



Windjammer Environmental LLC
6710 Oxon Hill Road
Suite 210
Oxon Hill, MD 20745
(888) 270-8387
info@wjenviro.com

February 1, 2021

Alex Baylor
Environmental Specialist
PGCPS Environmental Safety Office
13306 Old Marlboro Pike
Upper Marlboro, MD 20772
Alex.baylor@pgcps.org

Re: IAQ and Mold Assessment Report
Prince George's County Public Schools
PG County Schools 2021 Oxon Hill Middle School

Dear Mr. Baylor,

Windjammer Environmental LLC (Windjammer) was contracted to conduct a visual assessment, measure indoor air quality (IAQ) parameters and sample for mold in a limited number of areas at the PG County Oxon Hill Middle School at 9570 Fort Foote Road, Fort Washington, MD 20744. This assessment is intended to check on effectiveness of operations activities that are focused on preventing conditions that can lead to the development of an environment which is historically associated with an increase in reports of poor IAQ. This assessment was conducted by Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH) Daniel Farcas on Jan 25, 2021. Building access was facilitated by maintenance personnel Charles Sellman.

This assessment included:

- Measurement of temperature, relative humidity, carbon dioxide (CO₂) and carbon monoxide (CO)
- Collection of nonviable airborne mold samples; and
- Visual assessment of select areas.

Methods

A TSI IAQ-Calc Model 7545 was used to measure temperature, relative humidity, carbon dioxide (CO₂) and carbon monoxide (CO).

Air samples for non-viable airborne fungi were collected on Air-O-Cell cassettes using a Zefon Bio-Pump Plus portable sampler calibrated to collect 15 liters of air per minute (lpm). The sampling period for the all samples was five minutes.

Direct read instrumentation used were calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications prior to the start of this assessment.

All samples collected were hand delivered to and analyzed by EMSL Analytical of Beltsville, MD. EMSL Analytical is accredited by the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) for microbial analysis and participates in the Environmental Microbiology Laboratory Accreditation Program (EMLAP).

Guidance

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration's (OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) are the only enforceable regulatory standards for indoor air quality. However, other organizations such as the American Society of Heating Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) have developed widely accepted consensus standards that can be used to assess the suitability of indoor air quality.

ASHRAE Standards

62.1-2013 and 55-2013 are consensus standards that outline acceptable practices for the design of ventilation systems in commercial and residential structures. Both documents were developed "to specify minimum ventilation rates and indoor air quality that will be acceptable to human occupants and are intended to minimize the potential for adverse health effects." The standards also consider chemical, physical, and biological contaminants and other factors that impact indoor air quality and affect occupant health and comfort.

ASHRAE 55-2013 recommends temperature and relative humidity ranges that are considered suitable for indoor air quality. Recommended ranges are as follows:

- Temperature be maintained between 67 and 82 degrees Fahrenheit (°F)
- Relative humidity to be maintained below 65%

Carbon Dioxide

CO₂ is widely used as a surrogate gas in the assessment of indoor air quality. It is a byproduct of respiration and can be used to determine the effectiveness and/or management of building ventilation systems. Based on ASHRAE recommendations, indoor CO₂ concentrations that are below 1000 parts per million (ppm) or have a differential of less than 700 ppm compared to outside concentrations are considered to be suitable.

For example, if outside CO₂ concentrations are measured at 380 ppm, then indoor CO₂ concentrations measured up to 1080 ppm would be considered suitable.

Carbon Monoxide

OSHA has established a PEL for CO of 35 ppm over a time weighted average (TWA) of 8 hours and a ceiling CO exposure limit of 200 ppm in a five-minute period. ASHARE has adopted the EPA National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) for CO of 9 ppm when evaluating indoor air quality. In nonindustrial settings, the NAAQS standard is commonly used to assess the suitability of IAQ.

Nonviable Airborne Fungi (Mold)

There are no set regulatory limits established for acceptable airborne fungi levels. However, indoor levels within schools and offices are generally lower than outdoor levels. The distribution of airborne species of fungi found in indoor air is expected to be similar in proportion to outside distributions. The type and concentrations of the airborne microorganisms can be used to determine if there is a potential hazard to occupants which requires action.

