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February 22, 2021

Prince Georges County Environmental Safety Office 13306 Old Marlboro Pike Upper Marlboro, MD 20772

Attention: Mr. Alex Baylor

RE: Indoor Air Quality Screening Report

Global Project Number: 20-064

School: Port Towns Elementary School

Dear Mr. Baylor,

On January 26, 2021, Global Inc.'s (GLOBAL) team of Industrial Hygienists under the supervision of Certified Industrial Hygienist, Dr. Channa Bambaradeniya, conducted an Indoor Air Quality Screening at Port Towns Elementary School located at 4351 58th Ave, Bladensburg, MD 20710.

Methodology

The IAQ evaluation included a visual assessment, sampling for non-viable mold spores in air, and measurement of comfort parameters (temperature, humidity, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide) in randomly selected representative locations within the building. GLOBAL's inspector conducted a walkthrough with Prince Georges County Public School (PGCPS) personnel present. Rooms were selected in a random manner throughout the building so as to prevent sampling bias.

During the visual assessment of representative locations, and when noted, GLOBAL documented those areas with suspected mold growth, water intrusions, and wet conditions that have the potential to lead to mold growth. GLOBAL also noted any unusual odors. At least one microbial air sample was collected for every 10,000 Square Feet (SF) of space in the building and the analytical results for the interior spaces were compared to an outdoor (ambient) sample collected on the same day.

Microbial samples (including a field blank for quality control) were delivered under strict chain-of-custody procedures were to Hayes Microbial Consulting - an AIHA EMPAT-certified laboratory in Midlothian, Virginia for analysis by microscopy. The sample chain-of-custody and laboratory report is attached.



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Observations

The general observations in the seven indoor locations inspected are summarized in Table 1 below:

Table 1: Observations

Location	Observations
Conference room 103	No issues
Room 100	Warped ceiling tiles
Multipurpose room	No issues
Room 1013	Warped ceiling tiles
Room 2010	No issues
Room 2036	No issues
Room 2031	No issues

Comfort Parameter Measurements and Mold-in-Air Sample Results

The comfort parameter measurements and status of fungal ecology is summarized in Table 2.

Temperature

The American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) have published recommendations for year-round acceptable temperatures in Standard 55-2016 (*Thermal Environmental Conditions for Human Occupancy*). The winter comfort range is 68 to 75°F and the summer comfort range is 73 to 79°F. It is important to note that ASHRAE standards are intended as a suggested guideline as opposed to a regulation. The indoor temperature readings of room 100, and conference room were below the ASHRAE Standard for winter.

Relative Humidity (RH)

Relative humidity is a key factor for mold growth. Mold has the potential of growing on suitable surfaces with humidity levels above 60%. ASHRAE standard 62.1-2013 (*Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality*) recommends a maximum indoor relative humidity of 65% to preclude the likelihood of condensation on cool surfaces encouraging mold growth. All the indoor relative humidity readings were below the maximum ASHRAE recommended level of 65%.

Carbon Monoxide

Carbon monoxide (CO) is a colorless and odorless gas that is produced by the incomplete combustion of carbon-containing fuels. Oil, gasoline, diesel fuels, wood, coke, and coal are the major sources of CO. All registered CO concentrations were below the EPA National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) of 9 ppm.



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Carbon Dioxide

Under conditions of maximum occupancy, ASHRAE Standard 62.1-2013, Appendix C, infers that the acceptable carbon dioxide upper limit is the prevailing outdoor carbon dioxide concentration plus 700 parts per million (ppm). On January 26, 2021, the outdoor (ambient) carbon dioxide concentration was approximately 423 ppm so indoor concentrations should not exceed approximately 1123 ppm (700 + 423). All indoor carbon dioxide measurements were within the ASHRAE standards.

Mold-in-Air Samples

There are no definitive regulations or standardized guidelines for addressing airborne mold in an indoor setting. If building systems (ventilation, envelope) are functioning properly, the indoor fungal ecology profile should be consistent with what is encountered outdoors and the spore concentrations should be below the ambient levels.

The analytical results of indoor air samples collected from room 2031 on January 26, 2021 indicates elevated presence of *Cladosporium*. The horizontal surfaces of Room 2031 were thoroughly recleaned, and air scrubbers with HEPA filters were operated for 24-36 hours. Subsequently, Room 2031 was reinspected on February 15, 2021, and the analytical results of air samples collected indicated normal fungal ecology. Laboratory analytical results are attached at the end of this report.

