



Environmental Consultants and Engineers

1818 New York Avenue Suite 217
Washington, DC 20002

www.globalincusa.net

March 8, 2021

Prince Georges County
Environmental Safety Office
13306 Old Marlboro Pike
Upper Marlboro, MD 20772

Attention: Mr. Alex Baylor

RE: Indoor Air Quality Screening Report

Global Project Number: 20-064
School: Lamont Elementary School

Dear Mr. Baylor,

On December 2, 2020, Global Inc.'s (GLOBAL) team of Industrial Hygienists under the supervision of Certified Industrial Hygienist, Dr. Channa Bambaradeniya, conducted an Indoor Air Quality Screening at Lamont Elementary School located at 7101 Good Luck Rd, New Carrollton, MD 20784.

Methodology

The IAQ evaluation included a visual assessment, sampling for non-viable mold spores in air, and measurement of comfort parameters (temperature, humidity, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide) in randomly selected representative locations within the building. GLOBAL's inspector conducted a walkthrough with Prince Georges County Public School (PGCPS) personnel present. Rooms were selected in a random manner throughout the building so as to prevent sampling bias.

During the visual assessment of representative locations, and when noted, GLOBAL documented those areas with suspected mold growth, water intrusions, and wet conditions that have the potential to lead to mold growth. GLOBAL also noted any unusual odors. At least one microbial air sample was collected for every 10,000 Square Feet (SF) of space in the building and the analytical results for the interior spaces were compared to an outdoor (ambient) sample collected on the same day.

Microbial samples (including a field blank for quality control) were delivered under strict chain-of-custody procedures were to Hayes Microbial Consulting - an AIHA EMPAT-certified laboratory in Midlothian, Virginia for analysis by microscopy. The sample chain-of-custody and laboratory report is attached.



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Observations

The general observations in the six indoor locations inspected are summarized in Table 1 below:

Table 1: Observations

Location	Observations
Room 25	No issues
Room 21	No issues
Room 16	No issues
Media Center	No issues
Room 9	No issues
Multi-Purpose Room	No issues

Comfort Parameter Measurements and Mold-in-Air Sample Results

The comfort parameter measurements and status of fungal ecology is summarized in Table 2, Table 3 and Table 4.

Temperature

The American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) have published recommendations for year-round acceptable temperatures in Standard 55-2016 (*Thermal Environmental Conditions for Human Occupancy*). The winter comfort range is 68 to 75°F and the summer comfort range is 73 to 79°F. It is important to note that ASHRAE standards are intended as a suggested guideline as opposed to a regulation. The indoor temperature readings were a bit higher in some locations than the ASHRAE recommended range for winter.

Relative Humidity (RH)

Relative humidity is a key factor for mold growth. Mold has the potential of growing on suitable surfaces with humidity levels above 60%. ASHRAE standard 62.1-2013 (*Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality*) recommends a maximum indoor relative humidity of 65% to preclude the likelihood of condensation on cool surfaces encouraging mold growth. All the indoor relative humidity readings were below the ASHRAE recommended level of 65%.

Carbon Monoxide

Carbon monoxide (CO) is a colorless and odorless gas that is produced by the incomplete combustion of carbon-containing fuels. Oil, gasoline, diesel fuels, wood, coke, and coal are the major sources of CO. All registered CO concentrations were below the EPA National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) of 9 ppm.



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Carbon Dioxide

Under conditions of maximum occupancy, ASHRAE Standard 62.1-2013, Appendix C, infers that the acceptable carbon dioxide upper limit is the prevailing outdoor carbon dioxide concentration plus 700 parts per million (ppm). On December 2, 2020, the outdoor (ambient) carbon dioxide concentration was approximately 401 ppm so indoor concentrations should not exceed approximately 1101 ppm (700 + 401). All indoor carbon dioxide measurements were within the ASHRAE standards.

Mold-in-Air Samples

There are no definitive regulations or standardized guidelines for addressing airborne mold in an indoor setting. If building systems (ventilation, envelope) are functioning properly, the indoor fungal ecology profile should be consistent with what is encountered outdoors and the spore concentrations should be below the ambient levels.

