



February 5, 2021

Prince George's County Public Schools 13300 Old Marlboro Pike Upper Marlboro, Maryland 20772 Attention: Mr. Alex Baylor

RE: Indoor Air Quality Assessment, Francis Scott Key Elementary School

Purchase Order: 734977 ATI Project Number: 21-605

Dear Mr. Baylor:

Prince George's County Public Schools requested that ATI, Inc., conduct a proactive indoor air quality (IAQ) assessment at Francis Scott Key Elementary School on January 27, 2021. Its key findings are enclosed in the Executive Summary on page three, and the official laboratory report for total fungal spore trap sampling is enclosed in Appendix A.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide Industrial Hygiene services for Prince George's County Public Schools. If you have any questions regarding this report, please contact us at (202) 643-4283.

Sincerely, ATI, INC.

Reviewed By:

Nate Burgei, CIH, CSP Certified Industrial Hygienist Courtney E. McCall Project Manager

Indoor Air Quality Assessment Report

Prince George's County Public Schools Francis Scott Key Elementary School 2301 Scott Key Drive District Heights, Maryland 20747

Prepared for:

Prince George's County Public Schools 13300 Old Marlboro Pike Upper Marlboro, Maryland 20772

February 5, 2021

Submitted by:



ATI Job # 21-605



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Abbreviations and Acronyms

AHU Air-Handling Unit

AIHA American Industrial Hygiene Association

ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers

ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

CO Carbon Monoxide CO₂ Carbon Dioxide

EMLAP Environmental Microbiology Laboratory Accreditation Program

HVAC Heating, Ventilating, And Air-Conditioning

IAQ Indoor Air Quality

NIST National Institute for Standards and Technology

NVLAP National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

RH Relative Humidity

Rev. Revision

Abbreviations involving scientific volume and measurements involving media or water sampling

Spores/m³ Mold spores per cubic meter of air

LPM Liters Per Minute
NTE Not to exceed
°F degree Fahrenheit
PPM Parts Per Million

1 Executive Summary

ATI conducted a proactive Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) assessment on January 27, 2021, at Francis Scott Key Elementary School, located at 2301 Scott Key Drive, in District Heights, Maryland.

The assessment included a visual assessment of randomly selected classrooms and other frequently occupied spaces, such as the cafeteria/gym, the main office, and randomly selected classrooms, for potential IAQ contributors and pathways. As part of the assessment, ATI measured common IAQ comfort parameters, including temperature, relative humidity, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide. Also, ATI collected total fungal air samples on spore trap cassettes for microbiological analysis.

The following is a summary of the key findings from this assessment:

- One of the tested spaces had a temperature greater than the ASHRAE recommended winter range of 68-75°F.
- 2. The relative humidity in all tested spaces was less than the ASHRAE guidelines of <65%, and also <30%, which can cause occupant discomfort.
- 3. Carbon dioxide concentrations in all tested spaces were less than the ASHRAE limit for carbon dioxide, which was 1,067 parts per million (PPM) for the day of the assessment.
- 4. Carbon monoxide concentrations were less than the IAQ meter's detection limit throughout the tested spaces.
- 5. The spore trap sampling results suggest that significant indoor amplification of mold was not present. While concentrations of *Aspergillus/Penicillium* and *Cladosporium* detected in some of the tested locations exceeded the ambient sample, the observed concentrations of these spores indoors do not suggest noteworthy amplification.
- There was standing water in the bathroom of Room 107 and a stained ceiling tile in the Main Office with some black staining. The source of these leaks should be repaired, and the ceiling tile or any other wet building materials should be replaced.

2 Assessment Methods

Nate Burgei, CIH, CSP, of ATI, Inc. conducted a visual assessment and air sampling on January 27, 2021. Sampled rooms were randomly selected and accounted for approximately 10% of classrooms or a minimum of five samples. Mr. Burgei documented visual observations at the time she collected the air samples. ATI references the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) *Standard 62.1 – 2016* and ASHRAE *Standard 55 – 2017* when providing IAQ services to clients. ASHRAE is an industry leader on energy efficiency and indoor air quality.

All measurements and air samples were collected between three-six feet from floor elevation, which represents a typical adult breathing zone, and away from air-supply and return diffusers. Real-time direct readings for temperature, relative humidity, carbon dioxide (CO₂), and carbon monoxide (CO), were measured with a calibrated TSI Q-Trak 7575-X Meter and attached 982 Probe.

Total fungal air samples were collected with a Buck BioAire High-Volume Sampling Pump on Zefon Air-O-Cell spore-trap cassettes at a flow rate of 15 liters per minute for five minutes, for a sample volume of 75 liters. AMA Analytical Services, Inc. of Lanham, MD analyzed the samples using direct microscopic examination per ASTM D7391-09, which spores both viable and non-viable mold spores and particulates, which combined yields total fungal results. AMA participates in the National Institute of Standards and Technology's (NIST) National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for general laboratory performance and management, and the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) for Environmental Microbial Laboratory Accreditation Program (EMLAP). The AMA laboratory reports are included in Appendix A.

3 Visual Observations

Table 1 lists the areas, conditions, observations, and other pertinent details related to this IAQ assessment. On the date of the sampling event, few occupants were present in the school because of the COVID-19 global pandemic.

