All registered CO concentrations were below the EPA National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) of 9 ppm.

Carbon Dioxide

Under conditions of maximum occupancy, ASHRAE Standard 62.1-2013, Appendix C, infers that the acceptable carbon dioxide upper limit is the prevailing outdoor carbon dioxide concentration



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plus 700 parts per million (ppm). On November 20, 2020, the outdoor (ambient) carbon dioxide concentration was approximately 417 ppm so indoor concentrations should not exceed approximately 1117 ppm (700 + 417). All indoor carbon dioxide measurements were within the ASHRAE standards.

Mold-in-Air Samples

There are no definitive regulations or standardized guidelines for addressing airborne mold in an indoor setting. If building systems (ventilation, envelope) are functioning properly, the indoor fungal ecology profile should be consistent with what is encountered outdoors and the spore concentrations should be below the ambient levels.

The analytical results of indoor air samples collected from Classroom 18, 5 and Hallway adjacent to gym indicate elevated presence of *Aspergillus/Penicillium*. A slight elevation of *Myxomycetes* was found in Hallway adjacent to Gym. The horizontal surfaces of the above location were thoroughly recleaned, and air scrubbers with HEPA filters were operated for 24-36 hours. Subsequently, they were reinspected on February 20, 2021, and the analytical results of air samples collected indicated normal fungal ecology. Laboratory analytical results are attached at the end of this report.

Table 2: Air Quality Results (Inspected on November 20, 2020)

Sample Location	Temp ⁰ F	RH%	CO ppm	CO2 ppm	Normal Fungal
Standards	ASHRAE 68 to 75°F	ASHRAE <65%	NAAQS <9	ASHRAE 1117	Ecology?
Ambient	45.8	55.7	0	417	N/A
Classroom 18	70.5	21.0	0	439	No
Cafeteria	74.2	19.8	0	418	Yes
Classroom 5	71.7	21.0	0	420	No
Hallway adjacent to Gym	74	18.2	0	437	No



Table 3: Air Quality Results (Inspected on February 20, 2021)

Sample Location Standards	Temp ⁰ F ASHRAE 68 to 75°F	RH% ASHRAE <65%	CO ppm NAAQS <9	CO2 ppm ASHRAE 1170	Normal Fungal Ecology?
Ambient	28	18	0	470	N/A
Classroom 18	58	20	0	455	Yes
Classroom 5	67	19	0	451	Yes
Hallway adjacent to Gym	63	19	0	462	Yes

Conclusions and Recommendations

All comfort parameters measured were within the ASHRAE Standard. The indoor mold samples collected from Classroom 18, 5 and hallway adjacent to gym indicate an elevated presence of *Aspergillus/Penicillium* and hallway adjacent to gym indicates an elevated presence of *Myxomycetes* during the screening performed on November 20, 2020, while the other mold sample was found to have a normal fungal ecology for an indoor environment. The above locations were thoroughly recleaned and resampled on February 20, 2021, and the analytical results indicated normal fungal ecology.

It has been our pleasure to conduct these IAQ Screening services for the Prince Georges County Public School system. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact us.

Regards,

Channa Bambaradeniya, Ph.D., CIH, CSP, CHMM Certified Industrial Hygienist

Certified Industrial Hygien Global, Inc.

Mobile: 443-691-0455



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ATTACHMENT I

Air Sample Analytical Results and Chain-Of-Custody Form





Analysis Report prepared for

Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002

Phone: (443) 691-0455

20-064PGCPS Indoor Air Quality Inspection Capitol Heights Elementary School

Collected: November 20, 2020 Received: November 23, 2020 Reported: November 23, 2020 We would like to thank you for trusting Hayes Microbial for your analytical needs! We received 6 samples by FedEx in good condition for this project on November 23rd, 2020.

The results in this analysis pertain only to this job, collected on the stated date, and should not be used in the interpretation of any other job. This report may not be duplicated, except in full, without the written consent of Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC..