Findings

Indoor Air Quality

Indoor air quality measurements collected were satisfactory with respect to temperature, relative humidity, carbon dioxide (CO₂), and carbon monoxide (CO). Recorded indoor air quality results are summarized in the following Table.

Measurement Location	Temperature (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	CO₂ (ppm)	CO (ppm)
Cafeteria*	63.6	33.2	430	0.0
Hallway next to Cafeteria	69.3	19.7	419	0.0
Room D*	71.1	18.9	425	0.0
Room 2*	71.9	17.3	402	0.0
Hallway next to Room 2	71.3	19.8	417	0.0
Gymnasium*	68.2	19.8	404	0.0
Hallway next to Gymnasium	69.3	19.7	419	0.0
Room 4*	68.5	19.0	409	0.0
Library*	72.5	19.0	443	0.0
Computer Room	72.8	18.2	410	0.0
Room 205*	70.2	18.3	411	0.0
Hallway next to Room 205	68.2	20.3	405	0.0
Room 208*	68.2	19.9	410	0.0
Hallway next to Room 208	67.2	20.4	433	0.0
Outside Main Entrance*	36.7	34.2	404	0.0

ppm – parts per million

* - spore-trap sample

Non-viable Airborne Fungi Sampling

Measured total indoor airborne fungi concentrations were determined have a normal ecology and with indoor airborne fungi concentrations lower than measured total outdoor fungi concentrations at this time. A complete laboratory analysis report is available for viewing in Attachment A.

Visual Assessment

A walk-through of the hallways and a limited number of classrooms and public areas was carried out. No bathrooms, staff offices, mechanical rooms, kitchen areas or storage areas were visited. The school was not in session at the time of the inspection.

The school was free of evidence of current water intrusion or any unexpected odors. The floors, walls and ceiling tiles observed were in acceptable condition. The housekeeping was acceptable.

Conclusions & Recommendations

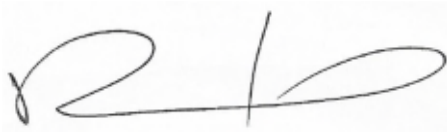
Indoor air quality spore trap measurements collected in all areas assessed were less than the levels measured outside the building and with the same predominate spore types found. This is an indication that the spores sampled in the rooms assessed are more likely to be originating in the outdoor environment rather than an interior source - reducing the chance of undetected overgrowth or colonization in the building. While there are no standards for airborne levels of mold, this approach of comparing indoor to outdoor, and looking at the species found, is one tool identified by organizations such as the American Industrial Hygiene Association when identifying assessment methods and improvement measurement in indoor air quality. Please note the following considerations for improvement.

- Identify the cause of any staining on ceiling tiles and fix
- Clean or paint HVAC grilles that are dirty or have become corroded

At this time, no other recommendations are provided.

Windjammer appreciates the opportunity to provide this indoor air quality assessment. If you have any questions or comments, please feel free to contact us at (888) 270 - 8387.

Best regards,



Damien Hammond Sr, MS, CSP, CIH
President



Daniel Farcas, CIH, CSP, CHMM
Senior Certified Industrial Hygienist

Attachment A: Microbial Laboratory Report (Air)

Attachment A



EMSL Analytical, Inc.

200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077
Tel/Fax: (800) 220-3675 / (856) 786-0262
<http://www.EMSL.com> / cinmicrolab@emsl.com

EMSL Order: 372101206
Customer ID: WJEN42
Customer PO:
Project ID:

Attention: Damien Hammond
Windjammer Environmental
6710 Oxon Hill Rd
National Harbor, MD 20745

Phone: (888) 270-8387
Fax:
Collected Date: 01/25/2021
Received Date: 01/27/2021 10:30 AM
Analyzed Date: 01/28/2021

Project: PG County Schools 2021 Oxon Hill MS

Test Report: Air-O-Cell™ Analysis of Fungal Spores & Particulates by Optical Microscopy (Methods MICRO-SOP-201, ASTM D7391)