The analytical results of indoor air samples collected Room 25, the Media Center, Room 9, and the Multi-Purpose Room indicate elevated presence of *Aspergillus/Penicillium*. The horizontal surfaces of the above locations that had indoor mold amplification were thoroughly recleaned in late February 2021, and air scrubbers with HEPA filters were operated for 24-36 hours. Subsequently, these locations were reinspected, and the analytical results of air samples collected indicated normal fungal ecology. Laboratory analytical results are attached to this report.

Table 2: Air Quality Results (Inspected on Dec 2, 2020)

Sample Location	Temp °F	RH%	CO ppm	CO2 ppm	Normal Fungal Ecology?
Standards	ASHRAE 68 to 75°F	ASHRAE <65%	NAAQS <9	ASHRAE 1101	
Ambient	50.6	23.6	0	401	-
Room 25	74.1	23.5	0	458	No
Room 21	72.9	20.0	0	405	Yes
Room 16	74.5	17.7	0	407	Yes
Media Center	77.9	15.5	0	408	No
Room 9	78.5	22.1	0	430	No
Multi-Purpose Room	75.4	19.3	0	412	No



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Table 3: Air Quality Results (Inspected on Feb 27, 2021)

Sample Location	Temp °F	RH%	CO ppm	CO2 ppm	Normal Fungal Ecology?
Standards	ASHRAE 68 to 75°F	ASHRAE <65%	NAAQS <9	ASHRAE 1135	
Ambient	50.0	66.0	0	435	-
Room 25	87.0	49.0	0	444	Yes
Media Center	58.0	58.0	0	464	Yes
Room 9	73.0	38.0	0	445	No
Multi-Purpose Room	49.0	65.0	0	560	Yes

Table 4: Air Quality Results (Inspected on March 5, 2021)

Sample Location	Temp °F	RH%	CO ppm	CO2 ppm	Normal Fungal Ecology?
Standards	ASHRAE 68 to 75°F	ASHRAE <65%	NAAQS <9	ASHRAE 1112	
Ambient	53.0	23.0	0	412	-
Room 09	49.0	34.0	0	407	Yes

Conclusions and Recommendations

Among the comfort parameters measured, the indoor temperature readings were a bit higher in some locations than the ASHRAE recommended range for winter.

The indoor mold samples collected from Room 25, the Media Center, Room 9, and the Multi-Purpose Room indicate elevated presence of *Aspergillus/Penicillium* during the screening performed on December 2, 2020, while the other mold sample was found to have a normal fungal ecology for an indoor environment. The above locations were thoroughly re-cleaned and resampled in late February to Early March, 2021, and the analytical results indicated normal fungal ecology.



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It has been our pleasure to conduct these IAQ Screening services for the Prince Georges County Public School system. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact us.

Regards,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Channa Bambaradeniya".

Channa Bambaradeniya, Ph.D., CIH, CSP, CHMM
Certified Industrial Hygienist
Global, Inc.
Mobile: 443-691-0455



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ATTACHMENT I

Air Sample Analytical Results and Chain-Of-Custody Form

Analysis Report prepared for

Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave.
Suite 217
Washington, DC, 20002

Phone: (443) 691-0455

BB203
Indoor Air Quality
Lamont Elementary School

Collected: **December 2, 2020**
Received: **December 3, 2020**
Reported: **December 3, 2020**

We would like to thank you for trusting Hayes Microbial for your analytical needs!
We received 7 samples by FedEx in good condition for this project on December 3rd, 2020.

The results in this analysis pertain only to this job, collected on the stated date, and should not be used in the interpretation of any other job. This report may not be duplicated, except in full, without the written consent of Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC..

This laboratory bears no responsibility for sample collection activities, analytical method limitations, or your use of the test results. Interpretation and use of test results are your responsibility. Any reference to health effects or interpretation of mold levels is strictly the opinion of Hayes Microbial. In no event, shall Hayes Microbial or any of its employees be liable for lost profits or any special, incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use of these test results.



Steve Hayes, BSMT(ASCP)
Laboratory Director
Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC.