This laboratory bears no responsibility for sample collection activities, analytical method limitations, or your use of the test results. Interpretation and use of test results are your responsibility. Any reference to health effects or interpretation of mold levels is strictly the opinion of Hayes Microbial. In no event, shall Hayes Microbial or any of its employees be liable for lost profits or any special, incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use of these test results.

Steve Hayes, BSMT(ASCP)
Laboratory Director

Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC.



EPA Laboratory ID: VA01419



plan N. Hayes

Lab ID: #188863



DPH License: #PH-0198

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455

20-064

PGCPS Indoor Air Quality Inspection Capitol Heights Elementary School

#20043942

Spore Trap, Spore Trap Blank

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					SO	P.	- H	M	C.# '	101

Sample Number	1	CHES-1	120-01	2 CHES-1120-02		3	3 CHES-1120-03		4 CHES-1120-04				
Sample Name	Am	bient Samp	le	Classroom 18			Multi-Pur	Multi-Purpose Room (MPR)/ Cafeteria			lassroom 5		
Sample Volume		75.00 liter		75.00 liter			75.00 liter				75.00 liter		
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m³			13 spores/m ³		13 spores/m ³			
Background		2			2			2		2			
Fragments	13/m³				ND			ND			ND		
										2			
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	
Alternaria													
Ascospores	13	173	54.2%	3	40	7.7%	2	27	14.3%	3	40	8.1%	
Aspergillus Penicillium				24	320	61.5%	5	67	35.7%	20	267	54.1%	
Basidiospores	6	80	25.0%							1	13	2.7%	
Bipolaris Drechslera													
Chaetomium													
Cladosporium	1	13	4.2%	9	120	23.1%	2	27	14.3%	12	160	32.4%	
Curvularia													
Epicoccum													
Fusarium													
Memnoniella													
Myxomycetes	4	53	16.7%	3	40	7.7%	5	67	35.7%	1	13	2.7%	
Pithomyces													
Stachybotrys													
Stemphylium													
Torula													
Ulocladium													
Total	24	319	100%	39	520	100%	14	188	100%	37	493	100%	

Water Damage Indicator

Common Allergen

Slightly Higher than Baseline

Significantly Higher than Baseline

Ratio Abnormality



Collected: Nov 20, 2020

Received: Nov 23, 2020

Reported: Nov 23, 2020

Revision: 2

Project Analyst:

Ramesh Poluri, PhD

Date: 11 - 23 - 2020 Reviewed By:

Steve Hayes, BSMT

Date:

11 - 25 - 2020

Page: 2 of 5

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20-064

PGCPS Indoor Air Quality Inspection Capitol Heights Elementary School

#20043942

Spore Trap, Spore Trap Blank

SOP - HMC#101

Sample Number	5	CHES-1		6							
Sample Name	Hall i	n Front of (Gym	F	Field Blank						
Sample Volume		75.00 liter		0.00 liter							
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³		1 spore/m³							
Background		2			NBD						
Fragments	ND			ND							
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total					
Alternaria											
Ascospores	4	53	7.5%								
Aspergillus Penicillium	15	200	28.3%								
Basidiospores	1	13	1.9%								
Bipolaris Drechslera											
Chaetomium											
Cladosporium	4	53	7.5%								
Curvularia											
Epicoccum											
Fusarium											
Memnoniella											
Myxomycetes	29	387	54.7%								
Pithomyces											
Stachybotrys											
Stemphylium											
Torula											
Ulocladium											
Total	53	706	100%	ND	ND						
Water Damage Indicator	r	Commo	n Allergen		Slightly Higher	than Baseline	Signifi	icantly Higher	than Baseline	Ratio Abnorma	ity

Date:

Collected: Nov 20, 2020

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Project Analyst:

Ramesh Poluri, PhD

11 - 23 - 2020

Reviewed By: Steve Hayes, BSMT

Date: 11 - 25 - 2020

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455

20-064 PGCPS Indoor Air Quality Inspection Capitol Heights Elementary School

#20043942

Spore Trap Information

Reporting Limit	The Reporting Limit is the lowest number of spores that can be detected based on the total volume of the sample collected and the percentage of the slide that is counted. At Hayes Microbial, 100% of the slide is read so the LOD is based solely on the total volume. Raw spore counts that exceed 500 spores will be estimated.
Blanks	Results have not been corrected for field or laboratory blanks.
Background	The Background is the amount of debris that is present in the sample. This debris consists of skin cells, dirt, dust, pollen, drywall dust and other organic and non-organic matter. As the background density increases, the likelihood of spores, especially small spores such as those of Aspergillus and Penicillium may be obscured. The background is rated on a scale of 1 to 5 and each level is determined as follows:
	 NBD: No background detected due to possible pump or cassette malfunction. Recollect sample. (Field Blanks will display NBD) 1: <5% of field occluded. No spores will be uncountable. 2: 5-25% of field occluded. 3: 25-75% of field occluded. 4: 75-90% of field occluded. 5: >90% of field occluded. Suggested recollection of sample.
Fragments	Fragments are small pieces of fungal mycelium or spores. They are not identifiable as to type and when present in very large numbers, may indicate the presence of mold amplification.
Control Comparisons	There are no national standards for the numbers of fungal spores that may be present in the indoor environment. As a general rule and guideline that is widely accepted in the indoor air quality field, the numbers and types of spores that are present in the indoor environment should not exceed those that are present outdoors at any given time. There will always be some mold spores present in "normal" indoor environments. The purpose of sampling and counting spores is to help determine whether an abnormal condition exists within the indoor environment and if it does, to help pinpoint the area of contamination. Spore counts should not be used as the sole determining factor of mold contamination. There are many factors that can cause anomalies in the comparison of indoor and outdoor samples due to the dynamic nature of both of those environments.
Water Damage Indicator	Blue: These molds are commonly seen in conditions of prolonged water intrusion and usually indicate a problem.
Common Allergen	Green: Although all molds are potential allergens, these are the most common allergens that may be found indoors.
Slightly Higher than Baseline	Orange: The spore count is slightly higher than the outside count and may or may not indicate a source of contamination.
Significantly Higher than Baseline	Red: The spore count is significantly higher than the baseline count and probably indicates a source of contamination.
Ratio Abnormality	Violet: The types of spores found indoors should be similar to the ones that were identified in the baseline sample. Significant increases (more than 25%) in the ratio of a particular spore type may indicate the presence of abnormal levels of mold, even if the total number of spores of that type is lower in the indoor environment than it was outdoors.
Color Coding	Fungi that are present in indoor samples at levels lower than 200 per cubic meter are not color coded on the report, unless they are one of the water damage indicators.



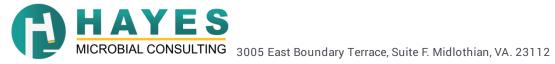
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20-064 PGCPS Indoor Air Quality Inspection Capitol Heights Elementary School

#20043942

Organism Descriptions

Ascospores	Habitat:	A large group consisting of more than 3000 species of fungi. Common plant pathogens and outdoor numbers become very high following rain. Most of the genera are indistinguishable by spore trap analysis and are combined on the report.
	Effects:	Health affects are poorly studied, but many are likely to be allergenic.
Aspergillus Penicillium	Habitat:	The most common fungi isolated from the environment. Very common in soil and on decaying plant material. Are able to grow well indoors on a wide variety of substrates.
	Effects:	This group contains common allergens and many can cause hypersensitivity pneumonitis. They may cause extrinsic asthma, and many are opportunistic pathogens. Many species produce mycotoxins which may be associated with disease in humans and other animals. Toxin production is dependent on the species, the food source, competition with other organisms, and other environmental conditions.
Basidiospores	Habitat:	A common group of Fungi that includes the mushrooms and bracket fungi. They are saprophytes and plant pathogens. In wet conditions they can cause structural damage to buildings.
	Effects:	Common allergens and are also associated with hypersensitivity pneumonitis.
Cladosporium	Habitat:	One of the most common genera worldwide. Found in soil and plant debris and on the leaf surfaces of living plants. The outdoor numbers are lower in the winter and often relatively high in the summer, especially in high humidity. The outdoor numbers often spike in the late afternoon and evening. Indoors, it can be found growing on textiles, wood, sheetrock, moist window sills and in HVAC supply ducts.
	Effects:	A common allergen, producing more than 10 allergenic antigens and a common cause of hypersensitivity pneumonitis.
Myxomycetes	Habitat:	Found on decaying plant material and as a plant pathogen.
	Effects:	Some allergenic properties reported, but generally pose no health concerns to humans.