Lab Sample Number:	372101206-0001			372101206-0002			372101206-0003		
Client Sample ID:	1			2			3		
Volume (L):	75			75			75		
Sample Location:	Cafeteria			Room D			Room 2		
Spore Types	Raw Count	Count/M ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count/M ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count/M ³	% of Total
Alternaria (Ulocladium)	-	-	-	3	100	40	-	-	-
Ascospores	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	40	22.2
Aspergillus/Penicillium	2	90	69.2	1	40	16	1	40	22.2
Basidiospores	1	40	30.8	3	100	40	3	100	55.6
Bipolaris++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chaetomium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cladosporium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curvularia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Epicoccum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fusarium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ganoderma	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Myxomycetes++	-	-	-	1*	10*	4	-	-	-
Pithomyces++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rust	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scopulariopsis/Microascus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stachybotrys/Memnoniella	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unidentifiable Spores	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zygomycetes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Fungi	3	130	100	8	250	100	5	180	100
Hyphal Fragment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insect Fragment	-	-	-	1*	10*	-	-	-	-
Pollen	-	-	-	1*	10*	-	-	-	-
Analyt. Sensitivity 600x	-	44	-	-	44	-	-	44	-
Analyt. Sensitivity 300x	-	13*	-	-	13*	-	-	13*	-
Skin Fragments (1-4)	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	3	-
Fibrous Particulate (1-4)	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Background (1-5)	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	1	-

++ Includes other spores with similar morphology; see EMSL's fungal glossary for each specific category.

Vincent Iuzzolino, M.S., Laboratory Manager
or other Approved Signatory

No discernable field blank was submitted with this group of samples.

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. The report reflects the samples as received. Results are generated from the field sampling data (sampling volumes and areas, locations, etc.) provided by the client on the Chain of Custody. Samples are within quality control criteria and met method specifications unless otherwise noted. High levels of background particulate can obscure spores and other particulates, leading to underestimation. Background levels of 5 indicate an overloading of background particulates, prohibiting accurate detection and quantification. Present = Spores detected on overloaded samples. Results are not blank corrected unless otherwise noted. The detection limit is equal to one fungal spore, structure, pollen, fiber particle or insect fragment. "*" Denotes particles found at 300X. "-" Denotes not detected. Due to method stopping rules, raw counts in excess of 100 are extrapolated based on the percentage analyzed.
Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Cinnaminson, NJ AIHA-LAP, LLC-EMLAP Accredited #100194

Initial report from: 01/28/2021 03:26 PM

For information on the fungi listed in this report, please visit the Resources section at www.emsl.com



EMSL Analytical, Inc.

200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077
Tel/Fax: (800) 220-3675 / (856) 786-0262
<http://www.EMSL.com> / cinmicrolab@emsl.com

EMSL Order: 372101206
Customer ID: WJEN42
Customer PO:
Project ID:

Attention: Damien Hammond
Windjammer Environmental
6710 Oxon Hill Rd
National Harbor, MD 20745

Phone: (888) 270-8387
Fax:
Collected Date: 01/25/2021
Received Date: 01/27/2021 10:30 AM
Analyzed Date: 01/28/2021

Project: PG County Schools 2021 Oxon Hill MS

Test Report: Air-O-Cell™ Analysis of Fungal Spores & Particulates by Optical Microscopy (Methods MICRO-SOP-201, ASTM D7391)

Lab Sample Number: Client Sample ID: Volume (L): Sample Location:	372101206-0004			372101206-0005			372101206-0006		
	Raw Count	Count/M³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count/M³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count/M³	% of Total
Gym				Room 4			Library		
Spore Types									
Alternaria (Ulocladium)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ascospores	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aspergillus/Penicillium	2	90	50	-	-	-	-	-	-
Basidiospores	2	90	50	1	40	66.7	-	-	-
Bipolaris++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chaetomium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cladosporium	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	90	90
Curvularia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Epicoccum	-	-	-	1*	10*	16.7	-	-	-
Fusarium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ganoderma	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Myxomycetes++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pithomyces++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rust	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scopulariopsis/Microascus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stachybotrys/Memnoniella	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unidentifiable Spores	-	-	-	1*	10*	16.7	1*	10*	10
Zygomycetes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Fungi	4	180	100	3	60	100	3	100	100
Hyphal Fragment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insect Fragment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pollen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Analyt. Sensitivity 600x	-	44	-	-	44	-	-	44	-
Analyt. Sensitivity 300x	-	13*	-	-	13*	-	-	13*	-
Skin Fragments (1-4)	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	3	-
Fibrous Particulate (1-4)	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Background (1-5)	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-

++ Includes other spores with similar morphology; see EMSL's fungal glossary for each specific category.