EPA Laboratory ID: VA01419



Lab ID: #188863



DPH License: #PH-0198

Sample Number	1	LES-1202-01			2	LES-1202-02			3	LES-1202-03			4	LES-1202-04		
Sample Name	Ambient			Room 25			Room 21			Room 16						
Sample Volume	75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter						
Reporting Limit	13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³						
Background	2			2			2			2						
Fragments	ND			ND			ND			ND						
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total				
Alternaria																
Ascospores	2	27	25.0%	1	13	<1%										
Aspergillus Penicillium	3	40	37.5%	308	4107	99.0%	12	160	85.7%	3	40	60.0%				
Basidiospores	1	13	12.5%							1	13	20.0%				
Bipolaris Drechslera																
Chaetomium																
Cladosporium							1	13	7.1%							
Curvularia																
Epicoccum																
Fusarium																
Memnoniella																
Myxomycetes	2	27	25.0%	2	27	<1%	1	13	7.1%	1	13	20.0%				
Pithomyces																
Stachybotrys																
Stemphylium																
Torula																
Ulocladium																
Total	8	107	100%	311	4147	100%	14	186	100%	5	66	100%				

Water Damage Indicator	Common Allergen	Slightly Higher than Baseline	Significantly Higher than Baseline	Ratio Abnormality
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Collected: Dec 2, 2020 Received: Dec 3, 2020 Reported: Dec 3, 2020

Project Analyst: Shareef Abdelgadir, MS *Shareef Abdelgadir* Date: 12 - 03 - 2020 Reviewed By: Steve Hayes, BSMT *Stephen N. Hayes* Date: 12 - 03 - 2020

Sample Number	5 LES-1202-05			6 LES-1202-06			7 LES-1202-07					
Sample Name	Media Center			Room 9			Multi Purpose					
Sample Volume	75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter					
Reporting Limit	13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³					
Background	2			2			2					
Fragments	ND			ND			ND					
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total			
Alternaria	1	13	2.0%									
Ascospores				1	13	2.7%	1	13	1.9%			
Aspergillus Penicillium	45	600	88.2%	32	427	86.5%	43	573	82.7%			
Basidiospores							1	13	1.9%			
Bipolaris Drechslera												
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium	4	53	7.8%	4	53	10.8%	7	93	13.5%			
Curvularia												
Epicoccum	1	13	2.0%									
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes												
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Total	51	679	100%	37	493	100%	52	692	100%			

Water Damage Indicator Common Allergen Slightly Higher than Baseline Significantly Higher than Baseline Ratio Abnormality



Collected: Dec 2, 2020 Received: Dec 3, 2020 Reported: Dec 3, 2020

Project Analyst: Shareef Abdelgadir, MS *Shareef Abdelgadir* Date: 12 - 03 - 2020 Reviewed By: Steve Hayes, BSMT *Stephen N. Hayes* Date: 12 - 03 - 2020