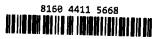
Company:

Global

Address: _

1818 New York Avenue Washington DC 20002

SHIP: FEDEX - PAK 50 DATE: 11-23-2020





Job Number: 20-064 Collector: Kenna Leonzo Job Name: pGCPS Indoor Air Quality Inspection- Capitol Heights

Elementary School

Mobile: 2404358771 Email: Kennal@globalincusa.net

Date	Date Collected: 11/20/20			Elementary School					Note: Please email results to channab@globalincusa.net				
	Analysis Type			Analysis Description					Ti	urnaround		Accepted Media Types	
Spo	re Trap	S	Identification	on & Enumeration of Fungal Spores					24 Hour		Air Cassettes, Impact Slides		
		S+	Spore Trap	Analysis with D	ander, Fiber, and I	Pollen count	ts		24	Hour	Air	r Cassettes, Impact Slides	
Dire	ct ID	D	ID & Semi-C	Quantative Enun	neration of spores	and myceli	um		24	Hour	Bio	o-Tape, Tape, Swab, Bulk, Agar Plate	
		D+	Direct Anal	ysis with Fully (Quantitative spore	count			24	Hour	Bio	o-Tape, Tape, Swab, Bulk, Agar Plate	
Cult	ure	C1	Identification	on & Enumeration	on of Mold only				7 D	ay	Air	r Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk	
		C2	Identification	on & Enumeration	on of Bacteria only	у			4 D	ay	Air	r Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk	
		СЗ	Identification	on & Enumeration	on of Mold and Ba	cteria			7 D	ay	Air	r Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk	
		C5	Coliform So	creen for Sewag	e Bacteria				2 D	ay	Ag	gar Plate, Swab, Bulk	
Parl	icle	TPA	Total Partic	culate Analysis,	ID & Count (Does	Not Include	Mold)		24 1	Hour	Air	r Cassettes, Impact Slides, Bio-Tape	
#	Number				Sample			Analysis		Volume		Notes	
1	CHES-	1120-01	Ambier	nt Sample				S		75 L			
2	2 CHES-1120-02 Classr			oom 18				S		75 L			
3	CHES-	1120-03	Multi-p	urpose room ((MPR)/ Cafeteri	а		S		75 L			
4	CHES-	1120-04	Classro	oom 5				S		75 L			
5	CHES-	1120-05	Hall in	front of gym				S		75 L			
6	FIELD	BLANK						5					
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16												[] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	

Released by: Kenna Leonzo

Date: 11/20/20

Received By:





Analysis Report prepared for

Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002

Phone: (443) 691-0455

20-064
IAQ Reinspection
Capitol Heights HS
601 Suffolk Ave.
Capitol Heights, MC 20743

Collected: February 20, 2021 Received: March 1, 2021 Reported: March 1, 2021 We would like to thank you for trusting Hayes Microbial for your analytical needs!
We received 5 samples by FedEx in good condition for this project on March 1st, 2021.

The results in this analysis pertain only to this job, collected on the stated date, and should not be used in the interpretation of any other job. This report may not be duplicated, except in full, without the written consent of Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC..

This laboratory bears no responsibility for sample collection activities, analytical method limitations, or your use of the test results. Interpretation and use of test results are your responsibility. Any reference to health effects or interpretation of mold levels is strictly the opinion of Hayes Microbial. In no event, shall Hayes Microbial or any of its employees be liable for lost profits or any special, incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use of these test results.