Table 1: Visual Observations and Sampling Locations

Sample Location	Observations
Main Office	 Two occupants in the area during sampling Door to corridor and adjoining offices closed during sampling No odors observed A single ceiling tile has obvious water staining with black spots; possible growth Three air supply ducts and a single air return Space is approximately 325 ft.²
Library	 No occupants during sampling HVAC was running and the space was hot Door to hallways was closed Two exit doors leading to outdoors; no signs of water intrusion Air diffusers, windows and ceiling tiles all appear clean Space is approximately 1,400 ft.²
Cafeteria/Gymnasium	 Several occupants at one end of the gym, prepping lunches and supplies Half of the gym was stocked with school supplies No signs of major water intrusion Double doors with vestibule leading to the outdoors in the middle of gym Some stained ceiling tiles, area mostly clean with some minor debris on floor Space is approximately 3,800 ft.²
Room 120	 Space was unoccupied, but door to hallway was open Wall mounted air unit was on, appeared clean Windows appeared in good shape with no signs of water intrusion Bathroom and classroom sink appeared clean and dry Ceiling tiles were clean and appeared to be new Space is approximately 475 ft.²
Room 128	 Space was unoccupied, and door to hallway was closed Wall mounted air unit was off, appeared clean Windows appeared in good shape with no signs of water intrusion Classroom sink appeared clean and dry Ceiling tiles were clean and appeared to be new, one tile missing Space is approximately 475 ft.²
Room 134	 Space was unoccupied, and door to hallway was closed Wall mounted air unit was on, appeared clean Windows appeared in good shape with no signs of water intrusion Classroom sink appeared clean and dry One ceiling tile had water stains, all others were clean and appeared to be new Space is approximately 475 ft.²
Room 107	 Space was unoccupied, and door to hallway was closed Wall mounted air unit was on, appeared clean

Sample Location	Observations							
	 Windows appeared in good shape with no signs of water intrusion Classroom sink appeared clean and dry The bathroom was mostly covered with standing water, no signs of mold. Front office was alerted about the water issue in the bathroom. Ceiling tiles were clean and appeared to be new Space is approximately 475 ft.² 							
Outdoors	 Cloudy and damp with a light wind There were buses idling about 74 ft away 							

4 Thermal Environmental Conditions for Human Occupancy

ASHRAE Standard 55-2017, Thermal Environmental Conditions for Human Occupancy, addresses thermal comfort in an office environment, which means that an employee wearing a normal amount of clothing feels neither too cold nor too warm. This standard discusses thermal comfort within the context of air temperature, humidity, and air movement and provides recommended ranges for temperature and humidity that are intended to satisfy 80% of occupants. The recommended ASHRAE ranges are referenced below by each comfort parameter.

4.1 Temperature

The ASHRAE standard establishes a winter comfort range of between 68°F and 75°F and a summer range of between 73°F and 79°F. The temperatures measured during the January 27, 2021, assessment are summarized in Table 2. As indicated by the data in the table, temperatures in the school averaged between 68°F and 89°F, with one location greater than the ASHRAE recommended winter range. The Library had an average measured temperature of 89°F and felt quite warm.

Table 2: Temperature

16.616 = 1.1011. 41.64.61										
Sample Location		1/27/2021 ∘F	ASHRAE Standard							
Gumpio 200auon	Min	Max	Average	°F						
Outdoors	44	45	45	N/A						
	Indoors									
Main Office	71	72	72	68-75°F						
Library	89	89	89	68-75°F						
Cafeteria/Gymnasium	68	70	69	68-75°F						
Room 120	74	74	74	68-75°F						
Room 128	67	68	68	68-75°F						
Room 134	72	72	72	68-75°F						
Room 107	71	72	72	68-75°F						

4.2 Relative Humidity

Relative humidity is a key factor for mold growth. Mold has the potential of growing on suitable surfaces with humidity levels above 65%. ASHRAE Standard 62.1-2016, Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality, recommends a maximum indoor

relative humidity of 65% to prevent condensation of moisture on surfaces. Relative humidity less than 30% may result in drying of occupants' mucous membranes and skin. Relative humidity measurements are summarized in Table 3. As indicated by the data in the table, the average relative humidity ranged between 17% and 29% with all tested locations measuring both less than the ASHRAE maximum recommendation of 65% relative humidity and less than 30% relative humidity.

Table 3: Relative Humidity

Tubio of Rollativo Hallingty										
Sample Location		1/27/2021 (% RH)	ASHRAE Standard							
Gp.0 2000.00	Min	Max	Average	(% RH)						
Outdoors	48	48	48	N/A						
	Indoors									
Main Office	27	27	27	< 65						
Library	17	17	17	< 65						
Cafeteria/Gymnasium	26	26	26	< 65						
Room 120	25	25	25	< 65						
Room 128	27	28	28	< 65						
Room 134	27	28	28	< 65						
Room 107	28	30	29	< 65						

4.3 Carbon Dioxide

Carbon dioxide concentrations within an occupied building are a standard method used to gauge the efficiency of ventilation systems. Carbon dioxide is a by-product of human respiration and does not pose an acute health hazard alone. Elevated concentrations may suggest that insufficient fresh air is being supplied to an occupied space and/or that the ventilation system does not provide a sufficient rate of air exchange.

Research has indicated that buildings with adequately operating ventilation systems are able to remove odors generated by activities in an indoor office environment efficiently. ASHRAE *Standard 62.1-2016* states that comfort (odor) criteria with respect to human bioeffluents are likely to be satisfied if the ventilation can maintain indoor carbon dioxide concentrations less than 700 parts per million (ppm) greater than the outdoor air concentration. Typically, outdoor carbon dioxide concentrations range from 300 ppm to 450 ppm, with the higher range typically found in urban areas during peak rush hour.

Carbon dioxide concentrations are summarized in Table 4. On the day of the assessment, the average outdoor carbon dioxide concentration was 367 ppm, which calculates to a maximum indoor concentration of 1,067 ppm (700 + 367). All tested locations indoors were less than the recommended maximum for the day of the assessment.

1/27/2021 **ASHRAE** Concentration (parts per million) **Standard Sample Location** (ppm) Min Max Average NTE Outdoors 364 370 367 N/A Indoors Main Office 474 477 1,067 480 Library 530 1.067 554 542 Cafeteria/Gymnasium 517 525 521 1,067 Room 120 495 503 510 1,067 Room 128 434 444 439 1,067 Room 134 496 514 505 1.067 Room 107 448 454 451 1,067

Table 4: Carbon Dioxide

4.4 Carbon Monoxide

Carbon monoxide is a colorless and odorless gas produced by the incomplete combustion of carbon containing fuels. Oil, gasoline, diesel fuels, wood, coke, and coal are the major sources of carbon monoxide. ASHRAE recommends that carbon monoxide not exceed nine ppm indoors over an eight-hour time-weighted average. ATI measured carbon monoxide concentrations using a TSI Q-Trak model number 7575-X with an attached IAQ probe (model number 982). The instrument's carbon monoxide sensor has an error range of \pm 3% of the reading or three (3) ppm, whichever is greater. As indicated by the data in Table 5, carbon monoxide concentrations were less than the Q-Trak's detection limit throughout the school.