Vincent Iuzzolino, M.S., Laboratory Manager
or other Approved Signatory

No discernable field blank was submitted with this group of samples.

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. The report reflects the samples as received. Results are generated from the field sampling data (sampling volumes and areas, locations, etc.) provided by the client on the Chain of Custody. Samples are within quality control criteria and met method specifications unless otherwise noted. High levels of background particulate can obscure spores and other particulates, leading to underestimation. Background levels of 5 indicate an overloading of background particulates, prohibiting accurate detection and quantification. Present = Spores detected on overloaded samples. Results are not blank corrected unless otherwise noted. The detection limit is equal to one fungal spore, structure, pollen, fiber particle or insect fragment. "*" Denotes particles found at 300X. "-" Denotes not detected. Due to method stopping rules, raw counts in excess of 100 are extrapolated based on the percentage analyzed.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Cinnaminson, NJ AIHA-LAP, LLC-EMLAP Accredited #100194

Initial report from: 01/28/2021 03:26 PM

For information on the fungi listed in this report, please visit the Resources section at www.emsl.com



EMSL Analytical, Inc.

200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077
Tel/Fax: (800) 220-3675 / (856) 786-0262
<http://www.EMSL.com> / cinmicrolab@emsl.com

EMSL Order: 372101206
Customer ID: WJEN42
Customer PO:
Project ID:

Attention: Damien Hammond
Windjammer Environmental
6710 Oxon Hill Rd
National Harbor, MD 20745

Phone: (888) 270-8387
Fax:
Collected Date: 01/25/2021
Received Date: 01/27/2021 10:30 AM
Analyzed Date: 01/28/2021

Project: PG County Schools 2021 Oxon Hill MS

Test Report: Air-O-Cell™ Analysis of Fungal Spores & Particulates by Optical Microscopy (Methods MICRO-SOP-201, ASTM D7391)

Lab Sample Number: Client Sample ID: Volume (L): Sample Location:	372101206-0007			372101206-0008			372101206-0009		
	Raw Count	Count/M³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count/M³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count/M³	% of Total
7 75 Room 104				8 75 Room 205			9 75 Room 207		
Spore Types	Raw Count	Count/M³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count/M³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count/M³	% of Total
Alternaria (Ulocladium)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ascospores	1	40	22.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Aspergillus/Penicillium	2	90	50	1	40	50	-	-	-
Basidiospores	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	40	30.8
Bipolaris++	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chaetomium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cladosporium	1	40	22.2	1	40	50	1	40	30.8
Curvularia	-	-	-	-	-	-	1*	10*	7.7
Epicoccum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fusarium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ganoderma	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Myxomycetes++	1*	10*	5.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pithomyces++	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	40	30.8
Rust	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scopulariopsis/Microascus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stachybotrys/Memnoniella	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unidentifiable Spores	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zygomycetes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Fungi	5	180	100	2	80	100	4	130	100
Hyphal Fragment	-	-	-	-	-	-	1*	10*	-
Insect Fragment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pollen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Analyt. Sensitivity 600x	-	44	-	-	44	-	-	44	-
Analyt. Sensitivity 300x	-	13*	-	-	13*	-	-	13*	-
Skin Fragments (1-4)	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	3	-
Fibrous Particulate (1-4)	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Background (1-5)	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	2	-

++ Includes other spores with similar morphology; see EMSL's fungal glossary for each specific category.

Vincent Iuzzolino, M.S., Laboratory Manager
or other Approved Signatory

No discernable field blank was submitted with this group of samples.