Steve Hayes, BSMT(ASCP)
Laboratory Director

Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC.



EPA Laboratory ID: VA01419



phon N. Hoyes

Lab ID: #188863



DPH License: #PH-0198

Shane Prabuddha Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455

Sample Number

20-064

IAQ Reinspection Capitol Heights HS 601 Suffolk Ave. Capitol Heights, MC 20743

02

#21006577

Spore Trap. Spore Trap Blank

παp,	Opoic	Hap	Diam
		SOP - F	IMC#101

04

Sample Number	I	U	I		U.	2	3	U	3	4	U	14	
Sample Name		Ambient		C	assroom #	5	Classroom #18			Hall	in Front of	Gym	
Sample Volume		75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter		
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³		
Background		1			2			2		2			
Fragments	ND				ND			ND			ND		
Organism	Raw Count Count / m ³ % of Total			Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	
Alternaria										1	13	50.0%	
Ascospores	2	27	66.7%	1	13	100.0%	1	13	33.3%	1	13	50.0%	
Aspergillus Penicillium													
Basidiospores	1	13	33.3%										
Bipolaris Drechslera													
Chaetomium													
Cladosporium							2	27	66.7%				
Curvularia													
Epicoccum													
Fusarium													
Memnoniella													
Myxomycetes													
Pithomyces													
Stachybotrys													
Stemphylium													
Torula													
Ulocladium													
Total	3	40	100%	1	13	100%	3	40	100%	2	26	100%	

MICROBIAL CONSULTING

Water Damage Indicator

Common Allergen

01

Slightly Higher than Baseline

Significantly Higher than Baseline

03

Ratio Abnormality

Collected: Feb 20, 2021

Received: Mar 1, 2021

Reported: Mar 1, 2021

Project Analyst: Ramesh Poluri, PhD

Date: 03 - 01 - 2021 Reviewed By:

Steve Hayes, BSMT

Date:

03 - 01 - 2021

Shane Prabuddha Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455 20-064

IAQ Reinspection Capitol Heights HS 601 Suffolk Ave. Capitol Heights, MC 20743 #21006577

Spore Trap, Spore Trap Blank

,, ,	παρ,	Opoic	map blank	
			SOP - HMC#101	

Sample Number	5	0	5					
Sample Name	Field Blank							
Sample Volume		0.00 liter						
Reporting Limit		1 spore/m ³						
Background		NBD						
Fragments		ND						
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total					
Alternaria								
Ascospores								
Aspergillus Penicillium								
Basidiospores								
Bipolaris Drechslera								
Chaetomium								
Cladosporium								
Curvularia								
Epicoccum								
Fusarium								
Memnoniella								
Myxomycetes								
Pithomyces								
Stachybotrys								
Stemphylium								
Torula								
Ulocladium								
Total	ND	ND						

Water Damage Indicator

Common Allergen

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Significantly Higher than Baseline

Ratio Abnormality



Collected: Feb 20, 2021

Project Analyst:

Ramesh Poluri, PhD

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1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455

20-064 IAQ Reinspection Capitol Heights HS 601 Suffolk Ave. Capitol Heights, MC 20743 #21006577

Spore Trap Information

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Significantly Higher than Baseline	
Ratio Abnormality	Violet: The types of spores found indoors should be similar to the ones that were identified in the baseline sample. Significant increases (more than 25%) in the ratio of a particular spore type may indicate the presence of abnormal levels of mold, even if the total number of spores of that type is lower in the indocenvironment than it was outdoors.
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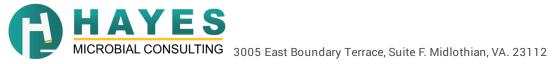
Shane Prabuddha Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455

20-064 IAQ Reinspection Capitol Heights HS 601 Suffolk Ave. Capitol Heights, MC 20743 #21006577