1/27/2021 **ASHRAE** Concentration (parts per million) **Sample Location Standard** (ppm) Min Max Average Outdoors <3 <3 N/A <3 Inside Main Office <3 <3 <3 < 9 Library <3 <3 <3 < 9 Cafeteria/Gymnasium <3 <3 <3 < 9 Room 120 < 9 <3 <3 <3 Room 128 <3 < 9 <3 <3 Room 134 <3 <3 <3 < 9 Room 107 <3 < 9

Table 5: Carbon Monoxide

5 Total Fungal Air Sampling Results

Mold is carried indoors through building entrances, open windows, loading docks, foot traffic into buildings, and the HVAC system. To thrive indoors, mold requires a food source, proper temperature and humidity to foster its growth.

The January 27, 2021 mold assessment sampled air using spore trap cassettes in randomly selected classrooms and other areas throughout the facility. These cassettes collect both viable spores, those capable of producing more fungal colonies, and non-viable spores, which cannot reproduce. Based upon recognized industry practices, indoor mold concentrations are

compared with those detected outdoors, which are also known as ambient or baseline samples.

In normal circumstances, the diversity of spores identified indoors and outdoors should be similar with some exceptions. The high concentration of one or two species of fungal spores identified indoors and the absence of the same species outdoors can indicate a moisture problem with the potential to degrade the air quality. Fungi species present indoors are typically found at levels ranging from approximately 10-50% of their levels in the outdoor air, reflecting the filtering by the building's HVAC system.

The results suggest the indoor concentrations were generally favorable compared to the outdoor concentrations. The total ambient, outdoor spore concentration was 1,590 spores/m³, and all tested spaces had total spore concentrations less than the ambient total and less than 1,000 spores/m³. Room 120 and the Cafeteria/Gymnasium had the greatest concentrations of *Aspergillus/Penicillium*-like spores with 583 spores/m³ and 265 spores/m³, respectively. The Main Office and Room 134 had the greatest detectable concentrations of *Cladosporium* with 106 spores/m³ and 53 spores/m³, respectively. While these concentrations were greater than the outdoor *Aspergillus/Penicillium*-like and *Cladosporium* concentrations, they are not unusual concentrations for indoor, occupied spaces, and do not suggest either of the spaces have active mold growth due to chronic water intrusion. The Main Office did have a ceiling tile with water staining and some black spots, which may be minor mold growth. The source of the water staining, possibly a leaking water line, should be repaired and the ceiling tile should be replaced. The standing water in the bathroom of Room 107 should also be cleaned and dried, and the cause of the water leak should be repaired.

The official laboratory report with spore trap samples collected on January 27, 2021, is presented in Appendix A.

6 Summary of Findings

- 1. One of the tested spaces had a temperature greater than the ASHRAE recommended winter range of 68-75°F.
- 2. The relative humidity in all tested spaces was less than the ASHRAE guidelines of <65%, and also <30%, which can cause occupant discomfort.
- 3. Carbon dioxide concentrations in all tested spaces were less than the ASHRAE limit for carbon dioxide, which was 1,067 parts per million (PPM) for the day of the assessment.
- 4. Carbon monoxide concentrations were less than the IAQ meter's detection limit throughout the tested spaces.
- 5. The spore trap sampling results suggest that significant indoor amplification of mold was not present. While concentrations of *Aspergillus/Penicillium* and *Cladosporium* detected in some of the tested locations exceeded the ambient sample, the observed concentrations of these spores indoors do not suggest noteworthy amplification.
- There was standing water in the bathroom of Room 107 and a stained ceiling tile in the Main Office with some black staining. The source of these leaks should be repaired, and the ceiling tile or any other wet building materials should be replaced.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide these IAQ testing services for you. If you have any questions, please contact us at (202) 643-4283.

Best,

ATI, INC.

Nate Burgei, CIH, CSP

Certified Industrial Hygienist

INDOOR AIR QUALITY REPORT	FRANCIS SCOTT KEY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL
Appendix A: Laborator	ry Report and Chain of Custody



ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

624986-2

31638738

Air-O-Cell

Acceptable

Library

TLW

75

Chain of Custody: 624986 Client: ATI, Inc.

Address: 9220 Rumsey Road

Suite 100

Columbia, MD 21045

Nate Burgei Attention:

624986-1 AMA Sample # Client ID 31638721 Analyst ID TLW **Collection Apparatus** Air-O-Cell Sample Volume (L) 75

Sample Condition Acceptable

Debris Loading

Location Main Office Job Name: Francis Scott Key Elementary

Job Location: Not Provided Job Number: 21-605 P.O. Number: Not Provided

AMA Sample #

Collection Apparatus

Sample Volume (L)

Sample Condition

Debris Loading

Client ID

Location

Analyst ID

Date Submitted: Person Submitting: Date Analyzed:

01/27/2021 Nate Burgei 02/03/2021 Report Date: 02/03/2021

AMA Sample # 624986-3 31638728 Client ID TLW Analyst ID **Collection Apparatus** Air-O-Cell Sample Volume (L) 75 Sample Condition Acceptable