Table 2: Air Quality Results (Inspected on January 26, 2021)

Sample Location	Temp ⁰ F	RH%	CO ppm	CO2 ppm	Normal Fungal
Standards	ASHRAE 68 to 75°F	ASHRAE <65%	NAAQS <9	ASHRAE 1093	Ecology?
Ambient	37.6	31.2	0	423	Yes
Conference room 103	60.4	49.7	0	452	Yes
Room 100	65.9	43.3	0	402	Yes
Multipurpose room	67.9	32.0	0	413	Yes
Room 1013	70.5	39.3	0	396	Yes
Room 2010	70.6	51.0	0	411	Yes
Room 2036	70.9	43.2	0	424	Yes
Room 2031	70.2	51.0	0	415	No



Table 3: Air Quality Results (Inspected on February 15, 2021)

Sample Location Standards	Temp ⁰ F ASHRAE 68 to 75°F	RH% ASHRAE <65%	CO ppm NAAQS <9	CO2 ppm ASHRAE 1142	Normal Fungal Ecology?
Ambient	59	33	0	442	Yes
Room 2031	49	51	0	670	Yes

Conclusions and Recommendations

Among the comfort parameters measured, the indoor temperature readings from room 100 and conference room were below the range of the ASHRAE recommended range for winter. The indoor temperature should be maintained at the ASHRAE recommended range for general comfort.

The indoor mold samples collected from room 2031 indicates an elevated presence of *Cladosporium* during the screening performed on January 26, 2021, while the other mold sample was found to have a normal fungal ecology for an indoor environment. Room 2031 was thoroughly recleaned and subsequently reinspected on February 15, 2021. The reinspection air sample analytical results indicated normal fungal ecology for Room 2031.

It has been our pleasure to conduct these IAQ Screening services for the Prince Georges County Public School system. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact us.

Regards,

Channa Bambaradeniya, Ph.D., CIH, CSP, CHMM Certified Industrial Hygienist

Global, Inc.

Mobile: 443-691-0455



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ATTACHMENT I

Air Sample Analytical Results and Chain-Of-Custody Form





Analysis Report prepared for

Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002

Phone: (443) 691-0455

BB203 Indoor Air Quality Assessment PGCPS - Ports Town ES

Collected: January 26, 2021 Received: January 27, 2021 Reported: January 27, 2021 We would like to thank you for trusting Hayes Microbial for your analytical needs!
We received 8 samples by FedEx in good condition for this project on January 27th, 2021.

The results in this analysis pertain only to this job, collected on the stated date, and should not be used in the interpretation of any other job. This report may not be duplicated, except in full, without the written consent of Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC..

This laboratory bears no responsibility for sample collection activities, analytical method limitations, or your use of the test results. Interpretation and use of test results are your responsibility. Any reference to health effects or interpretation of mold levels is strictly the opinion of Hayes Microbial. In no event, shall Hayes Microbial or any of its employees be liable for lost profits or any special, incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use of these test results.

Steve Hayes, BSMT(ASCP)
Laboratory Director

Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC.



EPA Laboratory ID: VA01419



plan N. Hayes

Lab ID: #188863



DPH License: #PH-0198

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455

BB203

Indoor Air Quality Assessment PGCPS - Ports Town ES

#21003026

Spore Trap SOP - HMC#101

PTES-0125-01 2 PTES-0125-02 3 PTES-0125-03 PTES-0125-04 Sample Number 1 4 Sample Name Conference Room 103 **Room 100** Ambient Multi Purpose Room 75.00 liter 75.00 liter 75.00 liter 75.00 liter Sample Volume Reporting Limit 13 spores/m3 13 spores/m³ 13 spores/m³ 13 spores/m³ 2 Background ND ND ND ND Fragments Count / m3 Count / m3 Count / m3 **Raw Count** % of Total % of Total Count / m³ % of Total % of Total Organism **Raw Count Raw Count Raw Count** Alternaria 53 13 2 27 2 27 Ascospores 4 80.0% 1 50.0% 66.7% 20.0% Aspergillus|Penicillium 1 13 1 **Basidiospores** 13 20.0% 1 50.0% 13 33.3% 13 10.0% Bipolaris|Drechslera Chaetomium 6 Cladosporium 80 60.0% Curvularia 13 **Epicoccum** 1 10.0% Fusarium Memnoniella Myxomycetes Pithomyces Stachybotrys Stemphylium Torula Ulocladium 5 26 Total 66 100% 2 100% 3 40 100% 10 133 100%