Spore Trap Information

Reporting Limit	The Reporting Limit is the lowest number of spores that can be detected based on the total volume of the sample collected and the percentage of the slide that is counted. At Hayes Microbial, 100% of the slide is read so the LOD is based solely on the total volume. Raw spore counts that exceed 500 spores will be estimated.										
Blanks	Results have not been corrected for field or laboratory blanks.										
Background	<p>The Background is the amount of debris that is present in the sample. This debris consists of skin cells, dirt, dust, pollen, drywall dust and other organic and non-organic matter. As the background density increases, the likelihood of spores, especially small spores such as those of Aspergillus and Penicillium may be obscured. The background is rated on a scale of 1 to 5 and each level is determined as follows:</p> <p>NBD: No background detected due to possible pump or cassette malfunction. Recollect sample. (Field Blanks will display NBD)</p> <p>1 : <5% of field occluded. No spores will be uncountable.</p> <p>2 : 5-25% of field occluded.</p> <p>3 : 25-75% of field occluded.</p> <p>4 : 75-90% of field occluded.</p> <p>5 : >90% of field occluded. Suggested recollection of sample.</p>										
Fragments	Fragments are small pieces of fungal mycelium or spores. They are not identifiable as to type and when present in very large numbers, may indicate the presence of mold amplification.										
Control Comparisons	There are no national standards for the numbers of fungal spores that may be present in the indoor environment. As a general rule and guideline that is widely accepted in the indoor air quality field, the numbers and types of spores that are present in the indoor environment should not exceed those that are present outdoors at any given time. There will always be some mold spores present in "normal" indoor environments. The purpose of sampling and counting spores is to help determine whether an abnormal condition exists within the indoor environment and if it does, to help pinpoint the area of contamination. Spore counts should not be used as the sole determining factor of mold contamination. There are many factors that can cause anomalies in the comparison of indoor and outdoor samples due to the dynamic nature of both of those environments.										
<table border="1"> <tr> <td style="background-color: #ADD8E6;">Water Damage Indicator</td> <td>Blue: These molds are commonly seen in conditions of prolonged water intrusion and usually indicate a problem.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="background-color: #90EE90;">Common Allergen</td> <td>Green: Although all molds are potential allergens, these are the most common allergens that may be found indoors.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="background-color: #FFDAB9;">Slightly Higher than Baseline</td> <td>Orange: The spore count is slightly higher than the outside count and may or may not indicate a source of contamination.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="background-color: #FFB6C1;">Significantly Higher than Baseline</td> <td>Red: The spore count is significantly higher than the baseline count and probably indicates a source of contamination.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="background-color: #DDA0DD;">Ratio Abnormality</td> <td>Violet: The types of spores found indoors should be similar to the ones that were identified in the baseline sample. Significant increases (more than 25%) in the ratio of a particular spore type may indicate the presence of abnormal levels of mold, even if the total number of spores of that type is lower in the indoor environment than it was outdoors.</td> </tr> </table>	Water Damage Indicator	Blue: These molds are commonly seen in conditions of prolonged water intrusion and usually indicate a problem.	Common Allergen	Green: Although all molds are potential allergens, these are the most common allergens that may be found indoors.	Slightly Higher than Baseline	Orange: The spore count is slightly higher than the outside count and may or may not indicate a source of contamination.	Significantly Higher than Baseline	Red: The spore count is significantly higher than the baseline count and probably indicates a source of contamination.	Ratio Abnormality	Violet: The types of spores found indoors should be similar to the ones that were identified in the baseline sample. Significant increases (more than 25%) in the ratio of a particular spore type may indicate the presence of abnormal levels of mold, even if the total number of spores of that type is lower in the indoor environment than it was outdoors.	
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Common Allergen	Green: Although all molds are potential allergens, these are the most common allergens that may be found indoors.										
Slightly Higher than Baseline	Orange: The spore count is slightly higher than the outside count and may or may not indicate a source of contamination.										
Significantly Higher than Baseline	Red: The spore count is significantly higher than the baseline count and probably indicates a source of contamination.										
Ratio Abnormality	Violet: The types of spores found indoors should be similar to the ones that were identified in the baseline sample. Significant increases (more than 25%) in the ratio of a particular spore type may indicate the presence of abnormal levels of mold, even if the total number of spores of that type is lower in the indoor environment than it was outdoors.										
Color Coding	Fungi that are present in indoor samples at levels lower than 200 per cubic meter are not color coded on the report, unless they are one of the water damage indicators.										

Alternaria	Habitat: Commonly found outdoors in soil and decaying plants. Indoors, it is commonly found on window sills and other horizontal surfaces. Effects: A common allergen and has been associated with hypersensitivity pneumonitis. Alternaria is capable of producing toxic metabolites which may be associated with disease in humans or animals. Occasionally an agent of onychomycosis, ulcerated cutaneous infection and chronic sinusitis, principally in the immunocompromised patient.
Ascospores	Habitat: A large group consisting of more than 3000 species of fungi. Common plant pathogens and outdoor numbers become very high following rain. Most of the genera are indistinguishable by spore trap analysis and are combined on the report. Effects: Health affects are poorly studied, but many are likely to be allergenic.
Aspergillus Penicillium	Habitat: The most common fungi isolated from the environment. Very common in soil and on decaying plant material. Are able to grow well indoors on a wide variety of substrates. Effects: This group contains common allergens and many can cause hypersensitivity pneumonitis. They may cause extrinsic asthma, and many are opportunistic pathogens. Many species produce mycotoxins which may be associated with disease in humans and other animals. Toxin production is dependent on the species, the food source, competition with other organisms, and other environmental conditions.
Basidiospores	Habitat: A common group of Fungi that includes the mushrooms and bracket fungi. They are saprophytes and plant pathogens. In wet conditions they can cause structural damage to buildings. Effects: Common allergens and are also associated with hypersensitivity pneumonitis.
Cladosporium	Habitat: One of the most common genera worldwide. Found in soil and plant debris and on the leaf surfaces of living plants. The outdoor numbers are lower in the winter and often relatively high in the summer, especially in high humidity. The outdoor numbers often spike in the late afternoon and evening. Indoors, it can be found growing on textiles, wood, sheetrock, moist window sills and in HVAC supply ducts. Effects: A common allergen, producing more than 10 allergenic antigens and a common cause of hypersensitivity pneumonitis.
Epicoccum	Habitat: It is found in soil and plant litter and is a plant pathogen. It can grow indoors on a variety of substrates, including paper and textiles and is commonly found on wet drywall. Effects: It is a common allergen. No cases of infection have been reported in humans.