Debris Loading

Location Gym/Cafeteria

	Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m ³	%		Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m ³	%		Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m ³	%
Alternaria						Alternaria						Alternaria	Present	15	53	<53	
Ascospores						Ascospores	2	15	53	106	20%	Ascospores	1	15	53	53	11.1%
Basidiospores	3	15	53	159	42.9%	Basidiospores	6	15	53	318	60%	Basidiospores	3	15	53	159	33.3%
Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.						Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.						Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.					
♦ Chaetomium						♦ Chaetomium											
♦ Cladosporium	2	15	53	106	28.6%												
Curvularia						Curvularia						Curvularia					
♦ Penicillium / Aspergillus	2	15	53	106	28.6%	Penicillium / Aspergillus	1	15	53	53	10%	Penicillium / Aspergillus	5	15	53	265	55.6%
Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes						Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes						Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes					
♦ Ulocladium						♦ Ulocladium											
Unknown						Unknown						Unknown					
Other Colorless						Other Colorless	1	15	53	53	10%	Other Colorless					
Hyphal Fragments*						Hyphal Fragments*						Hyphal Fragments*	2	15	53	106	22.2%
Total Raw Ct:	7		Total	sp/m³:	371	Total Raw Ct:	10	•	Total s	sp/m³:	530	Total Raw Ct:	9		Total s	sp/m³:	477
	Comment	ts					Commen	ts					Commer	its			



ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

624986-5

31638790

Air-O-Cell

Acceptable

RM 128

TLW

75

Chain of Custody: 624986
Client: ATI, Inc.

Address: 9220 Rumsey Road

Suite 100

Columbia, MD 21045

Attention: Nate Burgei

 AMA Sample #
 624986-4

 Client ID
 31638733

 Analyst ID
 TLW

 Collection Apparatus
 Air-O-Cell

 Sample Volume (L)
 75

Sample Condition Acceptable

Debris Loading 1

Location RM 120

Job Name: Francis Scott Key Elementary

Job Location:Not ProvidedJob Number:21-605P.O. Number:Not Provided

AMA Sample #

Collection Apparatus

Sample Volume (L)

Sample Condition

Debris Loading

Client ID

Analyst ID

Location

Date Submitted:
Person Submitting:
Date Analyzed:
Report Date:

01/27/2021 Nate Burgei 02/03/2021

oort Date: 02/03/2021

 AMA Sample #
 624986-6

 Client ID
 31638796

 Analyst ID
 TLW

 Collection Apparatus
 Air-O-Cell

 Sample Volume (L)
 75

 Sample Condition
 Acceptable

Debris Loading 2 Location RM 134

Raw Ct Trav/Flds A.S. Trav/Flds A.S. sp/m³ Tray/Flds A.S. sp/m3 sp/m3 Alternaria Alternaria Alternaria 3 15 53 159 21.4% 4 15 53 212 33.3% Ascospores Ascospores Ascospores 8 15 53 424 88.9% 6 15 53 318 50% Basidiospores Basidiospores Basidiospores Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm. Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm. Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm. ▲ Chaetomium ▲ Chaetomium Chaetomium Cladosporium Cladosporium Cladosporium 15 53 53 8.3% Curvularia Curvularia Curvularia ♦ Penicillium / Aspergillus 15 583 78.6% ♦ Penicillium / Aspergillus 15 53 53 11.1% ♦ Penicillium / Aspergillus Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes Stachybotrys/Memnoniella Stachybotrys/Memnoniella Ulocladium ▲ Ulocladium Ulocladium Unknown Unknown Unknown Other Colorless Other Colorless Other Colorless 15 53 8.3%

Hyphal Fragments Total Raw Ct: 14 Total sp/m³: 477 Total Raw Ct: 12 Total sp/m³: 636

Comments Comments Comments Comments



ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

624986-8

31638798

Air-O-Cell

Acceptable

Outdoors

TLW

75

Chain of Custody: 624986 Client: ATI, Inc.

Address: 9220 Rumsey Road

Suite 100

Columbia, MD 21045

Nate Burgei Attention:

624986-7 AMA Sample # Client ID 31638801 Analyst ID TLW **Collection Apparatus** Air-O-Cell 75

Sample Volume (L) Sample Condition

Acceptable **Debris Loading**

Location RM 107

Job Name: Francis Scott Key Elementary

Job Location: Not Provided Job Number: 21-605 P.O. Number: Not Provided

AMA Sample #

Collection Apparatus

Sample Volume (L)

Sample Condition

Debris Loading

Client ID

Location

Analyst ID

Date Submitted: Person Submitting: Date Analyzed:

01/27/2021 Nate Burgei 02/03/2021

Report Date: 02/03/2021

AMA Sample # 624986-9 31638761 Client ID Analyst ID TLW

Collection Apparatus Air-O-Cell Sample Volume (L)

Sample Condition Acceptable

Debris Loading

Location Field Blank

	Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m ³	%		Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m ³	%		Raw Ct	Trav/Flds	A.S.	sp/m ³ %
Alternaria						Alternaria						Alternaria				
Ascospores	1	15	53	53	11.1%	Ascospores	7	15	53	371	23.3%	Ascospores				
Basidiospores	5	15	53	265	55.6%	Basidiospores	21	15	53	1113	70%	Basidiospores				
Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.						Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.						Bipolaris/Drechslera/Helm.				
♦ Chaetomium						♦ Chaetomium						♦ Chaetomium				
Curvularia						Curvularia						Curvularia				
Penicillium / Aspergillus	2	15	53	106	22.2%	Penicillium / Aspergillus	1	15	53	53	3.3%	Penicillium / Aspergillus				
Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes						Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes						Smuts/Periconia/Myxomycetes				
												Stachybotrys/Memnoniella				
 Ulocladium																
Unknown						Unknown	1	15	53	53	3.3%	Unknown				
Other Colorless	1	15	53	53	11.1%	Other Colorless						Other Colorless				
Hyphal Fragments*						Hyphal Fragments*						Hyphal Fragments*				
Total Raw Ct:	9		Total s	sp/m³:	477	Total Raw Ct:	30	•	Total s	sp/m³:	1590	Total Raw Ct:	0	-	rotal s	p/m³: 0
	Comments						Comme	nts					Comments	1		

No mold spores observed.





ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

Chain of Custody: 624986 Client: ATI, Inc.