Water Damage Indicator

Common Allergen

Slightly Higher than Baseline

Significantly Higher than Baseline

Ratio Abnormality



Collected: Jan 26, 2021

Project Analyst:

Ramesh Poluri, PhD

Received: Jan 27, 2021

01 - 27 - 2021

Reviewed By:

Reported: Jan 27, 2021

Steve Hayes, BSMT Stephen N. Hayes

Date: 01 - 27 - 2021

3005 East Boundary Terrace, Suite F. Midlothian, VA. 23112

(804) 562-3435

contact@hayesmicrobial.com

Page: 2 of 5

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455

BB203

Indoor Air Quality Assessment PGCPS - Ports Town ES

#21003026

Spore Trap SOP - HMC#101

PTES-0125-05 PTES-0125-06 7 PTES-0125-07 PTES-0125-08 Sample Number 5 6 8 Sample Name **Room 1013 Room 2010 Room 2036 Room 2031** 75.00 liter 75.00 liter 75.00 liter 75.00 liter Sample Volume Reporting Limit 13 spores/m3 13 spores/m³ 13 spores/m³ 13 spores/m³ 2 2 Background ND ND ND ND Fragments Count / m3 Count / m³ Count / m3 **Raw Count** % of Total **Raw Count** % of Total Count / m³ % of Total % of Total Organism **Raw Count Raw Count** 13 Alternaria 1 50.0% 13 13 13 Ascospores 1 100.0% 1 50.0% 1 13 25.0% 1 2.4% Aspergillus|Penicillium **Basidiospores** Bipolaris|Drechslera Chaetomium 3 Cladosporium 40 75.0% 40 533 97.6% Curvularia **Epicoccum** Fusarium Memnoniella Myxomycetes Pithomyces Stachybotrys Stemphylium Torula Ulocladium 26 Total 1 13 100% 2 100% 53 100% 41 546 100%

Water Damage Indicator

Collected: Jan 26, 2021

Project Analyst:

Ramesh Poluri, PhD

Common Allergen

Received: Jan 27, 2021

Reported: Jan 27, 2021

Significantly Higher than Baseline

Date:

Slightly Higher than Baseline

01 - 27 - 2021

Reviewed By:

Steve Hayes, BSMT Stephen N. Hayes

Date:

Ratio Abnormality

01 - 27 - 2021

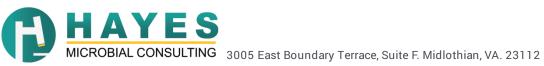
1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455