Myxomycetes

Habitat: Found on decaying plant material and as a plant pathogen.

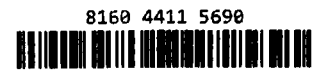
Effects: Some allergenic properties reported, but generally pose no health concerns to humans.



Company: Global, Inc
 Address: 1818 New York Avenue,
Suite 277 Washington, DC 20002

N

SHIP: FEDEX - PAK 50
 DATE: 12-03-2020



Job Number: BB203	Job Name: Indoor Air Quality Lamont Elementary School	Mobile: 443-691-0455	Email: channab@globalincusa.net
Collector: Kenna Leonzo		Note:	
Date Collected: 12/02/2020			

Analysis Type	Analysis Description	Turnaround	Accepted Media Types
Spore Trap	S Identification & Enumeration of Fungal Spores	24 Hour	Air Cassettes, Impact Slides
	S+ Spore Trap Analysis with Dander, Fiber, and Pollen counts	24 Hour	Air Cassettes, Impact Slides
Direct ID	D ID & Semi-Quantative Enumeration of spores and mycelium	24 Hour	Bio-Tape, Tape, Swab, Bulk, Agar Plate
	D+ Direct Analysis with Fully Quantitative spore count	24 Hour	Bio-Tape, Tape, Swab, Bulk, Agar Plate
Culture	C1 Identification & Enumeration of Mold only	7 Day	Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk
	C2 Identification & Enumeration of Bacteria only	4 Day	Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk
	C3 Identification & Enumeration of Mold and Bacteria	7 Day	Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk
	C5 Coliform Screen for Sewage Bacteria	2 Day	Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk
Particle	TPA Total Particulate Analysis, ID & Count (Does Not Include Mold)	24 Hour	Air Cassettes, Impact Slides, Bio-Tape

#	Number	Sample	Analysis	Volume	Notes
1	LES-1202-01	Ambient	S	75 L	
2	LES-1202-02	Room 25	↓	↓	
3	LES-1202-03	Room 21			
4	LES-1202-04	Room 16			
5	LES-1202-05	Media Center			
6	LES-1202-06	Room 9			
7	LES-1202-07	Multi Purpose			
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					

Released by: Kenna Leonzo	Date: 12/2/20	Received By:	Date: 12-3-20
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Analysis Report prepared for

Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave.
Suite 217
Washington, DC, 20002

Phone: (443) 691-0455

20-064
IAQ reinspection
Lamont ES

Collected: February 27, 2021
Received: March 1, 2021
Reported: March 1, 2021

We would like to thank you for trusting Hayes Microbial for your analytical needs!
We received 5 samples by FedEx in good condition for this project on March 1st, 2021.

The results in this analysis pertain only to this job, collected on the stated date, and should not be used in the interpretation of any other job. This report may not be duplicated, except in full, without the written consent of Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC..

This laboratory bears no responsibility for sample collection activities, analytical method limitations, or your use of the test results. Interpretation and use of test results are your responsibility. Any reference to health effects or interpretation of mold levels is strictly the opinion of Hayes Microbial. In no event, shall Hayes Microbial or any of its employees be liable for lost profits or any special, incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use of these test results.



Steve Hayes, BSMT(ASCP)
Laboratory Director
Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC.