Address: 9220 Rumsey Road

Suite 100

Columbia, MD 21045

Attention: Nate Burgei

Job Name: Francis Scott Key Elementary

Job Location:Not ProvidedJob Number:21-605P.O. Number:Not Provided

Date Submitted:
Person Submitting:
Date Analyzed:
Report Date:

01/27/2021 Nate Burgei 02/03/2021 02/03/2021

Spore Comparison Guide

The criteria for these specifications are outlined, but not limited to those listed, below. Final specifications may differ from the listed criteria for certain samples. AMA Analytical Services, Inc. reserves the right to make changes to these criteria at any time without notice.

Normal ecology

Slightly above normal ecology

Moderately above normal ecology

Substantially above normal ecology

Stachybotrys / Memnoniella, and Chaetomium	Other Spores* (Control Present)	Other Spores* (No Control)				
1-4 Spores: Yellow	< 10 Spores: Insignificant (no color)	< 10 Spores: Insignificant (no color)				
5-9 Spores: Orange	<= Control's spore count: Green	10-20 Spores: Yellow				
10+ Spores: Red	Between Control and 2x Control: Yellow	20-50 Spores: Orange				
	Between 2x Control and 3x Control: Orange	50+ Spores: Red				
	3x+ Control: Red					

^{*}No evalutation is provided for the following spore types: Other, Other Colorless, and Unknown Fungi, and Misc

Interpretation of the data contained in this report is the sole responsibility of the client or the persons who conducted the field work. There are no federal or national standards for the number of fungal spores that may be present in the indoor environment. As a general rule and guideline that is widely accepted in the indoor air quality field, the numbers and types of spores that are present in the indoor environment should be comparable to those that are present outdoors at any given time. There will always be some mold spores present in "Normal" indoor environments. The purpose of sampling and counting spores is to help determine whether an abnormal condition exists within the indoor environment and if it does, to help pinpoint the area of contamination. Spore counts should not be used as the sole determining factor of mold contamination. There are many factors that can cause anomalies in the comparison of indoor and outdoor samples due to the dynamic nature of both of those environments.

This report is provided for informational and comparative purposes only and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. Sampling techniques, possible contaminants, unrepresentative samples and other similar or dissimilar factors may affect these results. With the statistical evaluation provided, as with all statistical comparisons and analyses, false-positive and false-negative results can and do occur. AMA Analytical Services, Inc. hereby disclaims any liability for any and all direct, indirect, punitive, incidental, special or consequential damages arising out of the use or interpretation of the data contained in, or any actions taken or omitted in reliance upon, this report.





ASTM D7391-09 Spore Trap Analysis Report

Chain of Custody: 624986
Client: ATI, Inc.

Address: 9220 Rumsey Road

Suite 100

Columbia, MD 21045

Attention: Nate Burgei

Job Name: Francis Scott Key Elementary

Job Location: Not Provided
Job Number: 21-605
P.O. Number: Not Provided

 Date Submitted:
 01/27/2021

 Person Submitting:
 Nate Burgei

 Date Analyzed:
 02/03/2021

 Report Date:
 02/03/2021

General Comments, Disclaimers, and Footnotes

Analytical Method: Sample are analyzed following the instructions and guidelines outlined in ASTM 7391-09.

Sample Condition: Acceptable: The sample was collected and delivered to the our location without disturbing the material on the sampling media.

Unacceptable: 1. The sample trace (TR) has been disturbed. 2. The sample was damaged or otherwise unsuitable for analysis.

0 = No particulate matter detected; 1 = >nd-~5% Particulate Loading; 2 = ~5%-25% Particulate Loading; 3 = ~25%-75% Particulate Loading; 4 = ~75%-90% Particulate Loading; 5 = >90%

Particulate Loading

Spore Notes: Based on their small size and very few distinguishing characteristics, Aspergillus and Penicillium cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. There are other types of spores whose

morphology is similar to Aspergillus and Penicillium and cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. Examples of these similar spores are Acremonium, Paecilomyces, Wallemia,

Trichoderma, Scopulariopsis, and Gliocladium.

Smuts, Periconia and Myxomycetes are three different types of genera that have similar morphological characteristics.

Bipolaris/Dreschlera/Helm: Bipolaris / Dreschlera / Helminthosporium are three different types of genera that have smiliar morphological characteristics.

Other Colorless represents all colorless spores that are non-distinctive and unidentifiable.

*Hyphal Fragments: A portion of the mycelium that becomes separated from the remainder of the thallus (vegetative body), each of which has the capacity to grow and form new individuals.

Results for hyphal fragments are in fragments/m3 and are not incorporated in the total spore concentration.

The droplet symbol (a) refers to water-intrusion indicator spores. These fungal spores, when found on indoor air samples, can be an indication of moisture sources and resultant fungal growth that

may be problematic.

Quantification: Analytical Sensitivity (A.S.): This is dependent on the volume of air collected, size of the trace, ocular diameter, and the amount of the trace that was analyzed.

The value of "Present" indicated in the Raw Count column represents the presence of this spore type during the preliminary exam at 400x. The Raw Count converts to a whole number if the spore

type is encountered again during the 600x-1,000x enumeration. The sp/m3concentration will be reported as less than the analytical sensitivity if "Present" is reported in the Raw Count.

Results are reported to 3 significant figures. sp/m3: Spores per cubic meter.

Uncertainty: for raw count in the range of 0-50 the SR is 0.375, 51-100 SR=0.333, 101-200 SR=0.257, >200 SR=0.245 All results are to be considered preliminary and subject to change unless signed by the Technical Director or Deputy.

Analyst(s): Tristan Ward

Technical Director

Tristan Ward

This report applies only to the sample, or samples, investigated and is not necessarily indicative of the quality or condition of apparently identical or similar products. As a mutual protection to clients, the public, and these Laboratories, this report is submitted and accepted for the exclusive use of the client to whom it is addressed and upon the condition that it is not to be used, in whole or in part, in any advertising or publicity matter without prior written authorization from us. Sample types, locations, and collection protocols are based upon the information provided by the persons submitting them and, unless collected by personnel of these Laboratories, we expressly disclaim any knowledge and liability for the accuracy and completeness of this information. Residual sample material will be discarded in accordance with the appropriate regulatory guidelines, unless otherwise requested by the client.