BB203 Indoor Air Quality Assessment PGCPS - Ports Town ES

#21003026

Spore Trap Information

Reporting Limit	The Reporting Limit is the lowest number of spores that can be detected based on the total volume of the sample collected and the percentage of the slide that is counted. At Hayes Microbial, 100% of the slide is read so the LOD is based solely on the total volume. Raw spore counts that exceed 500 spores will be estimated.
Blanks	Results have not been corrected for field or laboratory blanks.
Background	The Background is the amount of debris that is present in the sample. This debris consists of skin cells, dirt, dust, pollen, drywall dust and other organic and non-organic matter. As the background density increases, the likelihood of spores, especially small spores such as those of Aspergillus and Penicillium may be obscured. The background is rated on a scale of 1 to 5 and each level is determined as follows:
	 NBD: No background detected due to possible pump or cassette malfunction. Recollect sample. (Field Blanks will display NBD) 1: <5% of field occluded. No spores will be uncountable. 2: 5-25% of field occluded. 3: 25-75% of field occluded. 4: 75-90% of field occluded. 5: >90% of field occluded. Suggested recollection of sample.
Fragments	Fragments are small pieces of fungal mycelium or spores. They are not identifiable as to type and when present in very large numbers, may indicate the presence of mold amplification.
Control Comparisons	There are no national standards for the numbers of fungal spores that may be present in the indoor environment. As a general rule and guideline that is widely accepted in the indoor air quality field, the numbers and types of spores that are present in the indoor environment should not exceed those that are present outdoors at any given time. There will always be some mold spores present in "normal" indoor environments. The purpose of sampling and counting spores is to help determine whether an abnormal condition exists within the indoor environment and if it does, to help pinpoint the area of contamination. Spore counts should not be used as the sole determining factor of mold contamination. There are many factors that can cause anomalies in the comparison of indoor and outdoor samples due to the dynamic nature of both of those environments.
Water Damage Indicator	Blue: These molds are commonly seen in conditions of prolonged water intrusion and usually indicate a problem.
Common Allergen	Green: Although all molds are potential allergens, these are the most common allergens that may be found indoors.
Slightly Higher than Baseline	Orange: The spore count is slightly higher than the outside count and may or may not indicate a source of contamination. Red: The spore count is significantly higher than the baseline count and probably indicates a source of contamination.
Significantly Higher than Baseline	
Ratio Abnormality	Violet: The types of spores found indoors should be similar to the ones that were identified in the baseline sample. Significant increases (more than 25%) in the ratio of a particular spore type may indicate the presence of abnormal levels of mold, even if the total number of spores of that type is lower in the indoor environment than it was outdoors.
Color Coding	Fungi that are present in indoor samples at levels lower than 200 per cubic meter are not color coded on the report, unless they are one of the water damag indicators.



1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455

BB203 Indoor Air Quality Assessment PGCPS - Ports Town ES

#21003026

Organism Descriptions

Alternaria	Habitat: Effects:	Commonly found outdoors in soil and decaying plants. Indoors, it is commonly found on window sills and other horizontal surfaces. A common allergen and has been associated with hypersensitivity pneumonitis. Alternaria is capable of producing toxic metabolites which may be associated with disease in humans or animals. Occasionally an agent of onychomycosis, ulcerated cutaneous infection and chronic sinusitis, principally in the immunocompromised patient.
Ascospores	Habitat: Effects:	A large group consisting of more than 3000 species of fungi. Common plant pathogens and outdoor numbers become very high following rain. Most of the genera are indistinguishable by spore trap analysis and are combined on the report. Health affects are poorly studied, but many are likely to be allergenic.
Basidiospores	Habitat: Effects:	A common group of Fungi that includes the mushrooms and bracket fungi. They are saprophytes and plant pathogens. In wet conditions they can cause structural damage to buildings. Common allergens and are also associated with hypersensitivity pneumonitis.
Cladosporium	Habitat:	One of the most common genera worldwide. Found in soil and plant debris and on the leaf surfaces of living plants. The outdoor numbers are lower in the winter and often relatively high in the summer, especially in high humidity. The outdoor numbers often spike in the late afternoon and evening. Indoors, it can be found growing on textiles, wood, sheetrock, moist window sills and in HVAC supply ducts. A common allergen, producing more than 10 allergenic antigens and a common cause of hypersensitivity pneumonitis.
Epicoccum	Habitat: Effects:	It is found in soil and plant litter and is a plant pathogen. It can grow indoors on a variety of substrates, including paper and textiles and is commonly found on wet drywall. It is a common allergen. No cases of infection have been reported in humans.





Company: _

Address:

SHIP: FEDEX - BOX 50 DATE: 01-27-2021

8160 4410 5586

MOLD 21003026

Job Number: BB203 Job Name: Indoor Air Quality Assessment-Collector: Shanka Dissanayake PGCPS-Ports Town ES

Mobile:

443-691-0455

Email:

channab@globalincusa.net

Date Collected: 012621		yanto				<u> </u>		Jule. 443-69	91-0455	Email: channab@globalincusa.net		
							Not	e:				
Analysis			Analysis Description				Turnaround		Accepted Media Types			
Spore Trap	S		ation & Enumeration of Fungal Spores					Hour	Air Cassettes, Impact Slides			
	S+			Dander, Fiber, and Po			24 Hour			ettes, Impact Slides		
Direct ID D ID & Sem				meration of spores a			24	Hour	Bio-Tape	e, Tape, Swab, Bulk, Agar Plate		
D+ Direct An			is with Fully	Quantitative spore co	ount		24	Hour		e, Tape, Swab, Bulk, Agar Plate		
Culture C1 Identific			& Enumerat	ion of Mold only			7 0	Day	Air Plate	, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk		
	C2 Identificat			on of Bacteria only			4 [Day	Air Plate,	, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk		
	C3	Identification	& Enumerat	on of Mold and Bacte	eria		7 0	ay	Air Plate,	, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk		
C5 Coliform S			en for Sewa	ge Bacteria			2 D	ay	Agar Plat	te, Swab, Bulk		
Particle	TPA	Total Particula	ate Analysis,	ID & Count (Does No	ot Include Mold)		24	Hour	Air Cassettes, Impact Slides, Bio-Tape			
# No	umber			Sample	•	Analysis		Volume	1	Notes		
1 PTES-0126-01		Ambient	nbient					75 L				
2 PTES-0126-02		Conferen	Conference Room 103			S		75 L				
3 PTES	S-0126-03	Room 100	m 100			S		75 L				
4 PTES	S-0126-04	Multi Purp	/lulti Purpose Room			S		75 L				
5 PTES	S-0126-05	Room 10	Room 1013			S	75 L					
6 PTES	S-0126-06	Room 20	Room 2010				75 L					
7 PTES	5-0126-07	Room 203	Room 2036				75 L					
8 PTES	5-0126-08	Room 203	31			S	75 L					
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Released by:

Date:

Received By:

Date:





Analysis Report prepared for

Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002

Phone: (443) 691-0455

20-064 IAQ - Port Town ES 4351 58th Ave Bladensburg, MD 20710

Collected: February 15, 2021 Received: February 16, 2021 Reported: February 16, 2021 We would like to thank you for trusting Hayes Microbial for your analytical needs!
We received 2 samples by FedEx in good condition for this project on February 16th, 2021.

The results in this analysis pertain only to this job, collected on the stated date, and should not be used in the interpretation of any other job. This report may not be duplicated, except in full, without the written consent of Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC..

This laboratory bears no responsibility for sample collection activities, analytical method limitations, or your use of the test results. Interpretation and use of test results are your responsibility. Any reference to health effects or interpretation of mold levels is strictly the opinion of Hayes Microbial. In no event, shall Hayes Microbial or any of its employees be liable for lost profits or any special, incidental or consequential damages arising out of the use of these test results.

Steve Hayes, BSMT(ASCP) Laboratory Director

Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC.



EPA Laboratory ID: VA01419



John N. Hayes

Lab ID: #188863



DPH License: #PH-0198

Channa Bambaradeniya Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455

20-064

IAQ - Port Town ES 4351 58th Ave Bladensburg, MD 20710 #21005156

Spore Trap SOP - HMC#101

Sample Number	1	0	1	2 02						
Sample Name		Ambient		Room 2031						
Sample Volume	75.00 liter			75.00 liter						
Reporting Limit		13 spores/m ³		13 spores/m ³						
Background		2		2						
Fragments		ND			13/m ³					
Organism	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total	Raw Count	Count / m ³	% of Total				
Alternaria										
Ascospores	4	53	80.0%	1	13	20.0%				
Aspergillus Penicillium										
Basidiospores	1	13	20.0%	2	27	40.0%				
Bipolaris Drechslera										
Chaetomium										
Cladosporium				2	27	40.0%				
Curvularia										
Epicoccum										
Fusarium										
Memnoniella										
Myxomycetes										
Pithomyces										
Stachybotrys										
Stemphylium										
Torula										
Ulocladium										
Total	5	66	100%	5	67	100%				
Water David and Indiana.		_					 and the bar		Datis Alexandra	

Water Damage Indicator

Common Allergen

Slightly Higher than Baseline

Significantly Higher than Baseline

Ratio Abnormality



Collected: Feb 15, 2021

Project Analyst:

Connor Gailliot, BS

Received: Feb 16, 2021

Date:

02 - 16 - 2021

Reviewed By:

Ramesh Poluri, PhD

Reported: Feb 16, 2021

P. Ramesh

Date:

02 - 16 - 2021

Channa Bambaradeniya Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455

20-064 IAQ - Port Town ES 4351 58th Ave Bladensburg, MD 20710 #21005156

Spore Trap Information

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Slightly Higher than Baseline	Orange: The spore count is slightly higher than the outside count and may or may not indicate a source of contamination.
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Ratio Abnormality	Violet: The types of spores found indoors should be similar to the ones that were identified in the baseline sample. Significant increases (more than 25%) in the ratio of a particular spore type may indicate the presence of abnormal levels of mold, even if the total number of spores of that type is lower in the indoor environment than it was outdoors.
Color Coding	Fungi that are present in indoor samples at levels lower than 200 per cubic meter are not color coded on the report, unless they are one of the water damage indicators.



