## Prince George's County Public Schools Hazardous Materials List

## Department: Maintenance Facilities Service Base – Electric Shop

Contact Person: "Master Foreman"

Common/Trade Name	Chemical	Manufacturer	Area Used/Stored	Product Supplier
Cutting Oil	Petroleum Products	Ridgid Tool	300 Shop Area	Ridgid
Wasp & Hornet Killer	Resmethrine, Methyl Cyclopropane carobxylate	D-Con	300 Shop Area	Shurfire Distributors
Good Wash Tuner Cleaner	Freontf solvent		300 Shop Area	Teck Spray
Plyobond Glue	1602-2		300 Shop Area	Teck Spray
PVC Glue	Telrahydrofuran, methylethykone, cyclohersone	Rectroseal	300 Shop Area	Noland
WD-40	Petroleum distillates		300 Shop Area	Taylor
Hydraulic Oil	Petroleum oil	Greenlee	300 Shop Area	Unknown
Degreaser	Petroleum distillates, DPM Acetate, Glycol, Ethea, Carbon Dioxide	CRC	300 Shop Area	Unknown
O-ring Lubricant	Dimethyl, phenylmethyl, siloxane, teimethly, lithium Sterate, DI, sebacute	Dow Corning	300 Shop Area	Grainer
With Lithium Grease	Sus. base oil	Pitt Penn	300 Shop Area	Unknown
Moly Oil/Open Chain Lube	Methylene chloride, petroleum distillates	Crown	300 Shop Area	Unknown
Butane Fuel		Master Appliance	Electronic Shop	Mark Electronics
Carburetor Cleaner	Xnene, Alcohol Diacetone	Schreiber	Electronic Shop	
E Poxy Glue	E poxy resins polymer	Devo	Electronic Shop	
Instant Chiller	Chlorofluorocarbon	Teck Spray	Electronic Shop	
Freon TF	Trichloroto Fluoroenthane	Chemtronics	Electronic Shop	
Loctite	Cyanoacrylate-ester, freon, aromaticraminel	Loctite Corp.	Electronic Shop	
Magnetic Head Cleaner	Freon & isporopal alcohol	Chemtronics	Electronic Shop	

Hazinfo300

December 2, 1999

## HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM

Guidelines for preparing a <u>Chemical Information List</u>, also referred to as a Hazardous Materials List (To obtain complete product information you may first need to obtain a Material Safety Data Sheet)

- 1. Survey your facility or operation and identify all hazardous or chemical containing products/materials.
  - Caution, Danger or Warning labels on product containers usually identifies hazardous materials.
  - Include only those items approved for use by school system personnel in their regular work activities.
  - Do not include items purchased on a one-time bases, or items brought from home for individual use.
- 2. Prepare the <u>Chemical Information List</u> by recording the products you have identified, per the sample. Any format may be used as long as the following information is provided:
  - Common or Trade Name: name on label or most commonly used name.
  - Chemical Name: if more than one, list the most hazardous or most predominate.
  - Manufacturers Name: company that makes the product or material.
  - Area used or stored: name of the facility or area within the facility.
  - Product Supplier: from whom the item was obtained; vendor, retail outlet, etc.
- 3. List materials in alphabetical order according to their Common or Trade Name and include above information.
  - Chemical names can be obtained from Material Safety Data Sheets or some container labels.
  - Manufacturer name can be found on the container label, as well as Material Safety Data Sheet.
  - Products acquired for use at multiple locations may be listed as, "all schools," "all shops," etc.
  - Product source must be identified in order to locate and obtain Material Safety Data Sheet.
- 4. The <u>chemical Information List</u> is to be updated every two years with new products being added to the list within thirty days of their introduction into the work place.
- 5.
- 6. The <u>chemical Information List</u> must include the name of the facility, department or instructional program preparing the list, the date the list was prepared or updated, and the name of a contact person.