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. The report reflects the samples as received. Results are generated from the field sampling data (sampling volumes and areas, locations, etc.) provided by the client on the Chain of Custody. Samples are within quality control criteria and met method specifications unless otherwise noted. High levels of background particulate can obscure spores and other particulates, leading to underestimation. Background levels of 5 indicate an overloading of background particulates, prohibiting accurate detection and quantification. Present = Spores detected on overloaded samples. Results are not blank corrected unless otherwise noted. The detection limit is equal to one fungal spore, structure, pollen, fiber particle or insect fragment. "*" Denotes particles found at 300X. "-" Denotes not detected. Due to method stopping rules, raw counts in excess of 100 are extrapolated based on the percentage analyzed.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Cinnaminson, NJ AIHA-LAP, LLC-EMLAP Accredited #100194

Initial report from: 01/28/2021 03:26 PM

For information on the fungi listed in this report, please visit the Resources section at www.emsl.com



EMSL Analytical, Inc.

200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077
Tel/Fax: (800) 220-3675 / (856) 786-0262
<http://www.EMSL.com> / cinmicrolab@emsl.com

EMSL Order: 372101206
Customer ID: WJEN42
Customer PO:
Project ID:

Attention: Damien Hammond
Windjammer Environmental
6710 Oxon Hill Rd
National Harbor, MD 20745

Phone: (888) 270-8387
Fax:
Collected Date: 01/25/2021
Received Date: 01/27/2021 10:30 AM
Analyzed Date: 01/28/2021

Project: PG County Schools 2021 Oxon Hill MS

Test Report: Air-O-Cell™ Analysis of Fungal Spores & Particulates by Optical Microscopy (Methods MICRO-SOP-201, ASTM D7391)

Lab Sample Number:	372101206-0010		
Client Sample ID:	10		
Volume (L):	75		
Sample Location:	Outside		
Spore Types	Raw Count	Count/M³	% of Total
Alternaria (Ullocladium)	-	-	-
Ascospores	-	-	-
Aspergillus/Penicillium	2	90	30
Basidiospores	4	200	66.7
Bipolaris++	-	-	-
Chaetomium	-	-	-
Cladosporium	-	-	-
Curvularia	-	-	-
Epicoccum	-	-	-
Fusarium	-	-	-
Ganoderma	-	-	-
Myxomycetes++	1*	10*	3.3
Pithomyces++	-	-	-
Rust	-	-	-
Scopulariopsis/Microascus	-	-	-
Stachybotrys/Memnoniella	-	-	-
Unidentifiable Spores	-	-	-
Zygomycetes	-	-	-
Total Fungi	7	300	100
Hyphal Fragment	1	40	-
Insect Fragment	-	-	-
Pollen	-	-	-
Analyt. Sensitivity 600x	-	44	-
Analyt. Sensitivity 300x	-	13*	-
Skin Fragments (1-4)	-	1	-
Fibrous Particulate (1-4)	-	1	-
Background (1-5)	-	1	-

++ Includes other spores with similar morphology; see EMSL's fungal glossary for each specific category.

Vincent Iuzzolino, M.S., Laboratory Manager
or other Approved Signatory

No discernable field blank was submitted with this group of samples.

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. The report reflects the samples as received. Results are generated from the field sampling data (sampling volumes and areas, locations, etc.) provided by the client on the Chain of Custody. Samples are within quality control criteria and met method specifications unless otherwise noted. High levels of background particulate can obscure spores and other particulates, leading to underestimation. Background levels of 5 indicate an overloading of background particulates, prohibiting accurate detection and quantification. Present = Spores detected on overloaded samples. Results are not blank corrected unless otherwise noted. The detection limit is equal to one fungal spore, structure, pollen, fiber particle or insect fragment. "*" Denotes particles found at 300X. "-" Denotes not detected. Due to method stopping rules, raw counts in excess of 100 are extrapolated based on the percentage analyzed.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Cinnaminson, NJ AIHA-LAP, LLC-EMLAP Accredited #100194

Initial report from: 01/28/2021 03:26 PM

For information on the fungi listed in this report, please visit the Resources section at www.emsl.com