EPA Laboratory ID: VA01419



Lab ID: #188863




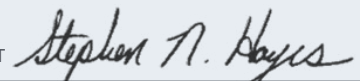
DPH License: #PH-0198

Sample Number	1	01		2	02		3	03		4	04	
Sample Name	ambient			Room 25			Media Center			Room 9		
Sample Volume	75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter			75.00 liter		
Reporting Limit	13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³		
Background	2			2			2			3		
Fragments	ND			ND			ND			ND		
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total
Alternaria												
Ascospores	8	107	53.3%	5	67	45.5%	1	13	25.0%	5	67	1.2%
Aspergillus Penicillium	2	27	13.3%				2	27	50.0%	418	5573	98.6%
Basidiospores	5	67	33.3%	2	27	18.2%				1	13	<1%
Bipolaris Drechslera												
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium				3	40	27.3%	1	13	25.0%			
Curvularia												
Epicoccum												
Fusarium												
Memnoniella												
Myxomycetes				1	13	9.1%						
Pithomyces												
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Total	15	201	100%	11	147	100%	4	53	100%	424	5653	100%

Water Damage Indicator Common Allergen Slightly Higher than Baseline Significantly Higher than Baseline Ratio Abnormality



Collected: **Feb 27, 2021** Received: **Mar 1, 2021** Reported: **Mar 1, 2021**

Project Analyst: Connor Gailliot, BS  Date: **03 - 01 - 2021** Reviewed By: Steve Hayes, BSMT  Date: **03 - 01 - 2021**

Sample Number	5	05			
Sample Name	Multi-Purpose Room				
Sample Volume	75.00 liter				
Reporting Limit	13 spores/m ³				
Background	2				
Fragments	ND				
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m³	% of Total		
Alternaria					
Ascospores					
Aspergillus Penicillium	3	40	60.0%		
Basidiospores	1	13	20.0%		
Bipolaris Drechslera					
Chaetomium					
Cladosporium	1	13	20.0%		
Curvularia					
Epicoccum					
Fusarium					
Memnoniella					
Myxomycetes					
Pithomyces					
Stachybotrys					
Stemphylium					
Torula					
Ulocladium					
Total	5	66	100%		

Water Damage Indicator	Common Allergen	Slightly Higher than Baseline	Significantly Higher than Baseline	Ratio Abnormality
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Spore Trap Information

Reporting Limit	The Reporting Limit is the lowest number of spores that can be detected based on the total volume of the sample collected and the percentage of the slide that is counted. At Hayes Microbial, 100% of the slide is read so the LOD is based solely on the total volume. Raw spore counts that exceed 500 spores will be estimated.										
Blanks	Results have not been corrected for field or laboratory blanks.										
Background	<p>The Background is the amount of debris that is present in the sample. This debris consists of skin cells, dirt, dust, pollen, drywall dust and other organic and non-organic matter. As the background density increases, the likelihood of spores, especially small spores such as those of <i>Aspergillus</i> and <i>Penicillium</i> may be obscured. The background is rated on a scale of 1 to 5 and each level is determined as follows:</p> <p>NBD: No background detected due to possible pump or cassette malfunction. Recollect sample. (Field Blanks will display NBD)</p> <p>1 : <5% of field occluded. No spores will be uncountable.</p> <p>2 : 5-25% of field occluded.</p> <p>3 : 25-75% of field occluded.</p> <p>4 : 75-90% of field occluded.</p> <p>5 : >90% of field occluded. Suggested recollection of sample.</p>										
Fragments	Fragments are small pieces of fungal mycelium or spores. They are not identifiable as to type and when present in very large numbers, may indicate the presence of mold amplification.										
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Color Coding	Fungi that are present in indoor samples at levels lower than 200 per cubic meter are not color coded on the report, unless they are one of the water damage indicators.										

Organism Descriptions

Ascospores	Habitat: A large group consisting of more than 3000 species of fungi. Common plant pathogens and outdoor numbers become very high following rain. Most of the genera are indistinguishable by spore trap analysis and are combined on the report.
	Effects: Health affects are poorly studied, but many are likely to be allergenic.