MOLD SPORE DESCRIPTIONS

Alternaria

Alternaria is ubiquitous in the environment and are normal agents of decay and decomposition. The spores are airborne and common outdoors than indoors isolated from plants, soil, and food. Indoors, the spores are found in house dust, carpets, textiles, wallboard and window frames. The production of melanin-like pigment is one of its major identifying characteristics. The club-shaped spores (conidia) are single or in long chains. They can grow thick colonies with grayish-white surfaces at the beginning which later darken to greenish black or olive brown colors. Health Effects: Allergies are common, but serious infections are rare, except in people with compromised immune systems. Certain species of this genus are often prolific producers of a variety of toxic compounds whose effects on human health are not well known.

Ascospores

Ascospores are spores formed inside an ascus (asci-plural) or sac-like cell which is contained inside a fruiting body called an ascocarp or an ascoma (ascomata-plural). An ascus typically contains a definite nuimber of ascospores, usually eight. Ascospores are unique in shape, size, and color as to the Genus/species they represent. These spores are specific to fungi classified as Ascomycetes. They are ubiquitous in nature. Many decay organic matter, others are plant or animal pathogens. They can grow indoors on damp materials. Release of ascospores are released by forcible ejection and dispersed by wind, water, animals and other agents. Health Effects: Depending on the Genera, Ascospores may be allergenic.

Basidiospores

Basidiospores are reproductive spores produced by a group of fungi called basidiomycetes. This group includes the mushrooms, shelf fungi and various other macrofungi. Basidipspores serve as the main air (wind) dispersal units for the fungi and their release is dependent upon moisture. The structure of the spore complex can develop in various manners resulting in different appearances. It is often found growing in soil, decaying plant debris, compost piles and fruit rot. Indoors, it can be found on water damaged building materials (chipboard /OSB, plywood, wallpaper, and glue) as well as on food items (dried foods, cheeses, fruits, herbs, spices, cereals). Health effects: Some basidiospores may produce toxins and can act as allergens. They have not been reported to be pathogens.

Cladosporium

Cladosporium is the most common indoor and outdoor mold. The spores are wind dispersed and are often extremely abundant in outdoor air. Many species are commonly found on living and dead plant material. Indoors, they may grow on surfaces with high moisture or high humidity levels such as damp window sills, poorly ventilated bathrooms and soiled refrigerators. It produces powdery or velvety olive-green to brown or black colonies. The conidia (spores) vary depending on the species and are formed in simple or branching chains with multi-attachment points. Health Effects: Cladosporium species are rarely pathogenic to humans, but have been reported to occassionally cause sinusitis and pulmonary infections as well as infections of the skin and toenails. The airborne spores are significant allergens, and in large amounts they may severely affect asthmatics and people with respiratory diseases.

Hyphal Fragments

Hyphal Fragments are segments or pieces of hyphae or mycelium that may have broken off during sampling (air, tape, dust). The mycelium is the entire mass of hyphae that makes up the vegetative body of a fungus. The presence of hyphal fragments may indicate the presence of viable mold.

Other Colorless

- "Other Colorless" are all non-distinctive, unidentifiable, colorless spores seen on spore trap samples and include all the genera that do not have distinguishing morphology to belong to any of the other defined categories."





Penicillium/Aspergillus Like

Penicillium and Aspergillus are ubiquitous, filamentous fungi that are found in soil, decaying plant debris, compost piles, and in the air. Indoors, spores are commonly found in house dust, in water-damaged buildings (wallpaper, wallpaper glue, decaying fabrics, moist chipboards, and behind paint) as well as fruit and grains. They are the most common fungal genera, worldwide. Both produce chains of spores that are small, round to oval, colorless or slightly pigmented, and smooth to rough walled. These spores are indistinguishable between the two as well as other genera, such as Gliocladium, Trichoderma, Paecilomyces, and Scopulariopsis. They differ as to their conidiophores or fruiting bodies. While, Aspergillus spores are produced from phialides supported on conidia heads or swollen vesicles, Penicillium spores are produced on finger-like projections.

Depending on species, typical colonies of Aspergillus are initially white and later turn to either shades of green, yellow, orange, brown or black. Texture is usually velvety to cottony. Typical colonies of Penicillium, other than Penicillium marneffei (yeast-like at 37oC), grow rapidly, white in color at first, later becoming bluish green with white borders with velvety to powdery textures depending on species. Some species produce radial patterns. Health Effects: Both Aspergillus and Penicillium are potential allergens. Several species of Aspergillus (A. flavus and A. parasiticus) produce aflatoxins or natually occurring mycotoxins that are toxic and carcinogenic. These are found in contaminated foodstuff and are hazardous to consumers. Penicillium has only one known species that is pathogenic to humans (P. marneffei) that causes lethal systemic infection (Penicilliosis) in immunocompromised individuals.

Unknown Fungi

"Unknown Fungi" are spores that cannot be identified under direct microscopic analysis. This includes partial spores. This category also includes spores that are hidden or hard to see during microscopic examination due to heavy presence of particulate.

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CHAIN OF CUSTODY

(Please Refer To This Number For Inquires)

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FRANCIS SCOTT KEY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	

Appendix B: Instrument Calibration Records

INDOOR AIR QUALITY REPORT

Certificate of Calibration

- (BuckTM BioAire Pump Calibration Rotameter
- () BuckTM BioSlide Pump Calibration Rotameter

Serial number: R15041Date Calibrated: 11/12/2020 Calibration Due Date: 11/12/2021

Flow Calibration

This is to certify that the rotameter listed above has been calibrated using a Buck Primary calibrator listed below which is calibrated according to A.P. Buck, Inc. calibration procedure APB-1, Ver. 6.2 and is traceable to the National Institute of Standards & Technology (N.I.S.T). A.P. Buck guarantees the accuracy of the rotameter to be within \pm 5% of the actual flow rate.