Organism Descriptions

Alternaria	Habitat:	Commonly found outdoors in soil and decaying plants. Indoors, it is commonly found on window sills and other horizontal surfaces.						
	Effects:	A common allergen and has been associated with hypersensitivity pneumonitis. Alternaria is capable of producing toxic metabolites which may be associated with disease in humans or animals. Occasionally an agent of onychomycosis, ulcerated cutaneous infection and chronic sinusitis, principally in the immunocompromised patient.						
Ascospores	Habitat:	A large group consisting of more than 3000 species of fungi. Common plant pathogens and outdoor numbers become very high following rain. Most of the genera are indistinguishable by spore trap analysis and are combined on the report.						
	Effects:	Health affects are poorly studied, but many are likely to be allergenic.						
Basidiospores	Habitat:	A common group of Fungi that includes the mushrooms and bracket fungi. They are saprophytes and plant pathogens. In wet conditions they can cause structural damage to buildings.						
	Effects:	Common allergens and are also associated with hypersensitivity pneumonitis.						
Cladosporium	Habitat:	One of the most common genera worldwide. Found in soil and plant debris and on the leaf surfaces of living plants. The outdoor numbers are lower in the winter and often relatively high in the summer, especially in high humidity. The outdoor numbers often spike in the late afternoon						
		and evening. Indoors, it can be found growing on textiles, wood, sheetrock, moist window sills and in HVAC supply ducts.						
	Effects:	A common allergen, producing more than 10 allergenic antigens and a common cause of hypersensitivity pneumonitis.						





Company: Global Inc

Address:

1818 New York Ave NE Suite 217

Washington DC 20002

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SHIP: FEDEX - BOX SO DATE: 03-01-2021



21006577

MOLD

8160 4411 5624

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Job Number: 20-064			Job Name: IAQ Reinspection			"" ! " ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	210003//
Collector: Shane Prabuddha			Capitol Heights ES 601 Suffolk Ave, Capitol Heights, MD 20743	Mobile: 443-691-0455		Email: Channab@globalincusa.net	
Date Collected: 2/20/2021				Note:			
Analysis Type			Analysis Description	Turnaround	Accepted Media Types		
Spore Trap	S	Identificatio	n & Enumeration of Fungal Spores	24 Hour X	Air Cassett	es, Impact Slides	***************************************
S+ Spore Tra		Spore Trap	Spore Trap Analysis with Dander, Fiber, and Pollen counts		Air Cassettes, Impact Slides		
Direct ID	D	ID & Semi-Q	uantative Enumeration of spores and mycelium	24 Hour	Bio-Tape, T	ape, Swab, Bulk, Agar	Plate
	D+	Direct Analy	rsis with Fully Quantitative spore count	24 Hour	Bio-Tape, T	ape, Swab, Bulk, Agar	Plate

<u>, </u>	#	Numl	ber	Sample	Analysi	is	Volume	Notes
	Particle		TPA	Total Particulate Analysis, ID & Count (Does Not Include Mold)		24	Hour A	ir Cassettes, Impact Slides, Bio-Tape
-	C5			Coliform Screen for Sewage Bacteria		2 D	ay A	gar Plate, Swab, Bulk
_	C3			Identification & Enumeration of Mold and Bacteria			ay A	ir Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk
-	C2					40	Day A	Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk
-	Culture C1			Identification & Enumeration of Mold only			Day A	Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk

				The state of the s	
) #	Number	Sample	Analysis	Volume	Notes
1	01	Ambient	S	75L	T:23 PH:12 CO2:470 CO:0
2	02	Classroom #5	S	75L	T: 67 RH:19 CO2:451 CO:0
3	03	Classroom #18	S	75L	T:58 PH:20 CO2:455 CO: 0
4	04	Hall in front of Gym	S	75L	TIES RH:19 CO23462 CO3 O
5	05	Field Blank	S		
6					
7			······································		
8			***************************************		
9				***************************************	
10			***************************************		
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12					
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14					
15					
16					
-					

Released by: Shane Prabuddha

Date: 02/20/2021

Received By:

CR

Date: 3/1 20