Aspergillus Penicillium	Habitat: The most common fungi isolated from the environment. Very common in soil and on decaying plant material. Are able to grow well indoors on a wide variety of substrates.
	Effects: This group contains common allergens and many can cause hypersensitivity pneumonitis. They may cause extrinsic asthma, and many are opportunistic pathogens. Many species produce mycotoxins which may be associated with disease in humans and other animals. Toxin production is dependent on the species, the food source, competition with other organisms, and other environmental conditions.

Basidiospores	Habitat: A common group of Fungi that includes the mushrooms and bracket fungi. They are saprophytes and plant pathogens. In wet conditions they can cause structural damage to buildings.
	Effects: Common allergens and are also associated with hypersensitivity pneumonitis.

Cladosporium	Habitat: One of the most common genera worldwide. Found in soil and plant debris and on the leaf surfaces of living plants. The outdoor numbers are lower in the winter and often relatively high in the summer, especially in high humidity. The outdoor numbers often spike in the late afternoon and evening. Indoors, it can be found growing on textiles, wood, sheetrock, moist window sills and in HVAC supply ducts.
	Effects: A common allergen, producing more than 10 allergenic antigens and a common cause of hypersensitivity pneumonitis.

Myxomycetes	Habitat: Found on decaying plant material and as a plant pathogen.
	Effects: Some allergenic properties reported, but generally pose no health concerns to humans.



Company: Global, Inc.
 Address: 1818 New York Avenue, Suite 217
Washington, DC 20002

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SHIP: FEDEX - BOX 50
 DATE: 03-01-2021



Job Number: 20-064
 Collector: Shane Prabuddha
 Date Collected: ~~02/10~~ 02/27/21

Job Name: IAQ Reinspection
LAMONT ES

Mobile: 443-691-0455 | Email: Channab@globalincusa.net
 Note:

Analysis Type	Analysis Description	Turnaround	Accepted Media Types
Spore Trap	S	24 Hour	Air Cassettes, Impact Slides
	S+	24 Hour	Air Cassettes, Impact Slides
Direct ID	D	24 Hour	Bio-Tape, Tape, Swab, Bulk, Agar Plate
	D+	24 Hour	Bio-Tape, Tape, Swab, Bulk, Agar Plate
Culture	C1	7 Day	Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk
	C2	4 Day	Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk
	C3	7 Day	Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk
	C5	2 Day	Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk
Particle	TPA	24 Hour	Air Cassettes, Impact Slides, Bio-Tape

#	Number	Sample	Analysis	Volume	Notes
1	01	Ambient	S	75L	T:50 RH:66 CO2:435 CO:0
2	02	Room 25	S	75L	T:87 RH:49 CO2:444 CO:0
3	03	Media Center	S	75L	T:58 RH:58 CO2:464 CO:0
4	04	Room 9	S	75L	T:73 RH:38 CO2: CO:0
5	05	Multi-Purpose Room	S	75L	T:49 RH:65 CO2:560 CO:0
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
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14					
15					
16					

Released by: Shane Prabuddha | Date: 02/27/21 | Received By: *CPD* | Date: 3/1/21

Analysis Report prepared for

Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave.
Suite 217
Washington, DC, 20002

Phone: (443) 691-0455

20-064
IAQ Reinspection
Lamont ES

Collected: **March 5, 2021**
Received: **March 8, 2021**
Reported: **March 8, 2021**

We would like to thank you for trusting Hayes Microbial for your analytical needs!
We received 2 samples by FedEx in good condition for this project on March 8th, 2021.

The results in this analysis pertain only to this job, collected on the stated date, and should not be used in the interpretation of any other job. This report may not be duplicated, except in full, without the written consent of Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC..

This laboratory bears no responsibility for sample collection activities, analytical method limitations, or your use of the test results. Interpretation and use of test results are your responsibility. Any reference to health effects or interpretation of mold levels is strictly the opinion of Hayes Microbial. In no event, shall Hayes Microbial or any of its employees be liable for lost profits or any special, incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use of these test results.



Steve Hayes, BSMT(ASCP)
Laboratory Director
Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC.