AMBIENT CONDITIONS: Temperature 74±3° F Relative Humidity 50±10%

Description	MFR.	Model	Serial #
Primary Calibrator	A.P. Buck Inc.	M30B	☐ A40020 ☐ A40021

QA Approval By: Moron Menk

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> A.P. BUCK, INC. 7101 Presidents Drive. Suite 110 Orlando, FL 32809 Phone: 407-851-8602 407-851-8910 Fax:





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Environment Conditions							
TEMPERATURE	75.8 (24.3)	°F (°C)					
RELATIVE HUMIDITY	48	%RH					
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	28.72 (972.6)	inHg (hPa)					

 Model
 982

 Serial Number
 P17100006

☐ AS LEFT

■ AS FOUND

☐ IN TOLERANCE

⊠OUT OF TOLERANCE

- CALIBRATION VERIFICATION RESULTS-

GA	S CO2 AS FO		SYS	гем G-101	Unit: ppm		
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
1	0	0	0~50	4	3020.5	* 2874.5	2929.9~3111.1
2	504	460	454~554	5	5037	* 4771.8	4885.9~5188.1
3	1008	964	958~1058				1000.7 5100.1

GA	S CO AS FO	UND		SYSTEM G-101				
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	Unit: ppm ALLOWABLE RANGE	
1	35.3	* 30.8	32.3~38.3	2	100.7	* 87.7	97.7~103.7	

TE	MPERATUR	RE AS FOUND		S	Unit: °F (°C		
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
l	32.0 (0.0)	32.6 (0.3)	31.0~33.0 (-0.5~0.6)	2	139.8 (59.9)	140.6 (60.3)	138.8~140.8 (59.4~60.5)

н	MIDITY AS	FOUND		SYSTEM H-102					
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	Unit: %RH ALLOWABLE RANGE		
1	10.0	10.5	7.0~13.0	4	70.0	69.6	67.0~73.0		
2	30.0	30.4	27.0~33.0	5	90.0	88.9	87.0~93.0		
3	50.0	50.4	47.0~53.0				37.0-73.0		

*Indicates Out-of-Tolerance Condition

TSI does hereby certify that the above described instrument conforms to the original manufacturer's specification (not applicable to As Found data) and has been calibrated using standards whose accuracies are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or has been verified with respect to instrumentation whose accuracy is traceable to NIST, or is derived from accepted values of physical constants. TSI's calibration system is registered to ISO-9001:2015.

Measurement Variable	System ID	Last Cal.	Cal. Due	Measurement Variable	System 1D	Last Cal.	Cal. Due
5000 CO2	T-0660	07-15-20	07-15-28	200 CO	149848	03-24-20	03-24-28
N2	CT308798	06-28-20	06-28-28	Air	T608955	06-17-20	06-17-28
Flow	E003341	09-03-19	09-30-20	Flow	E003980	04-22-20	04-30-21
Flow	E003525	01-06-20	01-31-21	Flow	E003342	09-03-19	09-30-21
2000 C4H8	EB0054467	08-13-19	08-12-22	100 C4H8	CC507339	03-24-20	03-24-28
Temperature	E010657	02-14-20	02-28-21	Temperature	E010658	02-14-20	02-28-21
Temperture	E010655	01-21-20	01-31-21	Humidity	E003539	08-21-20	02-28-21

Chaolang

August 31, 2020

DATE

DOC ID CERT GEN WCC

SI P/N 2300157



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ENVIRONMENT CONDITION	S				
TEMPERATURE	71.33 (21.9)	°F (°C)	MODEL	982	
RELATIVE HUMIDITY	53.9	%RH		P17100006	
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	28.81 (975.6)	inHg (hPa)	SERIAL NUMBER		

☐ AS FOUND ☐ IN TOLERANCE ☐ OUT OF TOLERANCE

-CALIBRATION VERIFICATION RESULTS-

TE	TEMPERATURE VERIFICATION				YSTEM T-101		Unit: °F (°C	
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWAPLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	
1	32.0 (0.0)	32.6 (0.3)	31.0~33.0 (-0.5~0.6)	2	139.8 (59.9)	140.6 (60.3)	138.8~140.8 (59.4~60.5)	

Ηι	MIDITY VERI	FICATION		SYSTEM H-102					
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	Unit: %RH ALLOWABLE RANGE		
1	10.0	10.5	7.0~13.0	4	70.0	69.6	67.0~73.0		
2	30.0	30.4	27.0~33.0	5	90.0	88.9	87.0~93.0		
3	50.0	50.4	47.0~53.0				07.0 75.0		

CC	2 GAS VERIFI	CATION		System G-101					
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	Unit: ppn Allowable Range		
1	0	0	0~50	4	3020	3025	2929~3110		
2	504	501	454~554	5	5037	5026	4886~5188		
3	1008	1027	958~1058			5020	1000-5100		

CO	GAS VERIFIC		SYST	Unit: ppm			
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
1	35	36	32~38	2	101	100	98~104

TSI does hereby certify that the above described instrument conforms to the original manufacturer's specification (not applicable to As Found data) and has been calibrated using standards whose accuracies are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or has been verified with respect to instrumentation whose accuracy is traceable to NIST, or is derived from accepted values of physical constants. TSI's calibration system is registered to ISO-9001:2015.