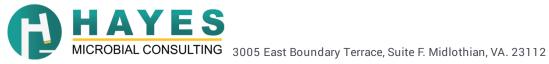
Channa Bambaradeniya Global, Inc.

1818 New York Ave. Suite 217 Washington, DC, 20002 (443) 691-0455

20-064 IAQ - Port Town ES 4351 58th Ave Bladensburg, MD 20710 #21005156

Organism Descriptions

Ascospores	Habitat:	A large group consisting of more than 3000 species of fungi. Common plant pathogens and outdoor numbers become very high following rain. Most of the genera are indistinguishable by spore trap analysis and are combined on the report.
	Effects:	Health affects are poorly studied, but many are likely to be allergenic.
Basidiospores	Habitat:	A common group of Fungi that includes the mushrooms and bracket fungi. They are saprophytes and plant pathogens. In wet conditions they can cause structural damage to buildings.
	Effects:	Common allergens and are also associated with hypersensitivity pneumonitis.
Cladosporium	Habitat:	One of the most common genera worldwide. Found in soil and plant debris and on the leaf surfaces of living plants. The outdoor numbers are lower in the winter and often relatively high in the summer, especially in high humidity. The outdoor numbers often spike in the late afternoon
		and evening. Indoors, it can be found growing on textiles, wood, sheetrock, moist window sills and in HVAC supply ducts.
	Effects:	A common allergen, producing more than 10 allergenic antigens and a common cause of hypersensitivity pneumonitis.





Collector: Shane Prabuddha

Date Collected: 02/15/2021

Analysis Type

S

S+

D

D+

C1

C2

C3

C5

Job Number: 20-064

Spore Trap

Direct ID

Culture

Company: Global Inc

Address: 1818 New York Ave NE Suite 217

Analysis Description

4351 58th Ave, Bladensburg, MD 20710

Washington DC 20002

Job Name: IAQ -Port Town ES

Spore Trap Analysis with Dander, Fiber, and Pollen counts

ID & Semi-Quantative Enumeration of spores and mycelium

Identification & Enumeration of Fungal Spores

Direct Analysis with Fully Quantitative spore count

Identification & Enumeration of Mold and Bacteria

Identification & Enumeration of Mold only

Coliform Screen for Sewage Bacteria

Identification & Enumeration of Bacteria only

7 Day

2 Day

SHIP: FEDEX - BOX 50 DATE: 02-16-2021

8160 4411 5635

Mobile: 443-691-0455 Email: Channab@globalincusa.net

Note: Turnaround Accepted Media Types 24 Hour XX Air Cassettes, Impact Slides 24 Hour Air Cassettes, Impact Slides 24 Hour Bio-Tape, Tape, Swab, Bulk, Agar Plate 24 Hour Bio-Tape, Tape, Swab, Bulk, Agar Plate 7 Day Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk 4 Day Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk

Air Plate, Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk

Agar Plate, Swab, Bulk

	Partio	ole TPA	Total Particulate Analysis, ID & Count (Does Not Include Mold)	8	24 Hour	Air Casse	ttes, Impact Slide	s, Bio-Tape	
	#	Number	Sample	Analysis	Volume			Notes	
	1	01	Ambient	S	75L	T: 5	9 RH: 33	CO2: 442	CO: 🕢
	2	02	Room 2031	S	75L	149		CO2:442 (0:0
	3								
	4								
***************************************	5								
	6								
	7								
	8								***************************************
	9								
	10		8						
	11								
	12								
	13								
-	14								
	15								
-	16		A.,						

Hayes Microbial Consulting, LLC.

Released by: Shane Prabuddha

3005 East Boundary Terrace, Suite F. Midlothian, VA. 23112

Date: 2/15/2021

Received By:

(804) 562-3435

12P

Date