EPA Laboratory ID: VA01419



Lab ID: #188863



DPH License: #PH-0198

Sample Number	1 01			2 02				
Sample Name	Ambient			Room 9				
Sample Volume	75.00 liter			75.00 liter				
Reporting Limit	13 spores/m ³			13 spores/m ³				
Background	2			2				
Fragments	ND			ND				
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total		
Alternaria								
Ascospores	3	40	60.0%	1	13	100.0%		
Aspergillus Penicillium								
Basidiospores	2	27	40.0%					
Bipolaris Drechslera								
Chaetomium								
Cladosporium								
Curvularia								
Epicoccum								
Fusarium								
Memnoniella								
Myxomycetes								
Pithomyces								
Stachybotrys								
Stemphylium								
Torula								
Ulocladium								
Total	5	67	100%	1	13	100%		

Water Damage Indicator Common Allergen Slightly Higher than Baseline Significantly Higher than Baseline Ratio Abnormality



Collected: **Mar 5, 2021**

Received: **Mar 8, 2021**

Reported: **Mar 8, 2021**

Project Analyst:
Ramesh Poluri, PhD *P. Ramesh*

Date:
03 - 08 - 2021

Reviewed By:
Steve Hayes, BSMT *Stephen N. Hayes*

Date:
03 - 08 - 2021

Spore Trap Information

Reporting Limit	The Reporting Limit is the lowest number of spores that can be detected based on the total volume of the sample collected and the percentage of the slide that is counted. At Hayes Microbial, 100% of the slide is read so the LOD is based solely on the total volume. Raw spore counts that exceed 500 spores will be estimated.										
Blanks	Results have not been corrected for field or laboratory blanks.										
Background	<p>The Background is the amount of debris that is present in the sample. This debris consists of skin cells, dirt, dust, pollen, drywall dust and other organic and non-organic matter. As the background density increases, the likelihood of spores, especially small spores such as those of <i>Aspergillus</i> and <i>Penicillium</i> may be obscured. The background is rated on a scale of 1 to 5 and each level is determined as follows:</p> <p>NBD: No background detected due to possible pump or cassette malfunction. Recollect sample. (Field Blanks will display NBD)</p> <p>1 : <5% of field occluded. No spores will be uncountable.</p> <p>2 : 5-25% of field occluded.</p> <p>3 : 25-75% of field occluded.</p> <p>4 : 75-90% of field occluded.</p> <p>5 : >90% of field occluded. Suggested recollection of sample.</p>										
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Company: Global, Inc.
 Address: 1818 New York Avenue, Suite 217
Washington, DC 20002.

N

SHIP: FEDEX - ENV 50
 DATE: 03-08-2021

8160 4410 5689

MOLD

 21007756

Job Number: 20-064	Job Name: IAQ Reinspection <u>Lamont ES</u>
Collector: Shane Prabuddha	
Date Collected: <u>03/05/21</u>	

Mobile: 443-691-0455	Email: Channab@globalincusa.net
Note:	

Analysis Type	S	Analysis Description	Turnaround	Accepted Media Types
Spore Trap	S	Identification & Enumeration of Fungal Spores	24 Hour	Air Cassettes, Impact Slides
	S+	Spore Trap Analysis with Dander, Fiber, and Pollen counts	24 Hour	Air Cassettes, Impact Slides
Direct ID	D	ID & Semi-Quantative Enumeration of spores and mycelium	24 Hour	Bio-Tape, Tape, Swab, Bulk, Agar Plate
	D+	Direct Analysis with Fully Quantitative spore count	24 Hour	Bio-Tape, Tape, Swab, Bulk, Agar Plate
Culture	C1	Identification & Enumeration of Mold only	7 Day	Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk
	C2	Identification & Enumeration of Bacteria only	4 Day	Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk
	C3	Identification & Enumeration of Mold and Bacteria	7 Day	Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk
	C5	Coliform Screen for Sewage Bacteria	2 Day	Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk
Particle	TPA	Total Particulate Analysis, ID & Count (Does Not Include Mold)	24 Hour	Air Cassettes, Impact Slides, Bio-Tape

#	Number	Sample	Analysis	Volume	Notes
1	<u>01</u>	<u>Ambient</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>7SL</u>	<u>↑53 RH: 23 CO2: 412 CO: 0</u>
2	<u>02</u>	<u>Room 9</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>7SL</u>	<u>↑49 RH: 34 CO2: 407 CO: 0</u>
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					

Released by: Shane Prabuddha	Date: <u>03/05/21</u>	Received By:	Date: <u>3.8.21</u>
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