Measurement Variable Temperature Temperture 5000 CO2 N2 Flow Flow 2000 C4H8	System ID E010657 E010655 T-0660 CT308798 E003341 E003525 EB0054467	Last Cal. 02-14-20 01-21-20 07-15-20 06-28-20 09-03-19 01-06-20 08-13-19	Cal. Due 02-28-21 01-31-21 07-15-28 06-28-28 09-30-20 01-31-21 08-12-22	Measurement Variable Temperature Humidity 200 CO Air Flow Flow 100 C4H8	System ID E010658 E003539 149848 T608955 E003980 E003342	Last Cal. 02-14-20 08-21-20 03-24-20 06-17-20 04-22-20 09-03-19	Cal. Due 02-28-21 02-28-21 03-24-28 06-17-28 04-30-21 09-30-20
2000 C-1110	LD0034407	08-13-19	08-12-22	100 C4H8	CC507339	03-24-20	03-24-28

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Environment Conditions							
TEMPERATURE	75.8 (24.3)	°F (°C)					
RELATIVE HUMIDITY	48	%RH					
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	28.72 (972.6)	inHg (hPa)					

 Model
 982

 Serial Number
 P17100006

☐ AS LEFT

■ AS FOUND

☐ IN TOLERANCE

⊠OUT OF TOLERANCE

- CALIBRATION VERIFICATION RESULTS-

GA	S CO2 AS FO		SYS	гем G-101	Unit: ppm		
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
1	0	0	0~50	4	3020.5	* 2874.5	2929.9~3111.1
2	504	460	454~554	5	5037	* 4771.8	4885.9~5188.1
3	1008	964	958~1058				1000.7 5100.1

GA	S CO AS FO	UND		SYSTEM G-101				
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	Unit: ppm ALLOWABLE RANGE	
1	35.3	* 30.8	32.3~38.3	2	100.7	* 87.7	97.7~103.7	

TE	MPERATUR	RE AS FOUND		S	Unit: °F (°C		
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
l	32.0 (0.0)	32.6 (0.3)	31.0~33.0 (-0.5~0.6)	2	139.8 (59.9)	140.6 (60.3)	138.8~140.8 (59.4~60.5)

н	MIDITY AS	FOUND		SYSTEM H-102					
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	Unit: %RH ALLOWABLE RANGE		
1	10.0	10.5	7.0~13.0	4	70.0	69.6	67.0~73.0		
2	30.0	30.4	27.0~33.0	5	90.0	88.9	87.0~93.0		
3	50.0	50.4	47.0~53.0				37.0-73.0		

*Indicates Out-of-Tolerance Condition

TSI does hereby certify that the above described instrument conforms to the original manufacturer's specification (not applicable to As Found data) and has been calibrated using standards whose accuracies are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or has been verified with respect to instrumentation whose accuracy is traceable to NIST, or is derived from accepted values of physical constants. TSI's calibration system is registered to ISO-9001:2015.

Measurement Variable	System ID	Last Cal.	Cal. Due	Measurement Variable	System 1D	Last Cal.	Cal. Due
5000 CO2	T-0660	07-15-20	07-15-28	200 CO	149848	03-24-20	03-24-28
N2	CT308798	06-28-20	06-28-28	Air	T608955	06-17-20	06-17-28
Flow	E003341	09-03-19	09-30-20	Flow	E003980	04-22-20	04-30-21
Flow	E003525	01-06-20	01-31-21	Flow	E003342	09-03-19	09-30-21
2000 C4H8	EB0054467	08-13-19	08-12-22	100 C4H8	CC507339	03-24-20	03-24-28
Temperature	E010657	02-14-20	02-28-21	Temperature	E010658	02-14-20	02-28-21
Temperture	E010655	01-21-20	01-31-21	Humidity	E003539	08-21-20	02-28-21

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August 31, 2020

DATE

DOC ID CERT GEN WCC

SI P/N 2300157



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ENVIRONMENT CONDITION	S				
TEMPERATURE	71.33 (21.9)	°F (°C)	MODEL	982	
RELATIVE HUMIDITY	53.9	%RH		P17100006	
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	28.81 (975.6)	inHg (hPa)	SERIAL NUMBER		

☐ AS FOUND ☐ IN TOLERANCE ☐ OUT OF TOLERANCE

-CALIBRATION VERIFICATION RESULTS-

TE	TEMPERATURE VERIFICATION				YSTEM T-101		Unit: °F (°C	
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWAPLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	
1	32.0 (0.0)	32.6 (0.3)	31.0~33.0 (-0.5~0.6)	2	139.8 (59.9)	140.6 (60.3)	138.8~140.8 (59.4~60.5)	

Ηι	MIDITY VERI	FICATION		SYSTEM H-102					
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	Unit: %RH ALLOWABLE RANGE		
1	10.0	10.5	7.0~13.0	4	70.0	69.6	67.0~73.0		
2	30.0	30.4	27.0~33.0	5	90.0	88.9	87.0~93.0		
3	50.0	50.4	47.0~53.0				07.0 75.0		

CC	2 GAS VERIFI	CATION		System G-101					
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	Unit: ppn Allowable Range		
1	0	0	0~50	4	3020	3025	2929~3110		
2	504	501	454~554	5	5037	5026	4886~5188		
3	1008	1027	958~1058			5020	1000-5100		

CO	GAS VERIFIC		SYST	Unit: ppm			
#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE	#	STANDARD	MEASURED	ALLOWABLE RANGE
1	35	36	32~38	2	101	100	98~104

TSI does hereby certify that the above described instrument conforms to the original manufacturer's specification (not applicable to As Found data) and has been calibrated using standards whose accuracies are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or has been verified with respect to instrumentation whose accuracy is traceable to NIST, or is derived from accepted values of physical constants. TSI's calibration system is registered to ISO-9001:2015.

Measurement Variable Temperature Temperture 5000 CO2 N2 Flow Flow 2000 C4H8	System ID E010657 E010655 T-0660 CT308798 E003341 E003525 EB0054467	Last Cal. 02-14-20 01-21-20 07-15-20 06-28-20 09-03-19 01-06-20 08-13-19	Cal. Due 02-28-21 01-31-21 07-15-28 06-28-28 09-30-20 01-31-21 08-12-22	Measurement Variable Temperature Humidity 200 CO Air Flow Flow 100 C4H8	System ID E010658 E003539 149848 T608955 E003980 E003342	Last Cal. 02-14-20 08-21-20 03-24-20 06-17-20 04-22-20 09-03-19	Cal. Due 02-28-21 02-28-21 03-24-28 06-17-28 04-30-21 09-30-20
2000 C-1110	LD0034407	08-13-19	08-12-22	100 C4H8	CC507339	03-24-20	03-24-28

Bayary

August 31, 2020

DATE

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